

HEAT BIOLOGICS, INC.

FORM S-1/A (Securities Registration Statement)

Filed 01/13/20

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 3
TO
FORM S-1
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933



Heat Biologics, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
*(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)*

2836
*(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)*

26-2844103
*(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)*

**627 Davis Drive, Suite 400
Morrisville, North Carolina 27560
(919) 240-7133**
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of Registrant's principal executive offices)

Jeffrey Wolf
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Chairman of the Board of Directors
Heat Biologics, Inc.**
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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this registration statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act of 1934.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act.

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of each class of securities to be registered (1)	Proposed maximum aggregate offering price(1)(2)(3)	Amount of registration fee(4)
Common Stock, \$0.0002 par value (including common stock purchase rights)	\$9,200,000	\$1,194.16
Common warrants to purchase shares of common stock (5)(6)	—	—
Shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the common warrants (including common stock purchase rights) (6)	\$5,060,000	\$656.70
Total	\$14,260,000	\$1,850.95 (7)

- (1) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the amount of the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(o) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").
- (2) Pursuant to Rule 416, the securities being registered hereunder include such indeterminate number of additional securities as may be issued after the date hereof as a result of stock splits, stock dividends or similar transactions.
- (3) Includes shares of common stock the underwriters have the option to purchase solely to cover over-allotments, if any. This registration statement also covers the common stock purchase rights issuable in accordance with the rights agreement, dated as of March 11, 2018, as amended March 8, 2019, between the Registrant and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as Rights Agent, which are presently attached to and trade with the Registrant's common stock.
- (4) Calculated under Section 6(b) of the Securities Act as .0001298 of the proposed maximum aggregate offering price.
- (5) Estimated solely for purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(i) under the Securities Act.
- (6) The common warrants are exercisable at a per share exercise price equal to 110% of the public offering price of one share of common stock. The proposed maximum aggregate public offering price of the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the common warrants was calculated to be \$5,060,000, which is equal to 110% of \$4,600,000 (which is 50% of \$9,200,000 since each share of common stock will receive a warrant to purchase one-half of one share of common stock).
- (7) A filing fee of \$3,470.53 was previously paid.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. These securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities, nor does it seek an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to completion, dated January 13, 2020

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS

**17,021,276 Shares of Common Stock
Common Warrants to Purchase 8,510,638 Shares of Common Stock**



We are offering up to 17,021,276 shares of our common stock together with a number of common warrants to purchase 8,510,638 shares of our common stock (and the shares of common stock that are issuable from time to time upon exercise of the common warrants). Each common warrant upon exercise at a price of 110% of the public offering price of the common stock will result in the issuance of 0.50 of a share of common stock to the holder of such common warrant. This offering also relates to the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of any common warrants sold in this offering.

The common warrants will be exercisable immediately, will expire fourteen months from the date of issuance (subject to the call option) and we have the option to “call” the exercise of any or all of the common warrants, from time to time after any 10-consecutive trading day period during which the daily volume weighted average price (the “VWAP”) of the common stock is not less than 200% of the exercise price for the common warrants in effect for such 10-consecutive trading day period.

The shares of common stock can be purchased only with the accompanying common warrants (other than the over-allotment option), but will be issued separately, and will be immediately separable upon issuance.

Our common stock is listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “HTBX.” On January 6, 2020, the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market was \$0.47 per share. The public offering price per common share will be determined between us, the underwriter and investors based on market conditions at the time of pricing and may be at a discount to the current market price of our common stock. Therefore, the recent market price used throughout this prospectus may not be indicative of the final offering price. The public offering price of the common warrant is \$0.001 per common warrant. There is no established trading market for the common warrants, and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for the listing of the common warrants on any national securities exchange or other trading market. Without an active trading market, the liquidity of the common warrants will be limited.

Any purchaser that purchases in this offering in excess of \$ _____ of shares of our common stock and accompanying warrants, as a condition to such purchase, will be required to execute an investor agreement pursuant to which they will (i) agree to vote the shares of our common stock that they own or control on the record date of our next stockholder meeting (which we anticipate holding within a few weeks after the closing of this offering) in favor of: approval to amend our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended, to (x) effect a reverse stock split of our common stock at a ratio within a range of one share of common stock for every two (2) to fifty (50) shares of common stock in the event the board of directors deems it advisable, (y) increase the authorized number of shares of our common stock from 100,000,000 to 250,000,000 shares of our common stock in the event the board of directors deems it advisable and (z) include a “blank check” provision to allow our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, to authorize the issuance (including setting the terms); and (ii) agree to certain limitations on sales of our common stock that they own or control during the period from the effective date of this registration statement until thirty days thereafter.

Investing in our securities involves risk. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page 10 of this prospectus for a discussion of information that should be considered in connection with an investment in our securities.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Share	Per Common Warrant	Total
Public offering price ⁽¹⁾	\$	\$	\$
Underwriting discounts and commissions ⁽²⁾	\$	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$	\$	\$

(1) The public offering price is \$ per share of common stock and \$0.001 per accompanying common warrant.

(2) We have also agreed to reimburse the underwriters for certain expenses incurred in connection with this offering. See “Underwriting” beginning on page 64 of this prospectus for a description of the compensation payable to the underwriters.

We have granted a 45-day option to the representative of the underwriters to purchase up to 2,553,191 additional shares of common stock and/or additional common warrants to purchase up to 1,276,595 shares of common stock from us solely to cover over-allotments, if any.

We expect that delivery of the securities offered hereby against payment will be made on or about , 2020.

Sole Book-Running Manager

A.G.P.

Co-Managers

Arcadia Securities

Maxim Group LLC

, 2020

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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and any free writing prospectus that we have authorized for use in connection with this offering. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized anyone to provide you with information that is different. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, the securities covered hereby only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or any sale of the securities covered hereby. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer of these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should also read and consider the information in the documents to which we have referred you under the caption “Where You Can Find Additional Information” in the prospectus. In addition, this prospectus contains summaries of certain provisions contained in some of the documents described herein, but reference is made to the actual documents for complete information. All of the summaries are qualified in their entirety by the actual documents. Copies of some of the documents referred to herein have been filed, will be filed or will be incorporated by reference as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, and you may obtain copies of those documents as described below under the heading “Where You Can Find Additional Information.”

For investors outside the United States: Neither we nor any of the underwriters have taken any action that would permit this offering or possession or distribution of this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than in the United States. Persons outside the United States who come into possession of this prospectus must inform themselves about, and observe any restrictions relating to, the offering of the securities covered hereby and the distribution of this prospectus outside of the United States.

This prospectus includes statistical and other industry and market data that we obtained from industry publications and research, surveys and studies conducted by third parties. Industry publications and third-party research, surveys and studies generally indicate that their information has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, although they do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. We believe that the data obtained from these industry publications and third-party research, surveys and studies are reliable. We are ultimately responsible for all disclosure included in this prospectus.

Except where the context requires otherwise, in this prospectus the “Company,” “Heat Biologics,” “Heat,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Heat Biologics, Inc., a Delaware corporation formed in June 2008, and, where appropriate, its wholly owned subsidiaries, Heat Biologics I, Inc., Heat Biologics III, Inc., Heat Biologics IV, Inc., Heat Biologics GmbH and Heat Biologics Australia Pty LTD. and its 85% owned subsidiary, Pelican Therapeutics, Inc.



PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The items in the following summary are described in more detail elsewhere in this prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference herein. This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary is not intended to be complete and does not contain all of the information that you should consider before deciding to invest in our securities. You should read this entire prospectus carefully, especially the “Risk Factors” section beginning on page 10 and other documents or information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus before making an investment decision.

Company Overview

We are a biopharmaceutical company developing immunotherapies focused on activating a patient’s immune system against cancer through T-cell activation and expansion. Our T-cell Activation Platform (TCAP), includes two variations for intradermal administration, Immune Pan-antigen Cytotoxic Therapy (*ImPACT*[®]) and Combination Pan-antigen Cytotoxic Therapy (*ComPACT*[™]). HS-110 (viagenpumatucl-L) is our first biologic product candidate in a series of proprietary *ImPACT*[®] based immunotherapies designed to stimulate a patient’s own T-cells to destroy cancer. HS-130 is an allogeneic (“off-the-shelf”) cell line engineered to express the extracellular domain of OX40 ligand fusion protein (OX40L-Fc), a key costimulator of T-cells, with the potential to augment antigen-specific CD8+ T-cell response. To further augment antigen experienced T-cell activation and expansion, we are also developing PTX-35, a novel T-cell co-stimulator agonist antibody targeting TNFRSF25 for systemic administration. These programs are designed to harness the body’s natural antigen specific immune activation and tolerance mechanisms to reprogram immunity and provide a long-term, durable clinical effect. We have completed recruiting patients in our Phase 2 HS-110 non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) trial, have dosed our first patient in our first Phase 1 clinical trial of HS-130 and anticipate clearance by the U.S. Food & Drug Administration (FDA) of an IND for our PTX-35 program in the second quarter of 2020. We are also providing pre-clinical, CMC development, and administrative support for these operations; while constantly focusing on protecting and expanding our intellectual property in areas of strategic interest.

In July 2019, we completed patient enrollment in our Phase 2 clinical trial for HS-110 in advanced NSCLC, that administered HS-110 in combination with either Bristol-Myers Squibb’s anti-PD1 checkpoint inhibitor nivolumab (Opdivo[®]) or more recently, Merck & Co., Inc.’s (Merck’s) anti-PD1 checkpoint inhibitor, pembrolizumab (KEYTRUDA[®]). We also announced interim results of this study in June 2019. We believe that this data may represent the first Phase 2 data showing clinical activity of a checkpoint inhibitor combination in NSCLC patients whose disease has progressed after prior treatment with a checkpoint inhibitor (CPI).

Our T-cell Activation Platform (TCAP), which includes a variation of two TCAPs, *ImPACT*[®] and *ComPACT*[™], is designed to activate and expand tumor antigen specific “killer” T-cells to destroy a patient’s cancer. By turning immunologically “COLD tumors HOT,” we believe our platform will become an essential component of the immuno-oncology cocktail to enhance the effectiveness and durability of checkpoint inhibitors and other cancer therapies, thereby improving outcomes for those patients less likely to benefit from checkpoint inhibitors alone.

We believe the advantage of our approach is that our biologic agents deliver a broad range of tumor antigens that are unrecognized by the patient’s immune system prior to the malignant rise of the patient’s tumor. TCAP combines these tumor antigens with a powerful, naturally occurring immune adjuvant, gp96, to actively chaperone these antigens out of our non-replicating allogeneic cell-based therapy into the local microenvironment of the skin. The treatment primes local natural immune recognition to activate T-cells to seek and destroy the cancer cells throughout the body. These TCAP agents can be administered with a variety of immuno-modulators to enhance a patient’s immune response through ligand specific T-cell activation.

Unlike many other “patient specific” or autologous immunotherapy approaches, our drugs are fully allogeneic, “off-the-shelf” products which means that we can administer them immediately without the extraction of blood or tumor tissue from each patient or the creation of an individualized treatment based on these patient materials. Our TCAP product candidates are produced from allogeneic cell lines expressing tumor-specific proteins common among cancers. Because each patient receives the same treatment, we believe that our immunotherapy approach offers superior speed to initiation, logistical, manufacturing and importantly, cost benefits, compared to “personalized” precision medicine approaches.

Our *ImPACT*[®] platform is an allogenic cell-based, T-cell-stimulating platform that functions as an immune activator to stimulate and expand T-cells. The key component of this innovative immunotherapy platform is the dual functionality of the heat shock protein, gp96.

As a molecular chaperone, gp96 is typically found within the cell's endoplasmic reticulum and facilitates the folding of newly synthesized proteins for functionalized tasks. When a cell abnormally dies through necrosis or infection, gp96 is naturally released into the surrounding microenvironment. At this moment, gp96 becomes a Danger Associated Molecular Protein, or "DAMP", a molecular warning signal for localized innate activation of the immune system. In this context, gp96 serves as a potent adjuvant, or immune stimulator, via Toll-Like Receptor 4/2 (TLR4 and TLR2) signaling which serves to activate professional antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells that upregulate T-cell costimulatory ligands, major histocompatibility (MHC) molecules and immune activating cytokines. It is among the most powerful adjuvants found in the body and uniquely shows exclusive specificity to CD8+ "killer" T-cells through cross-presentation of the gp96-chaperoned tumor associated peptide antigens directly to MHC class I molecules for direct activation and expansion of CD8+ T-cells. Thus, gp96 plays a critical role in the mechanism of action for our T-cell activating platform immuno-therapies; mimicking necrotic cell death and activating a powerful, tumor antigen-specific T-cell immune response to attack the patient's cancer cells.

ComPACT[™], our second TCAP, is a dual-acting immunotherapy designed to deliver antigen-driven T-cell activation and specific co-stimulation in a single product. *ComPACT*[™] is designed to help unlock the body's natural defenses and builds upon *ImPACT*[®] by providing specific co-stimulation to enhance T-cell activation and expansion. This technology has the potential to simplify combination immunotherapy development for oncology patients, as it is designed to deliver the gp96 heat shock protein and a T-cell co-stimulatory fusion protein (OX40L) as a single therapeutic, without the need for multiple, independent biologic products. The potential advantages of *ComPACT*[™] include: (a) enhanced activation of antigen-specific CD8+ T-cells; (b) serving as a booster to expand the number of antigen-specific CD8+ and CD4+ T-cells compared to OX40L alone; (c) stimulation of T-cell memory function to remain effective in the body after treatment, even if the cancer comes back; (d) demonstration of less toxicity, as the source of cancer associated antigens and co-stimulator are supplied at the same time locally and the draining lymph nodes, which drive targeted, cancer specific immunity towards the tumor rather than throughout the body; and (e) a potential paradigm shift that is designed to simplify combination cancer immunotherapy versus systemic co-stimulation with conventional monoclonal antibodies (mAbs).

Pelican Therapeutics, Inc. ("Pelican"), our majority owned subsidiary, is a biotechnology company focused on the development of biologic based therapies designed to activate the immune system.

Pelican is currently developing a CD8+ T-cell costimulatory, TNFRSF25 agonist mAb, PTX-35, which has completed IND-enabling activities in preparation for a first-in-human (FIH) trial for an oncology indication. PTX-35 is designed to harness the body's natural antigen specific immune activation and tolerance mechanisms to reprogram immunity and provide a long-term, durable clinical effect. TNFRSF25 agonism has been shown to provide highly selective and potent stimulation of antigen experienced 'memory' CD8+ cytotoxic T-cells, which are the class of long-lived T-cells capable of eliminating tumor cells in patients. Due to the preferential specificity of PTX-35 to antigen experienced CD8+ T-cells, this agent represents a promising candidate as a T-cell co-stimulator in cancer patients.

When combined in preclinical studies with *ImPACT*[®] and *ComPACT*[™] platform immunotherapies, PTX-35 has been shown to enhance antigen specific T-cell activation to eliminate tumor cells. Pelican is also developing other biologics that target TNFRSF25 for various immunotherapy approaches, including PTX-45, a human TL1A-Ig like fusion protein designed as a shorter half-life agonist of TNFRSF25.

We have completed patient enrollment in our HS-110 Phase 2 combination immunotherapy trial, dosed our first patient in our first Phase 1 clinical trial of HS-130, advanced pre-clinical development of Pelican assets in anticipation of clearance by the FDA of an IND submission in the second quarter of 2020, and provided general and administrative support for these operations while protecting our intellectual property. We currently do not have any products approved for sale and we have not generated any revenue from product sales since our inception. We expect to continue to incur significant expenses and to incur increasing operating losses for at least the next several years. We anticipate that our expenses will increase substantially as we:

- complete the ongoing clinical trials of our product candidates;
- maintain, expand and protect our intellectual property portfolio;

- seek to obtain regulatory approvals for our product candidates;
- continue our research and development efforts;
- add operational, financial and management information systems and personnel, including personnel to support our product development and commercialization efforts; and
- operate as a public company.

Recent Developments

- In January 2019, we dosed our first patient in a Phase 2 clinical trial investigating HS-110 in combination with Merck's anti-PD1 checkpoint inhibitor, KEYTRUDA[®] (pembrolizumab), in patients with advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC).
- In February 2019, we announced updated interim results from our ongoing Phase 2 study of HS-110 in patients with advanced NSCLC. The results were presented at the 2019 ASCO-SITC Clinical Immuno-Oncology Symposium. Preliminary data suggests the addition of HS-110 to Nivolumab may restore responsiveness to treatment after tumor progression on prior checkpoint inhibitor therapy; improved survival was observed in patients with low CD8+ "cold" tumor at baseline compared to high CD8+ patients; and the occurrence of injection site reactions correlated with improved overall survival.
- In April 2019, we entered into a 96-month lease for office space to replace our current lease for executive offices and laboratory space in North Carolina, which expired in September 2019.
- In June 2019, we announced new interim results from our ongoing Phase 2 study investigating HS-110 in combination with Bristol-Myers Squibb's anti-PD-1 checkpoint inhibitor, nivolumab (Opdivo[®]). The updated results were obtained from Cohort B patients whose data had matured an additional 3 months since last reported at the ASCO-SITC Clinical Immuno-Oncology Symposium in February of this year. This data may represent the first Phase 2 data showing clinical activity of a CPI combination in non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) patients whose disease has progressed after prior treatment with a checkpoint inhibitor (CPI). The Cohort B results were presented at the 2019 American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) Annual Meeting poster session.
- In July 2019, we announced we completed patient enrollment in our Phase 2 study investigating HS-110 in combination with Bristol-Myers Squibb's anti-PD-1 checkpoint inhibitor, nivolumab (Opdivo[®]) or Merck's pembrolizumab (Keytruda[®]). In total, approximately 120 patients have been enrolled in the trial.
- In August 2019, we announced that the FDA cleared the company's Investigational New Drug (IND) application to initiate a Phase 1 clinical trial of HS-130, in combination with HS-110, for patients with advanced solid tumors refractory to standard of care.

- On November 5, 2019, an abstract titled “Treating Advanced Non-Small Lung Cancer Patients after Checkpoint Inhibitor Treatment Failure with a Novel Combination of Viagenpumatulcel-L (HS-110) plus Nivolumab” which had been submitted by us to The Society for Immunotherapy of Cancer’s (SITC) in connection with its 34th Annual Meeting was published by SITC. The data presented was obtained from an ongoing phase 2 study of previously treated non-small lung cancer patients (NSCLC) of HS-110 in combination with nivolumab (Cohort B). Patients in this cohort have progressed after ≥ 4 months of prior treatment with a checkpoint inhibitor. The study evaluates whether the addition of HS-110 to nivolumab may restore responsiveness to treatment after tumor progression on prior checkpoint inhibitor therapy. Cohort B data presented below is based on 56 patients in the intent-to-treat (ITT) population at the time of data cut-off:
 - Response rate by RECIST 1.1
 - Partial response (PR) in 7 patients (13%)
 - Stable disease (SD) in 26 patients (46%)
 - Disease control rate (DCR) was (59%)
 - Median overall survival (OS) was estimated at 11.8 months (95% CI; 6.6 – not reached months) with 39 of the 56 patients censored (70% of patients still alive).
 - Median progression free survival (mPFS) was estimated at 3.2 months (95% CI; 1.9 - 4.0 months) with 17 patients censored.
 - Subset analysis based on Injection Site Reaction (ISR):
 - Patients who experienced an ISR versus those who did not experience ISR:
 - Improved PFS (3.7 vs 1.8 months; HR 0.40, $p = 0.0068$)
 - Improved OS (12 vs 5 months; HR 0.16, $p = 0.0005$)
 - Combination of HS-110 and nivolumab was well tolerated by patients.
 - 92% of adverse events (AEs) were mild (Grade 1 or 2).
 - There were only four grade 4 events, and no grade 5 AEs.
- In November 2019, our CPRIT Grant, initially covering a three-year period from June 1, 2017 through May 31, 2019, and which had been extended from May 31, 2019 to November 30, 2019, was extended from November 30, 2019 to May 30, 2020.
- On November 19, 2019, members of our management team and certain clinical investigators in our ongoing Phase 2 study of HS-110 in combination with Bristol-Myers Squibb's anti-PD-1 checkpoint inhibitor, nivolumab (Opdivo®) presented a poster at the American Association for Cancer Research Special Conference on Tumor Immunology and Immunotherapy held in Boston, Massachusetts.
- On December 16, 2019, we announced the dosing of the first patient in our first Phase 1 study of HS-130.

General Corporate Information

We were incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on June 10, 2008. Our principal offices are located at 627 Davis Drive, Suite 400, Morrisville, North Carolina 27560. Our website address is www.heatbio.com. We make our periodic and current reports that are filed with the SEC available, free of charge, on our website as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. The information contained in, and that can be accessed through, our website is not incorporated into and is not a part of this prospectus.

The Offering

Common stock offered by us	17,021,276 shares of our common stock (at an assumed public offering price of \$0.47 per share which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020).
Common warrants offered by us	Common warrants to purchase an aggregate of 8,510,638 shares of our common stock at a purchase price of \$0.001 per common warrant. Each share of our common stock is being sold together with a common warrant to purchase 0.50 of a share of our common stock. Each common warrant will be exercisable immediately, will expire fourteen months from the date of issuance (subject to the call option) and we have the option to “call” the exercise of any or all of the common warrants, from time to time after any 10-consecutive trading day period during which the daily VWAP of the common stock is not less than 200% of the exercise price for the common warrants in effect for such 10-consecutive trading day period. Each common warrant will have an exercise price per share of 110% of the public offering price of the common stock (subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of recapitalization events, stock dividends, stock splits, stock combinations, reclassifications, reorganizations or similar events). No fractional shares of common stock will be issued in connection with the exercise of a common warrant. In lieu of fractional shares, we will round up to the next whole share. The common warrants also provide that in the event of a fundamental transaction we are required to cause any successor entity to assume our obligations under the common warrants. In addition, the holder of the common warrant will be entitled to receive upon exercise of the common warrant the kind and amount of securities, cash or property that the holder would have received had the holder exercised the common warrant immediately prior to such fundamental transaction. This prospectus also relates to the offering of the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the common warrants. In addition, warrants will be exercisable on a cashless basis if (i) no registration statement registering the shares of common stock underlying the warrants is effective according to the formula set forth in the common warrant and (ii) beginning five (5) days after the original issuance date, at the option of the holder on a cashless basis, in whole or in part, for a whole number of shares, equal to seventy five percent of the same number of shares that would have been issued to the holder, if such holder had, instead, elected to exercise by paying the aggregate exercise price, in cash, without having to pay such aggregate exercise price.
Over-allotment option	We have granted the underwriters a 45-day option to purchase up to 2,553,191 (assuming the sale of 17,021,676 shares of our common stock at an assumed offering price of \$0.47 per share which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) additional shares of our common stock and/or common warrants to purchase up to 1,276,595 shares of common stock from us at the public offering price less underwriting discounts and commissions.

Common stock to be outstanding after the offering	54,441,928 shares of our common stock (assuming the sale of 17,021,276 shares of our common stock at an assumed public offering price of \$0.47 per share which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) and assuming that none of the common warrants are exercised). If the underwriters' over-allotment option is exercised in full, the total number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after this offering would be 56,995,119 assuming that none of the common warrants are exercised. This prospectus also includes the shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of the common warrants.
Investor Agreement	Any purchaser that purchases in excess of \$ _____ of shares of our common stock and accompanying warrants, as a condition to such purchase, will be required to execute an investor agreement pursuant to which they will (i) agree to vote the shares of our common stock that they own or control on the record date of our next stockholder meeting (which we anticipate holding within a few weeks after the closing of this offering): in favor of approval to amend our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended, to (x) effect a reverse stock split of our common stock at a ratio within a range of one share of common stock for every two (2) to fifty (50) shares of common stock in the event the board of directors deems it advisable, (y) increase the authorized number of shares of our common stock from 100,000,000 to 250,000,000 shares of our common stock in the event the board of directors deems it advisable and (z) include a "blank check" provision to allow our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, to authorize the issuance (including setting the terms) of our authorized but undesignated shares of preferred stock and (ii) agree to certain limitations on sales of our common stock that they own or control during the period from the effective date of this registration statement until thirty days thereafter.
Use of Proceeds	We currently intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to fund our and our subsidiaries' preclinical and clinical programs and for working capital and general corporate purposes, including, to acquire, license or invest in complementary businesses, technologies, product candidates or other intellectual property, to fund our milestone payment obligations under our license agreements and stock purchase agreement with the stockholders of Pelican and to repurchase outstanding securities. See "Use of Proceeds."
Risk Factors	See the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 10 of this prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our securities.
Market symbol and trading	Our common stock is listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "HTBX." There is no established trading market for the common warrants, and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for the listing of the common warrants on any national securities exchange or other trading market. Without an active trading market, the liquidity of the common warrants will be limited.

The number of shares of common stock shown above to be outstanding after this offering is based on 37,420,652 shares outstanding as of January 6, 2020, and includes shares of restricted common stock issued subsequent to September 30, 2019 to one of our directors and one executive officer under our equity incentive plans and the issuance and sale of 17,021,276 shares of our common stock in this offering at a public offering price of \$0.47 per share and accompanying warrant.

Unless we indicate otherwise, all information in this prospectus:

- assumes no exercise by the underwriters of their over-allotment option;
- excludes 4,048,636 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding options under our equity incentive plans at a weighted-average exercise price of \$2.07 per share;
- excludes 9,030,730 shares of our common stock reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding warrants with a weighted-average exercise price of \$1.89 per share;
- excludes 31,901 shares of our common stock issuable upon vesting of outstanding restricted stock units under our equity incentive plans;
- assumes no exercise of the common warrants; and
- excludes 3,134,346 shares of our common stock that are reserved for equity awards that may be granted under our equity incentive plans.

SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following summary consolidated financial data as of or for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements incorporated by reference in this prospectus. The summary statement of operations data for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 and the summary balance sheet data as of September 30, 2019 were derived from our unaudited financial statements and related notes that are incorporated by reference in this prospectus. In our opinion, such unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments consisting of only normal recurring adjustments that we consider necessary for a fair presentation of the financial information set forth in those statements. The historical financial data presented below is not necessarily indicative of our financial results in future periods. You should read the summary consolidated financial data together with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and other information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Our consolidated financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		For the Year Ended December 31,	
	2019	2018	2018	2017
Statement of Operations Data:				
Revenue	\$ 1,049,988	\$ 3,735,713	\$ 5,793,849	\$ 1,519,943
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	9,725,744	10,756,485	16,233,014	8,267,549
General and administrative	7,201,196	4,727,105	7,025,212	6,370,954
Goodwill impairment loss	737,000	—	—	—
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	728,290	665,936	495,936	224,289
Loss from operations	(17,342,242)	(12,413,813)	(17,960,313)	(13,342,849)
Interest income	373,060	131,306	265,752	22,167
Other (expense) income, net	(80,539)	153,500	117,780	101,276
Total non-operating income, net	292,521	2847,806	383,532	123,443
Net loss before income tax benefit	(17,049,721)	(12,129,007)	(17,576,781)	(13,219,406)
Income tax benefit (expense)	(45,178)	665,080	985,488	809,540
Net loss	(17,094,899)	(11,463,927)	(16,591,293)	(12,409,866)
Net loss non-controlling interest	(413,955)	(668,219)	(857,439)	(568,195)
Net loss attributable to Heat Biologics, Inc.	(16,680,944)	(10,795,708)	(15,733,854)	(11,841,671)
Net loss per share attributable to Heat Biologics, Inc. - basic and diluted	(0.50)	(0.75)	(0.90)	(3.08)

	September 30, 2019		
	Actual	Pro Forma (1)	Pro Forma As Adjusted (2)
Balance Sheet Data:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,334,421	\$ 9,334,421	16,224,421
Total Assets	\$ 24,451,646	\$ 24,451,646	31,341,646
Total Liabilities	8,278,195	8,278,195	8,278,195
Common stock	6,822	7,150	10,554
Additional paid-in-capital	117,836,082	118,603,654	125,490,249
Accumulated deficit	(101,261,124)	(102,029,024)	(102,029,024)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	52,230	52,230	52,230
Non-Controlling Interest	(460,559)	(460,559)	(460,559)
Total Shareholders' Equity	16,173,451	16,173,451	23,063,451
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 24,451,646	\$ 24,451,646	31,341,646

- (1) Pro forma adjustments include the fair value of the 50% vest on grant date of 3,280,000 shares of restricted stock issued subsequent to September 30, 2019 to one of our directors and one executive officer under our equity incentive plans. The aggregate fair values of the first vesting on grant date totaled \$767,900 which is an operating expense and included in Accumulated deficit. The issuance of the common shares would result in a par value increase to common stock of \$328 and additional paid-in capital of \$767,572.
- (2) On an as adjusted basis to give effect to the pro forma adjustments and the sale by us of 17,021,276 shares of common stock and common warrants to purchase 8,510,638 shares of common stock in this offering at an assumed combined public offering price of \$0.47 per share (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) and accompanying warrant, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses and excluding the proceeds, if any, from the exercise of common warrants issued in this offering.

RISK FACTORS

An investment in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below together with all of the other information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, including our consolidated financial statements and the related notes, before making a decision to invest in our securities. You should also consider the risks, uncertainties and assumptions discussed under Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K and 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2018 and Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2019, June 30, 2019 and September 30, 2019 and any updates or other risks contained in other filings that we may make with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") after the date of this prospectus, all of which are incorporated herein by reference, and may be amended, supplemented or superseded from time to time by other reports we file with the SEC in the future. If any of these risks actually occur, our business, results of operations and financial condition could suffer. In that case, the market price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Related to this Offering

You will experience immediate and substantial dilution in the book value per share of the common stock you purchase.

The public offering price per share of our common stock will be substantially higher than the net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately prior to the offering. After giving effect to the sale of 17,021,276 shares of our common stock and related warrants, at a combined assumed public offering price of \$0.47 per share and after deducting the estimated underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us, purchasers of our common stock in this offering will incur immediate dilution of \$0.18 per share in the net tangible book value of the common stock they acquire. For a further description of the dilution that investors in this offering will experience, see "Dilution."

In addition, to the extent that outstanding stock options or warrants (including the exercise of any common warrants) have been or may be exercised or other shares issued, you may experience further dilution.

Our management will have broad discretion over the use of proceeds from this offering and may not use the proceeds effectively.

Our management will have broad discretion over the use of proceeds from this offering. The net proceeds from this offering will be used to fund our and our subsidiaries' preclinical and clinical programs and for working capital and general corporate purposes, including, to acquire, license or invest in complementary businesses, technologies, product candidates or other intellectual property, to fund our milestone payment obligations under our license agreements and stock purchase agreement with the stockholders of Pelican and to repurchase outstanding securities. Our management will have considerable discretion in the application of the net proceeds, and you will not have the opportunity, as part of your investment decision, to assess whether the proceeds are being used appropriately. The net proceeds may be used for corporate purposes that do not improve our operating results or enhance the value of our common stock.

Even if this offering is successful, we will need to raise additional capital in the future to continue operations. Our need for future financing may result in the issuance of additional securities which will cause investors to experience dilution.

Even if this offering is successful, we will need to raise additional capital in the future to continue operations and conduct our anticipated later stage clinical trials. Our cash requirements may vary from those now planned depending upon numerous factors, including the result of future research and development activities. We expect our expenses to increase in connection with our ongoing activities, particularly as we continue the research and development and initiate and conduct clinical trials of, and seek marketing approval for, our product candidates. In addition, if we obtain marketing approval for any of our product candidates, we expect to incur significant commercialization expenses related to product sales, marketing, manufacturing and distribution. Accordingly, we will need to obtain substantial additional funding in connection with our continuing operations. There are no other commitments by any person for future financing. Our securities may be offered to other investors at a price lower than the price per share offered to current stockholders, or upon terms which may be deemed more favorable than those offered to current stockholders. In addition, the issuance of securities in any future financing may dilute an investor's equity ownership and have the effect of depressing the market price for our securities. Moreover, we may issue derivative securities, including options and/or warrants, from time to time, to procure qualified personnel or for other business reasons. The issuance of any such derivative securities, which is at the discretion of our board of directors, may further dilute the equity ownership of our stockholders. No assurance can be given as to our ability to procure additional financing, if required, and on terms deemed favorable to us. To the extent additional capital is required and cannot be raised successfully, we may then have to limit our then current operations and/or may have to curtail certain, if not all, of our business objectives and plans.

The common warrants are speculative in nature.

The common warrants offered hereby do not confer any rights of common stock ownership on their holders, such as voting rights or the right to receive dividends, but rather merely represent the right to acquire shares of common stock at a fixed price. Specifically, commencing on the date of issuance, holders of the common warrants may exercise their right to acquire the common stock and pay an exercise price of 110% of the public offering price of the common stock or they may exercise their warrant on a cashless basis without paying any exercise price and receive three quarters of a share of common stock for each share of common stock that they would have received had they exercised for cash. Moreover, following this offering, the market value of the common warrants is uncertain and there can be no assurance that the market value of the common warrants will equal or exceed their public offering price. There can be no assurance that the market price of the common stock will ever equal or exceed the exercise price of the common warrants, and consequently, whether it will ever be profitable for holders of the common warrants to exercise the common warrants.

Holders of our common warrants will have no rights as a common stockholder until they acquire our common stock.

Until you acquire shares of our common stock upon exercise of your common warrants, you will have no rights with respect to shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of your common warrant, as applicable. Upon exercise of your common warrant, you will be entitled to exercise the rights of a common stockholder as to the security exercised only as to matters for which the record date occurs after the exercise date.

There is no established market for the common warrants to purchase shares of our common stock being offered in this offering.

There is no established trading market for the common warrants and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for the listing of the common warrants on any national securities exchange or other trading market. Without an active trading market, the liquidity of the common warrants will be limited.

Provisions of the common warrants offered by this prospectus could discourage an acquisition of us by a third party.

In addition to the discussion of the provisions of our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended, our bylaws and our stockholder rights plan, certain provisions of the common warrants offered by this prospectus could make it more difficult or expensive for a third party to acquire us. The common warrants prohibit us from engaging in certain transactions constituting “fundamental transactions” unless, among other things, the surviving entity assumes our obligations under the common warrants. These and other provisions of the common warrants offered by this prospectus could prevent or deter a third party from acquiring us even where the acquisition could be beneficial to you.

The exercise price of the common warrants offered by this prospectus will not be adjusted for certain dilutive events.

The exercise price of the common warrants offered by this prospectus is subject to adjustment for certain events, including, but not limited to, stock splits. However, the exercise prices will not be adjusted for dilutive issuances of securities and there may be transactions or occurrences that may adversely affect the market price of our common stock or the market value of such common warrants without resulting in an adjustment of the exercise prices of such common warrants.

The investor agreement to be executed by certain purchasers in this offering could result in the approval of the issuance of additional shares of common stock or preferred stock without stockholder approval or other anti takeover measures.

The investor agreement to be executed by certain stockholders in this offering as a condition to their participation in this offering will provide that such stockholders agree to vote the shares held by them on the record date of our next meeting of stockholders (which we anticipate holding within a few weeks after the closing of this offering), in favor of proposals to (i) increase the number of authorized shares of our common stock in the event the board of directors deems it advisable; (ii) effect a reverse stock split of our common stock in the event the board of directors deems it advisable; and (iii) create blank check preferred stock. If the requisite stockholders vote for approval of such proposals is obtained, our board of directors will have the right to issue the additional shares of common stock created through such increase in authorized shares and reverse stock split and to create preferred stock with rights preferences and designations as determined by our board of directors, without any additional stockholder approval. The issuance of such additional shares of common stock and preferred stock may be used as an “anti-takeover” device without further action on the part of our stockholders, and may adversely affect the holders of the common stock.

Risks Relating to our Company

We have incurred net losses every year since our inception and expect to continue to generate operating losses and experience negative cash flows and it is uncertain whether we will achieve profitability.

As of September 30, 2019, we had an accumulated deficit \$101.3 million. We had net losses of \$16.6 million and \$12.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. We had net losses of \$17.1 million and \$11.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. We expect to continue to incur operating losses until such time, if ever, as we can achieve sufficient levels of revenue from operations. Our ability to achieve profitability will depend on us obtaining regulatory approval for our product candidates and market acceptance of our product offerings and our capacity to develop, introduce and sell our products to our targeted markets. There can be no assurance that any of our product candidates will be approved for commercial sale, or even if our product candidates are approved for commercial sale that we will ever generate significant sales or achieve profitability. Accordingly, the extent of future losses and the time required to achieve profitability, if ever, cannot be predicted at this point.

Even if we succeed in developing and commercializing one or more product candidates, we expect to incur substantial losses for the foreseeable future and may never become profitable. We also expect to continue to incur significant operating expenses and anticipate that our expenses will increase substantially in the foreseeable future as we:

- continue to undertake preclinical development and conduct clinical trials for product candidates;
- seek regulatory approvals for product candidates;
- implement additional internal systems and infrastructure; and
- hire additional personnel.

We also expect to experience negative cash flows for the foreseeable future as we fund our operating losses. As a result, we will need to generate significant revenues or raise additional financing in order to achieve and maintain profitability. We may not be able to generate these revenues or achieve profitability in the future. Our failure to achieve or maintain profitability would likely negatively impact the value of our securities and financing activities.

We will need to raise additional capital to operate our business and our failure to obtain funding when needed may force us to delay, reduce or eliminate our development programs or commercialization efforts.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2019, our operating activities used net cash of approximately \$12.6 million and as of September 30, 2019, our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments were approximately \$15.0 million. During the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, our operating activities used net cash of approximately \$21.7 and \$6.4 million, respectively. We expect to incur additional operating losses in the future and therefore expect our cumulative losses to increase. We do not expect to derive revenue from any significant source in the near future until we or our potential partners successfully commercialize our products. We expect our expenses to increase if and when we initiate and conduct Phase 3 and other clinical trials and seek marketing approval for our product candidates. Until such time as we receive approval from the FDA and other regulatory authorities for our product candidates, we will not be permitted to sell our products and therefore will not have product revenues from the sale of products. For the foreseeable future, we will have to fund all our operations and capital expenditures from equity and debt offerings, cash on hand, licensing fees and grants.

We expect that our current cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments will allow us to continue the enrollment of additional patients in the Phase 2 clinical trial for HS-110; however, if the trial design or size were to change, we may need to raise money earlier than anticipated.

We will need to raise additional capital to fund our future operations and milestone payments and we cannot be certain that funding will be available to us on acceptable terms on a timely basis, or at all. To meet our financing needs, we are considering multiple alternatives, including, but not limited to, this offering and additional equity financings, which we expect will include sales of common stock through at the market issuances, debt financings and/or funding from partnerships or collaborations. Our ability to raise capital through the sale of securities may be limited by our number of authorized shares of common stock and various rules of the SEC and The Nasdaq Capital Market that place limits on the number and dollar amount of securities that we may sell. Although certain purchasers in this offering will be required, as a condition to their purchase of our securities in this offering, to execute an investor agreement agreeing to vote with respect to shares of our common stock owned by such purchasers on the record date of our next meeting of stockholders (which we anticipate holding within a few weeks after the closing of this offering), in favor of proposals to amend our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended, to (i) effect a reverse stock split of our common stock at a ratio to be determined by the board of directors in its discretion within a range of one share of common stock for every two (2) to fifty (50) shares of common stock, (ii) increase the authorized number of shares of our common stock from 100,000,000 shares of common stock to 250,000,000 shares of common stock and (iii) include a “blank check” provision to allow our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, to authorize the issuance (including setting the terms) of our authorized but undesignated shares of preferred stock; there can be no assurance that we will obtain the requisite approval to effect any of such actions. If we do not obtain such stockholder approval to effect a reverse stock split, we may be unable to meet the continued listing requirements of The Nasdaq Capital Market. If we do not obtain such stockholder approval to increase our number of authorized shares, we may be unable to issue additional shares of common stock or meet the requirements for use of at-market-issuance agreements, especially since that we are subject to the smaller reporting company requirements, or to complete any such transactions on acceptable terms or otherwise. Any additional sources of financing will likely involve the issuance of our equity or debt securities, which will have a dilutive effect on our stockholders, assuming we are able to sufficiently increase our authorized number of shares of common stock. To the extent that we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, our stockholders may experience significant dilution. Any debt financing, if available, may involve restrictive covenants that may impact our ability to conduct our business. If we fail to raise additional funds on acceptable terms, we may be unable to complete planned preclinical and clinical trials or obtain approval of our product candidates from the FDA and other regulatory authorities or continue to maintain our listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market. In addition, we could be forced to delay, discontinue or curtail product development, forego sales and marketing efforts, and forego licensing in attractive business opportunities. Any additional sources of financing will likely involve the issuance of our equity or debt securities, which will have a dilutive effect on our stockholders.

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern .

Our audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 and unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 were prepared under the assumption that we will continue as a going concern; however, we have incurred significant losses from operations to date and we expect our expenses to increase in connection with our ongoing activities. These factors raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the unaudited financial statements for the quarter ended September 30, 2019 were issued. There can be no assurance that funding will be available on acceptable terms on a timely basis, or at all. The various ways that we could raise capital carry potential risks. Any additional sources of financing will likely involve the issuance of our equity securities, which will have a dilutive effect on our stockholders. If we raise funds through collaborations and licensing arrangements, we might be required to relinquish significant rights to its technologies or tests or grant licenses on terms that are not favorable to us. If we do not succeed in raising additional funds on acceptable terms or at all, we may be unable to complete planned preclinical and clinical trials, or obtain approval of our product candidates from the FDA and other regulatory authorities.

Our failure to meet the continued listing requirements of The Nasdaq Capital Market could result in a de-listing of our common stock.

Our shares of common stock are currently listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market. If we fail to satisfy the continued listing requirements of The Nasdaq Capital Market, such as the corporate governance requirements, minimum bid price requirement or the minimum stockholder's equity requirement, the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC may take steps to de-list our common stock. Any de-listing would likely have a negative effect on the price of our common stock and would impair stockholders' ability to sell or purchase their common stock when they wish to do so. On June 21, 2019, we received written notice from the Listing Qualifications Department of the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC notifying us that for the preceding 30 consecutive business days (May 9, 2019 through June 20, 2019), our common stock did not maintain a minimum closing bid price of \$1.00 per share ("Minimum Bid Price Requirement") as required by Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2). The notice has no immediate effect on the listing or trading of our common stock which will continue to trade on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "HTBX". In accordance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5810(c)(3)(A), we initially had a compliance period of 180 calendar days, or until December 18, 2019, to regain compliance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2), which compliance period has been extended to June 15, 2020. Compliance can be achieved automatically and without further action if the closing bid price of our common stock is at or above \$1.00 for a minimum of ten consecutive business days at any time during the compliance period, in which case Nasdaq will notify us of our compliance and the matter will be closed. If, however, we do not achieve compliance with the Minimum Bid Price Requirement by June 15, 2020, we may be eligible for additional time to comply. In order to be eligible for such additional time, we will be required to meet the continued listing requirement for market value of publicly held shares and all other initial listing standards for The Nasdaq Capital Market, with the exception of the Minimum Bid Price Requirement, and must notify Nasdaq in writing of our intention to cure the deficiency during the second compliance period. At our annual meeting of stockholders held on July 23, 2019, we sought but did not obtain approval of a reverse stock split. Although certain purchasers in this offering will be required, as a condition to their purchase of our securities in this offering, to execute an investor agreement agreeing to vote with respect to shares of our common stock owned by such purchasers on the record date of our next meeting of stockholders in favor of proposals to amend our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended, to (i) effect a reverse stock split of our common stock at a ratio to be determined by the board of directors in its discretion within a range of one share of common stock for every two (2) to fifty (50) shares of common stock, (ii) increase the authorized number of shares of our common stock from 100,000,000 shares of common stock to 250,000,000 shares of common stock and (iii) include a "blank check" provision to allow our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, to authorize the issuance (including setting the terms) of our authorized but undesignated shares of preferred stock, no assurance can be given that we will obtain sufficient votes to effect any such actions. Furthermore, no assurance can be given that we will be able to satisfy our continued listing requirements and maintain the listing of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market. We intend to attempt to take actions to restore our compliance with Nasdaq's listing requirements, but we can provide no assurance that any action that requires stockholder approval will be approved by our stockholders or that any action taken by us would result in our common stock meeting the Nasdaq listing requirements, or that any such action would stabilize the market price or improve the liquidity of our common stock.

We have had limited operations to date.

We are a clinical stage company and have had limited operations to date as has our subsidiary, Pelican. We have yet to demonstrate our ability to overcome the risks frequently encountered in our industry and are still subject to many of the risks common to such enterprises, including our ability to implement our business plan, market acceptance of our proposed business and products, under-capitalization, cash shortages, limitations with respect to personnel, financing and other resources, competition from better funded and experienced companies, and uncertainty of our ability to generate revenues. There is no assurance that our activities will be successful or will result in any revenues or profit, and the likelihood of our success must be considered in light of the stage of our development. To date, we have not generated any revenue from product sales and our only revenue to date has been grant revenue that Pelican has received from CPRIT and a small amount of revenue from a research funding agreement. Even if we generate revenue from product sales, which is not anticipated for several years, if at all, there can be no assurance that we will be profitable. In addition, no assurance can be given that we will be able to consummate our business strategy and plans, or that financial, technological, market, or other limitations may force us to modify, alter, significantly delay, or significantly impede the implementation of such plans. We have insufficient results for investors to use to identify historical trends. Investors should consider our prospects in light of the risk, expenses and difficulties we will encounter as an early stage company. Our revenue and income potential is unproven and our business model is continually evolving. We are subject to the risks inherent to the operation of a new business enterprise, and cannot assure you that we will be able to successfully address these risks.

We have a limited operating history upon which to evaluate our ability to commercialize our products.

We are a clinical stage company and our success is dependent upon our ability to obtain regulatory approval for and commercialize our products and we have not demonstrated an ability to perform the functions necessary for the approval or successful commercialization of any product candidates. The successful commercialization of any product candidates will require us to perform a variety of functions, including:

- continuing to undertake preclinical development and successfully enroll patients in clinical trials;
- participating in regulatory approval processes;
- formulating and manufacturing products; and
- conducting sales and marketing activities.

While various members of our management and staff have prior significant experience in conducting cancer trials, our company, to date, we have not successfully completed any late stage clinical trials and we have limited experience conducting and enrolling patients in clinical trials. Until recently, our operations, including the operations of Pelican, have been limited primarily to organizing and staffing, acquiring, developing and securing our proprietary technology and undertaking preclinical trials and preparing for our early clinical and preclinical trials of our product candidates. These operations provide a limited basis for you to assess our ability to commercialize our product candidates and the advisability of investing in our securities.

We currently have no product revenues and may not generate product revenue at any time in the near future, if at all.

We currently have no products for sale and we cannot guarantee that we will ever have any drug products approved for sale. We and our product candidates are subject to extensive regulation by the FDA, and comparable regulatory authorities in other countries governing, among other things, research, testing, clinical trials, manufacturing, labeling, promotion, marketing, adverse event reporting and recordkeeping of our product candidates. Until, and unless, we receive approval from the FDA and other regulatory authorities for our product candidates, we cannot commercialize our product candidates and will not have product revenues. In addition, the technology that we out-licensed is in the early stages of development and there is a low likelihood of success for any such technology at that stage, therefore there can be no assurance that any products will be developed by such licensee or that we will derive any revenue from such licensee. For the foreseeable future, we will have to fund all of our operations from equity and debt offerings, cash on hand and grants. In addition, changes may occur that would consume our available capital at a faster pace than expected, including changes in and progress of our development activities, acquisitions of additional candidates and changes in regulation. Moreover, preclinical studies and clinical trials may not start or be completed as we forecast and may not achieve the desired results. Therefore, we expect that we will seek additional sources of funding, such as additional financing or grant funding, and additional financing may not be available on favorable terms, if at all. Our ability to raise capital through the sale of equity may be limited by the various rules of the SEC and The Nasdaq Capital Market that place limits on the number of shares of stock that may be sold. If we do not succeed in raising additional funds on acceptable terms, we may be unable to complete planned preclinical and clinical trials or obtain approval of our product candidates from the FDA and other regulatory authorities. In addition, we could be forced to delay, discontinue or curtail product development, forego sales and marketing efforts, and forego licensing in attractive business opportunities. Any additional sources of financing will likely involve the issuance of our equity or debt securities, which will have a dilutive effect on our stockholders.

If our acquired intangible assets become impaired we may be required to record a significant charge to earnings.

We regularly review acquired intangible assets for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. We test goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment at least annually. Factors that may be considered a change in circumstances, indicating that the carrying value of the intangible assets may not be recoverable, include: macroeconomic conditions, such as deterioration in general economic conditions; industry and market considerations, such as deterioration in the environment in which we operate; cost factors, such as increases in labor or other costs that have a negative effect on earnings and cash flows; our financial performance, such as negative or declining cash flows or a decline in actual or planned revenue or earnings compared with actual and projected results of relevant prior periods; other relevant entity-specific events, such as changes in management, key personnel, strategy, or customers; and sustained decreases in share price. For example, during the three months ended September 30, 2019, we recorded a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$737,000.

If we fail to maintain an effective system of internal control over financial reporting, we may not be able to accurately report our financial results, and current and potential stockholders may lose confidence in our financial reporting.

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over our financial reporting, as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act. During the second quarter of 2017, we identified a material weakness in our controls over financial reporting related to the purchase price accounting for the acquisition that occurred during the quarter. Specifically, we did not design and maintain effective controls related to the acquisition for the purchase price of the acquired assets and liabilities of Pelican. Although the control deficiencies were remediated by the end of the fiscal year there can be no assurance that the internal control over financial reporting, as modified, will enable us to identify or avoid material weaknesses in the future.

We are substantially dependent on the success of our product candidates, only two of which are currently being tested in a clinical trial, and we cannot provide any assurance that any of our product candidates will be commercialized.

Our main focus and the investment of a significant portion of our efforts and financial resources has been in the development of our product candidate, HS-110, for which we are currently actively conducting a Phase 2 clinical trial. HS-110 is in clinical stage development. Our other product candidates are all at a pre-clinical stage or early clinical stage. We expect that at least one Phase 3 clinical trial of HS-110 will be required to gain approval by the FDA. Our future success depends heavily on our ability to successfully manufacture, develop, obtain regulatory approval, and commercialize our product candidates, which may never occur. Before commercializing this product candidate, we will require additional clinical trials and regulatory approvals for which there can be no guarantee that we will be successful. We currently generate no revenues from any of our product candidates, and we may never be able to develop or commercialize a marketable drug.

If we experience delays in the enrollment of patients in our clinical trials, our receipt of necessary regulatory approvals could be delayed or prevented.

Our inability to locate and enroll a sufficient number of eligible patients in our clinical trials for any of our current or future clinical trials, would result in significant delays or may require us to abandon one or more clinical trials. Our ability to enroll patients in trials is affected by many factors out of our control, including the size and nature of the patient population, the proximity of patients to clinical sites, the eligibility criteria for the trial, the design of the clinical trial, competing clinical trials, and clinicians' and patients' perceptions as to the potential advantages of the drug being studied in relation to other available therapies, including any new drugs that may be approved for the indications we are investigating.

Risks Relating to our Business

If we do not obtain the necessary regulatory approvals in the United States and/or other countries we will not be able to sell our product candidates.

We cannot assure you that we will receive the approvals necessary to commercialize any of our product candidates or any product candidates we acquire or develop in the future. We will need FDA approval to commercialize our product candidates in the United States and approvals from the FDA-equivalent regulatory authorities in foreign jurisdictions to commercialize our product candidates in those jurisdictions. In order to obtain FDA approval of any product candidate, we must submit to the FDA a Biologics License Application ("BLA"), demonstrating that the product candidate is safe, pure and potent, or effective for its intended use. This demonstration requires significant research including preclinical studies, as well as clinical trials. Satisfaction of the FDA's regulatory requirements typically takes many years, depends upon the type, complexity and novelty of the product candidate and requires substantial resources for research, development and testing. We cannot predict whether our clinical trials will demonstrate the safety and efficacy of our product candidates or if the results of any clinical trials will be sufficient to advance to the next phase of development or for approval from the FDA. We also cannot predict whether our research and clinical approaches will result in drugs or therapeutics that the FDA considers safe and effective for the proposed indications. The FDA has substantial discretion in the drug approval process. The approval process may be delayed by changes in government regulation, future legislation or administrative action or changes in FDA policy that occur prior to or during our regulatory review. Delays in obtaining regulatory approvals may:

- prevent or delay commercialization of, and our ability to derive product revenues from, our product candidates; and
- diminish any competitive advantages that we may otherwise believe that we hold.

Even if we comply with all FDA requests, the FDA may ultimately reject one or more of our BLAs. We may never obtain regulatory clearance for any of our product candidates. Failure to obtain FDA approval of any of our product candidates will severely undermine our business by leaving us without a saleable product, and therefore without any source of revenues, until another product candidate can be developed. There is no guarantee that we will ever be able to develop or acquire another product candidate.

In addition, the FDA may require us to conduct additional preclinical and clinical testing or to perform post-marketing studies, as a condition to granting marketing approval of a product. Regulatory approval of oncology products often requires that patients in clinical trials be followed for long periods to assess their overall survival. The results generated after approval could result in loss of marketing approval, changes in product labeling, and/or new or increased concerns about the side effects or efficacy of a product. The FDA has significant post-market authority, including the explicit authority to require post-market studies and clinical trials, labeling changes based on new safety information, and compliance with FDA-approved risk evaluation and mitigation strategies. The FDA's exercise of its authority has in some cases resulted, and in the future, could result, in delays or increased costs during product development, clinical trials and regulatory review, increased costs to comply with additional post-approval regulatory requirements and potential restrictions on sales of approved products.

In foreign jurisdictions, we must also receive approval from the appropriate regulatory authorities before we can commercialize any vaccines. Foreign regulatory approval processes generally include all of the risks associated with the FDA approval procedures described above. There can be no assurance that we will receive the approvals necessary to commercialize our product candidates for sale outside the United States.

Our product candidates are in early stages of development, and therefore they will require extensive preclinical and clinical testing.

Because our product candidates are in early stages of development they will require extensive preclinical and clinical testing. HS-110 and HS-130 are our only current product candidate in clinical trials and our other product candidates are all in the preclinical stage of development. Although we have commenced a Phase 2 clinical trial for HS-110 and a Phase 1 clinical trial of HS-130, we cannot predict with any certainty if or when we might submit a BLA for regulatory approval for any of our product candidates or whether any such BLA will be accepted for review by the FDA, or whether any BLA will be approved upon review.

Even if our clinical trials are completed as planned, we cannot be certain that their results will support our proposed indications. Success in preclinical testing and early clinical trials does not ensure that later clinical trials will be successful, and we cannot be sure that the results of later clinical trials will replicate the results of prior clinical trials and preclinical testing. The results reported for our initial 76 patients in our Phase 1b/2 clinical trial for HS-110 or initial data in our Phase 2 clinical trial for HS-110 may not be replicated with other patients or other clinical trials. For example, the Phase 1 HS-410 clinical trial, as well as the interim data from the Phase 2 HS-410 clinical study, showed evidence of an immune response in NMIBC patients exposed to HS-410, however, the topline data from the Phase 2 clinical trial reported that there was no statistically significant difference in the primary endpoint between the vaccine and placebo arms of the trial. The Phase 2 clinical trial of HS-410 used doses and dosing regimens which had not previously been tested, and combinations with other immunotherapy agents. In addition, immune response is not an acceptable regulatory endpoint for approval, and the HS-410 Phase 1 trial involved a small sample size and was not randomized or blinded. The clinical trial process may fail to demonstrate that our product candidates are safe and effective for their proposed uses. This failure could cause us to abandon a product candidate and may delay development of other product candidates. Any delay in, or termination of, our clinical trials will delay and possibly preclude the filing of any BLAs with the FDA and, ultimately, our ability to commercialize our product candidates and generate product revenues.

Clinical trials are very expensive, time-consuming, and difficult to design and implement.

As part of the regulatory process, we must conduct clinical trials for each product candidate to demonstrate safety and efficacy to the satisfaction of the FDA and other regulatory authorities. The number and design of the clinical trials that will be required varies depending upon product candidate, the condition being evaluated and the trial results themselves. Therefore, it is difficult to accurately estimate the cost of the clinical trials. Clinical trials are very expensive and difficult to design and implement, in part because they are subject to rigorous regulatory requirements. The clinical trial process is also time consuming. We estimate that clinical trials of our product candidates will take at least several years to complete. Furthermore, failure can occur at any stage of the trials, and we could encounter problems that cause us to abandon or repeat clinical trials. The commencement and completion of clinical trials may be delayed or prevented by several factors, including:

- unforeseen safety issues;
- failure to determine appropriate dosing;
- greater than anticipated cost of our clinical trials;
- failure to demonstrate effectiveness during clinical trials;
- slower than expected rates of patient recruitment or difficulty obtaining investigators;
- patient drop-out or discontinuation;
- inability to monitor patients adequately during or after treatment;
- third party contractors failing to comply with regulatory requirements or meet their contractual obligations to us in a timely manner;

- insufficient or inadequate supply or quality of product candidates or other necessary materials to conduct our trials;
- potential additional safety monitoring, or other conditions required by FDA or comparable foreign regulatory authorities regarding the scope or design of our clinical trials, or other studies requested by regulatory agencies;
- problems engaging Institutional Review Boards (“IRBs”) to oversee trials or in obtaining and maintaining IRB approval of studies;
- imposition of clinical hold or suspension of our clinical trials by regulatory authorities; and
- inability or unwillingness of medical investigators to follow our clinical protocols.

In addition, we or the FDA may suspend or terminate our clinical trials at any time if it appears that we are exposing participants to unacceptable health risks or if the FDA finds deficiencies in our Investigational New Drug, or IND, submissions or the conduct of these trials. Therefore, we cannot predict with any certainty when, if ever, future clinical trials will commence or be completed.

We are at risk of a clinical hold at any time based on the evaluation of the data and information submitted to the governing regulatory authorities. On February 2, 2016, we received notice from the FDA of a partial clinical hold on our Phase 2 HS-410 clinical trial despite the fact that we did not have a safety concern. The partial clinical hold came after we concluded that the cell line on which HS-410 is based had been previously misidentified. The partial clinical hold was lifted on February 10, 2016. However, if in the future we are delayed in addressing, or unable to address, any FDA concerns, we could be delayed, or prevented, from conducting our clinical trials.

Misidentification of cell lines could impact our clinical development and intellectual property rights.

Our product candidates are based on human cell lines produced by third parties and licensed by us. Cell line characterization and contamination is a known issue in biomedical research. For example, despite standard procedures to identify the origins and characteristics of our cell lines in early 2016 we discovered that the origin of the cell line used in HS-410 was misidentified. The misidentification resulted in the FDA placing our HS-410 Phase 2 clinical trial on partial clinical hold while the FDA reviewed certain updated documentation provided by us related to the misidentification. In the event we were to use a cell line in the future that is also misidentified, the clinical development of the product candidate utilizing the mischaracterized cell line could be materially and adversely affected, we could lose the right to use the cell line and our intellectual property rights relating to our development of product candidates based on that cell line could be materially and adversely affected. Although we have implemented certain additional procedures to properly identify our cell lines, we may not be able to detect that a cell line has been mischaracterized or mislabeled by a third party.

There is uncertainty as to market acceptance of our technology and product candidates.

Even if the FDA approves one or more of our product candidates, the products may not gain broad market acceptance among physicians, healthcare payers, patients, and the medical community. We have conducted our own research into the markets for our product candidates; however, we cannot guarantee market acceptance of our product candidates, if approved, and have somewhat limited information on which to estimate our anticipated level of sales. Our product candidates, if approved, will require patients, healthcare providers and doctors to adopt our technology. Our industry is susceptible to rapid technological developments and there can be no assurance that we will be able to match any new technological advances. If we are unable to match the technological changes in the needs of our customers the demand for our products will be reduced. Acceptance and use of any products we market will depend upon a number of factors including:

- perceptions by members of the health care community, including physicians, about the safety and effectiveness of our products;
- limitation on use or warnings required by FDA in our product labeling;
- cost-effectiveness of our products relative to competing products;
- convenience and ease of administration;
- potential advantages of alternative treatment methods;
- availability of reimbursement for our products from government or other healthcare payers; and
- effectiveness of marketing and distribution efforts by us and our licensees and distributors, if any.

Because we expect virtually all of our product revenues for the foreseeable future to be generated from sales of our current product candidates, if approved, the failure of these therapeutics to find market acceptance would substantially harm our business and would adversely affect our revenue.

Our development program partially depends upon third-party researchers who are outside our control.

We are dependent upon independent investigators and collaborators, such as universities and medical institutions, to conduct our clinical trials under agreements with us. These collaborators are not our employees and we cannot control the amount or timing of resources that they devote to our programs. These investigators may not assign as great a priority to our programs or pursue them as diligently as we would if we were undertaking such programs ourselves. If outside collaborators fail to devote sufficient time and resources to our development programs, or if their performance is substandard, the approval of our FDA applications, if any, and our introduction of new product candidates, if any, will be delayed if obtained at all. These collaborators may also have relationships with other commercial entities, some of whom may compete with us. If our collaborators assist our competitors at our expense, our competitive position would be harmed.

We rely significantly on third parties to formulate and manufacture our product candidates.

We have developed certain expertise in the formulation, development and/or manufacturing of biologics but do not intend to establish our own manufacturing facilities. To date, the selection and initial replication of our biological cell lines used in our trials has been performed by individuals working at third party laboratories over which we have little process or quality control and therefore the process and replication could be subject to human error. We lack the resources and expertise to formulate or manufacture our own product candidates. The investigational products for our clinical trials are manufactured by our contractors under current good manufacturing practices, (“cGMPs”) and we have entered into agreements with commercial-scale manufacturers for the production and supply of investigational product for additional Phase 2 and Phase 3 clinical trials as well as commercialization. Our agreement with the manufacturer of our HS-110 product expired in October 2019, and we have no assurance that we can extend current agreement or renegotiate our agreement on favorable terms if at all. Currently, we operate under the terms of purchase orders without a definitive agreement. If not extended or renegotiated, we may experience longer manufacturing lead times for any purchase orders we place. Manufacturing considerations which may include, lead time and capacity considerations of our third-party manufacturers to provide clinical supply of our product candidates, could delay our clinical trials. We must also develop and validate a potency assay prior to submission of a license application. Such assays have traditionally proven difficult to develop for cell-based products and must be established prior to initiating any Phase 3 clinical trials. If any of our current product candidates, or any product candidates we may develop or acquire in the future, receive FDA approval, we will rely on one or more third-party contractors for manufacturing. Our anticipated future reliance on a limited number of third-party manufacturers exposes us to the following risks:

- We may be unable to renew or renegotiate current agreements on favorable terms, or identify manufacturers on acceptable terms or at all because the number of potential manufacturers with appropriate expertise and facilities is limited.
- If we change manufacturers at any point during the development process or after approval, we will be required to demonstrate comparability between the products made by the old and new manufacturers. If we are unable to do so, we may need to conduct additional clinical trials with product manufactured by the new manufacturer. Accordingly, it may be necessary to evaluate the comparability of the HS-110 or other product candidates produced by the two different manufacturers at some point during the clinical development process.
- If we change the manufacturer of a product subsequent to the approval of the product, we will need to obtain approval from the FDA of the change in manufacturer. Any such approval would likely require significant testing and expense, and the new manufacturer may be subject to a cGMP inspection prior to approval.
- Our third-party manufacturers might be unable to formulate and manufacture our product candidates in the volume and with the quality required to meet our clinical needs and commercial needs, if any.
- Our contract manufacturers may not perform as agreed or may not remain in the contract manufacturing business for the time required to supply our clinical trials or to successfully produce, store and distribute our product candidates.
- Drug manufacturers are subject to ongoing periodic unannounced inspection by the FDA, and corresponding state agencies to ensure compliance with cGMPs and other government regulations and corresponding foreign standards. We do not have control over third-party manufacturers’ compliance with these regulations and standards.
- If any third-party manufacturer makes improvements in the manufacturing process for our products, we may not own, or may have to share, the intellectual property rights to the innovation.

- Our contract manufacturers have in the past and may in the future encounter difficulties in achieving quality control and quality assurance and may experience shortages in qualified personnel. Our contract manufacturers are subject to inspections by the FDA and comparable agencies in other jurisdictions to assess compliance with applicable regulatory requirements. Any failure to follow cGMP or other regulatory requirements or delay, interruption or other issues that arise in the manufacture, packaging, or storage of our products as a result of a failure of the facilities or operations of third parties to comply with regulatory requirements or pass any regulatory authority inspection could significantly impair our ability to develop and commercialize our products, including leading to significant delays in the availability of products for our clinical studies or the termination or hold on a clinical study, or the delay or prevention of a filing or approval of marketing applications for our product candidates. Significant noncompliance could also result in the imposition of sanctions, including fines, injunctions, civil penalties, failure of regulatory authorities to grant marketing approvals for our product candidates, delays, suspension or withdrawal of approvals, license revocation, seizures or recalls of products, operating restrictions and criminal prosecutions, any of which could damage our reputation. If we or our contract manufacturers are not able to maintain regulatory compliance, we may not be permitted to market our products and/or may be subject to product recalls, seizures, injunctions, or criminal prosecution.

Each of these risks could delay our clinical trials, the approval, if any, of our product candidates by the FDA or the commercialization of our product candidates or could also result in higher costs or deprive us of potential product revenues.

For our product candidates, we rely upon third parties to manufacture and supply our drug substance. Any problems experienced by either our third-party manufacturers or their vendors could result in a delay or interruption in the supply of our product candidate to us until the third-party manufacturer or its vendor cures the problem or until we locate and qualify an alternative source of manufacturing and supply.

For our product candidates, we currently rely on third-party manufacturers to purchase from their third-party vendors the materials necessary to produce our product candidates and manufacture our product candidates for our clinical studies. If any of our third-party manufacturers were to experience any prolonged disruption for our manufacturing we could be forced to seek additional third party manufacturing contracts, thereby increasing our development costs and negatively impacting our timeliness and any commercialization costs.

For our ongoing clinical trial of HS-110, we are administering our product candidates, in combination with other immunotherapy agents. Any problems obtaining the other immunotherapy agents could result in a delay or interruption in our clinical trials.

For our ongoing clinical trials of HS-110, we administer our product candidate in combination with another immunotherapy agent, nivolumab or pembrolizumab. Therefore, our success will be dependent upon the continued use of these other immunotherapy agents. We expect that our other product candidates will also be administered in combination with immunotherapy agents owned by third parties. If any of the immunotherapy agents that are used in our clinical trials are unavailable while the trials are continuing, our timeliness and commercialization costs could be impacted. In addition, if any of these other immunotherapy agents are determined to have safety or efficacy problems, our clinical trials and commercialization efforts would be adversely affected.

Adverse effects resulting from other immunotherapy drugs or therapies could also negatively affect the perceptions by members of the health care community, including physicians, about the safety and effectiveness of our product candidates.

There are many other companies that have developed or are currently trying to develop immunology vaccines for the treatment of cancer. If adverse effects were to result from any immunotherapy drugs or therapies being developed, manufactured and marketed by others it could be attributed to our products or immunotherapy protocols as a whole. In fact, in the past biologics have been associated with certain safety risks and other companies developing biologics have had patients in trials suffer from serious adverse events, including death. Any such attribution could negatively affect the perceptions by members of the health care community, including physicians, about the safety and effectiveness of our product candidates and the future of immunotherapy for the treatment of cancer. Our industry is susceptible to rapid technological changes and there can be no assurance that we will be able to match any new technological challenges presented by the adverse effects resulting from immunotherapy drugs or therapies developed, manufactured or marketed by others.

Even if we are able to obtain regulatory approval for our product candidates, we will continue to be subject to ongoing and extensive regulatory requirements, and our failure, or the failure of our contract manufacturers, to comply with these requirements could substantially harm our business.

If the FDA approves any of our product candidates, the labeling, manufacturing, packaging, adverse event reporting, storage, advertising, promotion and record keeping for our products will be subject to ongoing FDA requirements and continued regulatory oversight and review. We may also be subject to additional FDA post-marketing obligations. If we are not able to maintain regulatory compliance, we may not be permitted to market our product candidates and/or may be subject to product recalls or seizures. The subsequent discovery of previously unknown problems with any marketed product, including AEs of unanticipated severity or frequency, may result in restrictions on the marketing of the product, and could include withdrawal of the product from the market.

We have no experience selling, marketing or distributing products, and have no internal capability to do so.

We currently have no sales, marketing or distribution capabilities. We do not anticipate having the resources in the foreseeable future to allocate to the sales and marketing of our proposed products, if approved. Our future success depends, in part, on our ability to enter into and maintain collaborative relationships for such capabilities, the collaborator's strategic interest in the products under development and such collaborator's ability to successfully market and sell any such products. We intend to pursue collaborative arrangements regarding the sales and marketing of our products, however, there can be no assurance that we will be able to establish or maintain such collaborative arrangements, or if able to do so, that our collaborators will have effective sales forces. To the extent that we decide not to, or are unable to, enter into collaborative arrangements with respect to the sales and marketing of our proposed products, significant capital expenditures, management resources and time will be required to establish and develop an in-house marketing and sales force with technical expertise. There can also be no assurance that we will be able to establish or maintain relationships with third party collaborators or develop in-house sales and distribution capabilities. To the extent that we depend on third parties for marketing and distribution, any revenues we receive will depend upon the efforts of such third parties, and there can be no assurance that such efforts will be successful. In addition, there can also be no assurance that we will be able to successfully market and sell our products in the United States or overseas on our own.

We may not be successful in establishing and maintaining strategic partnerships, which could adversely affect our ability to develop and commercialize products.

We may seek to enter into strategic partnerships in the future, including alliances with other biotechnology or pharmaceutical companies, to enhance and accelerate the development and commercialization of our products. We face significant competition in seeking appropriate strategic partners and the negotiation process is time-consuming and complex. Moreover, we may not be successful in our efforts to establish a strategic partnership or other alternative arrangements for any future product candidates and programs because our research and development pipeline may be insufficient, our product candidates and programs may be deemed to be at too early of a stage of development for collaborative effort and/or third parties may not view our product candidates and programs as having the requisite potential to demonstrate safety and efficacy or return on investment. Even if we are successful in our efforts to establish strategic partnerships, the terms that we agree upon may not be favorable to us and we may not be able to maintain such strategic partnerships if, for example, development or approval of a product candidate is delayed or sales of an approved product are disappointing.

If we ultimately determine that entering into strategic partnerships is in our best interest, but either fail to enter into, are delayed in entering into or fail to maintain such strategic partnerships:

- the development of certain of our current or future product candidates may be terminated or delayed;
- our cash expenditures related to development of certain of our current or future product candidates may increase significantly and we may need to seek additional financing;
- we may be required to hire additional employees or otherwise develop expertise, such as sales and marketing expertise, for which we have not budgeted;
- we will bear all of the risk related to the development of any such product candidates; and
- the competitiveness of any product candidate that is commercialized could be reduced.

To the extent we elect to enter into licensing or collaboration agreements to partner our product candidates, our dependence on such relationships may adversely affect our business.

Our commercialization strategy for certain of our product candidates may depend on our ability to enter into agreements with collaborators to obtain assistance and funding for the development and potential commercialization of these product candidates. Supporting diligence activities conducted by potential collaborators and negotiating the financial and other terms of a collaboration agreement are long and complex processes with uncertain results. Even if we are successful in entering into one or more collaboration agreements, collaborations may involve greater uncertainty for us, as we have less control over certain aspects of our collaborative programs than we do over our proprietary development and commercialization programs. We may determine that continuing collaboration under the terms provided is not in our best interest, and we may terminate the collaboration. Our collaborators could delay or terminate their agreements, and our product candidates subject to collaborative arrangements may never be successfully developed or commercialized.

Further, our future collaborators may develop alternative products or pursue alternative technologies either on their own or in collaboration with others, including our competitors, and the priorities or focus of our collaborators may shift such that our programs receive less attention or fewer resources than we would like, or they may be terminated altogether. Any such actions by our collaborators may adversely affect our business prospects and ability to earn revenues. In addition, we could have disputes with our future collaborators, such as the interpretation of terms in our agreements. Any such disagreements could lead to delays in the development or commercialization of any potential products or could result in time-consuming and expensive litigation or arbitration, which may not be resolved in our favor.

If we cannot compete successfully for market share against other drug companies, we may not achieve sufficient product revenues and our business will suffer.

The market for our product candidates is characterized by intense competition and rapid technological advances. If any of our product candidates receives FDA approval, it will compete with a number of existing and future drugs and therapies developed, manufactured and marketed by others. Existing or future competing products may provide greater therapeutic convenience or clinical or other benefits for a specific indication than our products, or may offer comparable performance at a lower cost. If our products fail to capture and maintain market share, we may not achieve sufficient product revenues and our business will suffer.

We will compete against fully integrated pharmaceutical companies and smaller companies that are collaborating with larger pharmaceutical companies, academic institutions, government agencies and other public and private research organizations. Many of these competitors have oncology compounds already approved or in development. In addition, many of these competitors, either alone or together with their collaborative partners, operate larger research and development programs or have substantially greater financial resources than we do, as well as significantly greater experience in:

- developing drugs, biologics and other therapies;
- undertaking preclinical testing and clinical trials;
- obtaining FDA and other regulatory approvals of drugs, biologics and other therapies;
- formulating and manufacturing drugs, biologics and other therapies; and
- launching, marketing and selling drugs, biologics and other therapies.

We have limited protection for our intellectual property, which could impact our competitive position.

We intend to rely on a combination of common law copyright, patent, trademark, and trade secret laws and measures to protect our proprietary information. We have obtained exclusive rights to license the technology for which patent protection has been obtained; however, certain patents expired in 2019 and such protection does not prevent unauthorized use of such technology. In addition, our license for certain cell lines are subject to non-exclusive licenses and do not have patent protection. Trademark and copyright protections may be limited, and enforcement could be too costly to be effective. It may also be possible for unauthorized third parties to copy aspects of, or otherwise obtain and use, our proprietary information without authorization, including, but not limited to, product design, software, customer and prospective customer lists, trade secrets, copyrights, patents and other proprietary rights and materials. Other parties can use and register confusingly similar business, product and service names, as well as domain names, which could divert customers, resulting in a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

If we fail to successfully enforce our intellectual property rights, our competitive position could suffer, which could harm our operating results. Competitors may challenge the validity or scope of our patents or future patents we may obtain. In addition, our licensed patents may not provide us with a meaningful competitive advantage. We may be required to spend significant resources to monitor and police our licensed intellectual property rights. We may not be able to detect infringement and our competitive position may be harmed. In addition, competitors may design around our technology or develop competing technologies. Intellectual property rights may also be unavailable or limited in some foreign countries, which could make it easier for competitors to capture market share.

The technology we license, our products or our development efforts may be found to infringe upon third-party intellectual property rights.

Third parties may in the future assert claims or initiate litigation related to their patent, copyright, trademark and other intellectual property rights in technology that is important to us. The asserted claims and/or litigation could include claims against us, our licensors or our suppliers alleging infringement of intellectual property rights with respect to our products or components of those products. Regardless of the merit of the claims, they could be time consuming, result in costly litigation and diversion of technical and management personnel, or require us to develop a non-infringing technology or enter into license agreements. We have not undertaken an exhaustive search to discover any third party intellectual patent rights, which might be infringed by commercialization of the product candidates described herein. Although we are not currently aware of any such third-party intellectual patent rights, it is possible that such rights currently exist or might be obtained in the future. In the event that a third party controls such rights and we are unable to obtain a license to such rights on commercially reasonable terms, we may not be able to sell or continue to develop our products, and may be liable for damages for such infringement. We cannot assure you that licenses will be available on acceptable terms, if at all. Furthermore, because of the potential for significant damage awards, which are not necessarily predictable, it is not unusual to find even arguably unmeritorious claims resulting in large settlements. If any infringement or other intellectual property claim made against us by any third party is successful, or if we fail to develop non-infringing technology or license the proprietary rights on commercially reasonable terms and conditions, our business, operating results and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

If our products, methods, processes and other technologies infringe the proprietary rights of other parties, we could incur substantial costs and we may have to:

- obtain licenses, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, if at all;
- abandon an infringing drug or therapy candidate;
- redesign our products or processes to avoid infringement;
- stop using the subject matter claimed in the patents held by others;
- pay damages; or
- defend litigation or administrative proceedings which may be costly whether we win or lose, and which could result in a substantial diversion of our financial and management resources.

We rely on licenses to use various technologies that are material to our business and if the agreements were to be terminated or if other rights that may be necessary or we deem advisable for commercializing our intended products cannot be obtained, it would halt our ability to market our products and technology, as well as have an immediate material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

We have licensing agreements with certain universities granting us the right to use certain critical intellectual property. The terms of the licensing agreements continue until the end of the life of the last patent to expire. If we breach the terms of these licensing agreements, including any failure to make minimum royalty payments required thereunder or failure to reach certain developmental milestones, using best efforts to introduce a licensed product in certain territories by certain dates, the licensor has the right to terminate the license. If we were to lose or otherwise be unable to maintain these licenses on acceptable terms, or find that it is necessary or appropriate to secure new licenses from other third parties, it would halt our ability to market our products and technology, which would have an immediate material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

We may be unable to generate sufficient revenues to meet the minimum annual payments or developmental milestones required under our license agreements or under our agreement with Pelican and certain stockholders of Pelican.

For the years ended December 31, 2020, 2021, 2022, and 2023 our minimum annual payment obligations under our licensing agreements, (including the licenses that Pelican has entered into), required to be paid by us with the passage of time, are approximately \$0.1 million, \$0.2 million, \$0.8 million and \$0.07 million, respectively. No assurance can be given that we will generate sufficient revenue or raise additional financing to make these minimum royalty payments or milestone payments owed to the Pelican Stockholders pursuant to the terms of the stock purchase agreement that we entered into with Pelican and certain stockholders of Pelican in March 2017. The license agreements also provide for certain developmental milestones, as does the purchase agreement that we entered into with Pelican and certain stockholders of Pelican in March 2017, including future payments to Pelican based on the achievement of certain milestones. No assurance can be given that we will meet all of the required developmental milestones or have sufficient funds to make required payments under the purchase agreement. Any failure to make the payments or reach the milestones required by the license agreements would permit the licensor to terminate the license and any failure to make payments under the purchase agreement would constitute a default under the purchase agreement. If we were to lose or otherwise be unable to maintain these licenses, it would halt our ability to market our products and technology, which would have an immediate material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

Our ability to generate product revenues will be diminished if our therapies sell for inadequate prices or patients are unable to obtain adequate levels of reimbursement.

Our ability to commercialize our therapies, alone or with collaborators, will depend in part on the extent to which reimbursement will be available from:

- government and health administration authorities;
- private health maintenance organizations and health insurers; and
- other healthcare payers.

Significant uncertainty exists as to the reimbursement status of newly approved healthcare products. Healthcare payers, including Medicare, are challenging the prices charged for medical products and services. Cost control initiatives could decrease the price that we would receive for any products in the future, which would limit our revenue and profitability. Government and other healthcare payers increasingly attempt to contain healthcare costs by limiting both coverage and the level of reimbursement for drugs and therapeutics. We might need to conduct post-marketing studies in order to demonstrate the cost-effectiveness of any future products to such payers' satisfaction. Such studies might require us to commit a significant amount of management time and financial and other resources. Our future products might not ultimately be considered cost-effective. Even if one of our product candidates is approved by the FDA, insurance coverage may not be available, and reimbursement levels may be inadequate, to cover such therapies. If government and other healthcare payers do not provide adequate coverage and reimbursement levels for one of our products, once approved, market acceptance of such product could be reduced.

Legislative and regulatory changes affecting the health care industry could adversely affect our business.

Political, economic and regulatory influences are subjecting the health care industry to potential fundamental changes that could substantially affect our results of operations. In many countries, the government controls the pricing and profitability of prescription pharmaceuticals. In the United States, we expect that there will continue to be federal and state proposals to implement similar governmental controls. In addition, recent changes in the Medicare program and increasing emphasis on managed care in the United States will continue to put pressure on pharmaceutical product pricing. It is uncertain whether or when any legislative proposals will be adopted or what actions federal, state, or private payers for health care treatment and services may take in response to any health care reform proposal or legislation. We cannot predict the effect health care reforms may have on our business and we can offer no assurances that any of these reforms will not have a material adverse effect on our business. These actual and potential changes are causing the marketplace to put increased emphasis on the delivery of more cost-effective treatments. In addition, uncertainty remains regarding proposed significant reforms to the U.S. health care system.

In the United States and some foreign jurisdictions, there have been a number of legislative and regulatory changes and proposed changes regarding the healthcare system that could, among other things, prevent or delay marketing approval of our clinical product candidate, restrict or regulate post-approval activities and affect our ability to profitably sell any product candidate for which we obtain marketing approval. Changes in regulations, statutes or the interpretation of existing regulations could impact our business in the future by requiring, for example: (i) changes to our manufacturing arrangements, (ii) additions or modifications to product labeling, (iii) the recall or discontinuation of our products or (iv) additional record-keeping requirements. If any such changes were to be imposed, they could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Among policy makers in the United States and elsewhere, there is significant interest in promoting changes in healthcare systems with the stated goals of containing healthcare costs, improving quality and/or expanding access. In the United States, the pharmaceutical industry has been a particular focus of these efforts and has been significantly affected by major legislative initiatives. In March 2010, The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA), was passed, which substantially changed the way healthcare is financed by both the government and private insurers, and significantly impacts the U.S. pharmaceutical industry. The ACA, among other things, subjects biological products to potential competition by lower-cost biosimilars, addresses a new methodology by which rebates owed by manufacturers under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program are calculated for drugs that are inhaled, infused, instilled, implanted or injected, increases the minimum Medicaid rebates owed by manufacturers under the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program and extends the rebate program to individuals enrolled in Medicaid managed care organizations, establishes annual fees and taxes on manufacturers of certain branded prescription drugs, and creates a new Medicare Part D coverage gap discount program, in which manufacturers must agree to offer 50% (70% as of January 1, 2019) point-of-sale discounts off negotiated prices of applicable brand drugs to eligible beneficiaries during their coverage gap period, as a condition for the manufacturer's outpatient drugs to be covered under Medicare Part D.

Some of the provisions of the ACA have yet to be fully implemented, while certain provisions have been subject to judicial and Congressional challenges. Congress has considered legislation that would repeal or repeal and replace all or part of the ACA. While Congress has not passed comprehensive repeal legislation, it has enacted laws that modify certain provisions of the ACA such as removing penalties, starting January 1, 2019, for not complying with the ACA's individual mandate to carry health insurance and delaying the implementation of certain ACA-mandated fees. On December 14, 2018, the Texas District Court Judge, ruled that the individual mandate is a critical and inseparable feature of the ACA, and therefore, because it was repealed as part of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, the remaining provisions of the ACA are invalid as well. While the Texas District Court Judge, as well as the Trump Administration and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS, have stated that the ruling will have no immediate effect, it is unclear how this decision, subsequent appeals and other efforts to repeal and replace the ACA will impact the ACA and our business.

Moreover, the Drug Supply Chain Security Act imposes obligations on manufacturers of prescription drugs in finished dosage forms. We have not yet adopted the significant measures that will be required to comply with this law. We are not sure whether additional legislative changes will be enacted, or whether the current regulations, guidance or interpretations will be changed, or what the impact of such changes on our business, if any, may be.

There have been, and likely will continue to be, legislative and regulatory proposals at the foreign, federal and state levels directed at broadening the availability of healthcare and containing or lowering the cost of healthcare. The implementation of cost containment measures or other healthcare reforms may prevent us from being able to generate revenue, attain profitability, or commercialize our products. Such reforms could have an adverse effect on anticipated revenue from product candidates that we may successfully develop and for which we may obtain regulatory approval and may affect our overall financial condition and ability to develop product candidates.

We expect that additional state and federal healthcare reform measures will be adopted in the future, any of which could limit the amounts that federal and state governments will pay for healthcare products, which could result in reduced demand for our clinical product candidate or additional pricing pressures. Any reduction in reimbursement from Medicare or other government programs may result in a similar reduction in payments from private payors.

We may not successfully effect our intended expansion, which would harm our business prospects.

Our success will depend upon the expansion of our operations and the effective management of our growth, which will place a significant strain on our management, and on our administrative, operational and financial resources. To manage this growth, we must expand our facilities; augment our operational, financial and management systems; and hire and train additional qualified personnel. If we are unable to manage our growth effectively, our business would be harmed.

We may be exposed to liability claims associated with the use of biological and hazardous materials and chemicals.

Our research and development activities may involve the controlled use of biological and hazardous materials and chemicals. Although we believe that our safety procedures for using, storing, handling and disposing of these materials comply with federal, state and local laws and regulations, we cannot completely eliminate the risk of accidental injury or contamination from these materials. We currently operate one laboratory in North Carolina and Pelican operates a laboratory in Texas. In our laboratory in Texas we perform contract services for third parties that could involve the use of biological and hazardous materials and chemicals. In the event of such an accident, we could be held liable for any resulting damages and any liability could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the federal, state and local laws and regulations governing the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of hazardous or radioactive materials and waste products may require us to incur substantial compliance costs that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We rely on key executive officers and scientific and medical advisors, and their knowledge of our business and technical expertise would be difficult to replace.

We are highly dependent on our principal scientific, regulatory and medical advisors and our chief executive officer. Other than a \$2.0 million insurance policy we hold on the life of Jeffrey Wolf, we do not have “key person” life insurance policies for any of our officers or advisors. The loss of the technical knowledge, management and industry expertise of any of our key personnel could result in delays in product development, loss of customers and sales and diversion of management resources, which could adversely affect our operating results.

If we are unable to hire additional qualified personnel, our ability to grow our business may be harmed.

We will need to hire additional qualified personnel with expertise in preclinical and clinical research, government regulation, formulation and manufacturing, sales and marketing and accounting and financing. In particular, over the next 12 months, we expect to hire additional new employees both in North Carolina and for Pelican in Texas. In fact, due to the CPRIT Grant and certain other funding we have received, we are required to hire employees located in Texas. We compete for qualified individuals with numerous biopharmaceutical companies, universities and other research institutions. Competition for such individuals is intense, and we cannot be certain that our search for such personnel will be successful especially in light of the CPRIT Grant requirements, including the requirement that Pelican maintain its headquarters in Texas and use certain vendors, consultants and employees located in Texas. Attracting and retaining qualified personnel will be critical to our success.

We may incur substantial liabilities and may be required to limit commercialization of our products in response to product liability lawsuits.

The testing and marketing of drug and biological product candidates entail an inherent risk of product liability. Product liability claims might be brought against us by consumers, health care providers or others selling or otherwise coming into contact with our products. We currently operate one laboratory in North Carolina and Pelican operates a laboratory in Texas. In our laboratory in Texas we perform contract services for third parties. We could incur liability in the performance of these services, including liability for damage to materials supplied to us. Clinical trial liability claims may be filed against us for damages suffered by clinical trial subjects or their families. If we cannot successfully defend ourselves against product liability claims, we may incur substantial liabilities or be required to limit commercialization of our products which could impact our ability to continue as a going concern. Our inability to obtain sufficient product liability insurance at an acceptable cost to protect against potential product liability claims could prevent or inhibit the commercialization of pharmaceutical products we develop, alone or with collaborators. In addition, regardless of merit or eventual outcome, product liability claims may result in:

- decreased demand for any approved product candidates;
- impairment of our business reputation;
- withdrawal of clinical trial participants;
- costs of related litigation;
- distraction of management’s attention;
- substantial monetary awards to patients or other claimants;
- loss of revenues; and
- the inability to successfully commercialize any approved drug candidates.

International expansion of our business exposes us to business, regulatory, political, operational, financial and economic risks associated with doing business outside of the United States.

Our business strategy incorporates international expansion, including establishing and maintaining clinician marketing and education capabilities outside of the United States and expanding our relationships with distributors and manufacturers. Doing business internationally involves a number of risks, including:

- multiple, conflicting and changing laws and regulations such as tax laws, export and import restrictions, employment laws, regulatory requirements and other governmental approvals, permits and licenses;
- failure by us or our distributors to obtain regulatory approvals for the sale or use of our product candidates in various countries;
- difficulties in managing foreign operations;
- complexities associated with managing multiple payor-reimbursement regimes or self-pay systems;
- limits on our ability to penetrate international markets if our product candidates cannot be processed by a manufacturer appropriately qualified in such markets;
- financial risks, such as longer payment cycles, difficulty enforcing contracts and collecting accounts receivable and exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations;
- reduced protection for intellectual property rights;
- natural disasters, political and economic instability, including wars, terrorism and political unrest, outbreak of disease, boycotts, curtailment of trade and other business restrictions; and
- failure to comply with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, including its books and records provisions and its anti-bribery provisions, by maintaining accurate information and control over sales and distributors' activities.

Any of these risks, if encountered, could significantly harm our future international expansion and operations and, consequently, have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

We may acquire other businesses or form joint ventures or make investments in other companies or technologies that could harm our operating results, dilute our stockholders' ownership, increase our debt or cause us to incur significant expense.

As part of our business strategy, we may pursue acquisitions of businesses and assets, such as we did with the Pelican. We also may pursue strategic alliances and joint ventures that leverage our core technology and industry experience to expand our offerings or distribution. Other than our acquisition of the equity of Pelican in 2017, we have no experience with acquiring other companies and limited experience with forming strategic alliances and joint ventures. We may not be able to find suitable partners or acquisition candidates, and we may not be able to complete such transactions on favorable terms, if at all. If we make any acquisitions, we may not be able to integrate these acquisitions successfully into our existing business, and we could assume unknown or contingent liabilities. Any future acquisitions also could result in significant write-offs or the incurrence of debt and contingent liabilities, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Integration of an acquired company also may disrupt ongoing operations and require management resources that would otherwise focus on developing our existing business. We may experience losses related to investments in other companies, which could have a material negative effect on our results of operations. We may not identify or complete these transactions in a timely manner, on a cost-effective basis, or at all, and we may not realize the anticipated benefits of any acquisition, technology license, strategic alliance or joint venture.

To finance any acquisitions or joint ventures, we may choose to issue shares of our common stock as consideration, which would dilute the ownership of our stockholders. If the price of our common stock is low or volatile, we may not be able to acquire other companies or fund a joint venture project using our stock as consideration. Alternatively, it may be necessary for us to raise additional funds for acquisitions through public or private financings. Additional funds may not be available on terms that are favorable to us, or at all.

Uncertainty regarding health care reform and declining general economic or business conditions may have a negative impact on our business.

Continuing concerns over U.S. health care reform legislation and energy costs, geopolitical issues, the availability and cost of credit and government stimulus programs in the United States and other countries have contributed to increased volatility and diminished expectations for the global economy. If the economic climate does not improve or continues to be uncertain, our business, as well as the financial condition of our suppliers and our third-party payors, could be adversely affected, resulting in a negative impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The U.S. government may have “march-in rights” to certain of our intellectual property.

Because federal grant monies were used in support of the research and development activities that resulted in certain of our issued pending U.S. patent applications, the federal government retains what are referred to as “march-in rights” to patents that are granted on these applications.

In particular, the National Institutes of Health, which administered grant monies to the primary inventor of the technology we license, technically retain the right to require us, under certain specific circumstances, to grant the U.S. government either a nonexclusive, partially exclusive or exclusive license to the patented invention in any field of use, upon terms that are reasonable for a particular situation. Circumstances that trigger march-in rights include, for example, failure to take, within a reasonable time, effective steps to achieve practical application of the invention in a field of use, failure to satisfy the health and safety needs of the public and failure to meet requirements of public use specified by federal regulations. The National Institutes of Health can elect to exercise these march-in rights on their own initiative or at the request of a third-party.

In order to develop Pelican’s product candidates and receive the full grant funding awarded by CPRIT, we will have to devote resources to Pelican.

Neither we nor Pelican are expected to derive revenue from any source in the near future until we or they or other potential partners successfully commercialize products. The CPRIT Grant requires that Pelican provide matching funds for one half of the award amount in order for Pelican to receive the grant funding. In order to receive the full \$15.2 million award over three years, Pelican must raise matching funds in the aggregate amount of approximately \$7.6 million. CPRIT has made available to Pelican an aggregate of \$13.7 million of grant funding through December 31, 2019 and Pelican has received funding from us to satisfy its related matching obligation of approximately \$6.8 million. There can be no assurance that funding will be available on acceptable terms on a timely basis, or at all. The various ways that we could raise capital carry potential risks. Any additional sources of financing will likely involve the issuance of our equity securities, which will have a dilutive effect on our stockholders. If we raise funds through collaborations and licensing arrangements, we might be required to relinquish significant rights to our or Pelican’s technologies or tests or grant licenses on terms that are not favorable to us. If we do not succeed in raising additional funds on acceptable terms or at all, we may be unable to complete planned preclinical and clinical trials, access the CPRIT award or obtain approval of our product candidates from the FDA and other regulatory authorities.

Reliance on government funding for Pelican’s programs may impose requirements that limit Pelican’s ability to take certain actions, and subject it to potential financial penalties, which could materially and adversely affect its business, financial condition and results of operations.

A significant portion of Pelican’s funding has been through a grant it received from the CPRIT Grant. The CPRIT Grant includes provisions that reflect the government’s substantial rights and remedies, many of which are not typically found in commercial contracts, including powers of the government to potentially require repayment of all or a portion of the grant award proceeds, in certain cases with interest, in the event Pelican violates certain covenants pertaining to various matters that include any potential relocation outside of the State of Texas. After the CPRIT Grant ends, Pelican is not permitted to retain any unused grant award proceeds without CPRIT’s approval, but Pelican’s royalty and other obligations, including its obligation to repay the disbursed grant proceeds under certain circumstances, survive the termination of the agreement.

Pelican’s award from CPRIT requires it to pay CPRIT a portion of its revenues from sales of certain products by it, or received from its licensees or sublicensees, at tiered percentages of revenue in the low- to mid-single digits until the aggregate amount of such payments equals 400% of the grant award proceeds, and thereafter at a rate of less than one percent for as long as Pelican maintains government exclusivity, subject to Pelican’s right, under certain circumstances, to make a one-time payment in a specified amount to CPRIT to terminate such payment obligations. In addition, the grant contract also contains a provision that provides for repayment to CPRIT of some amount not to exceed the full amount of the grant proceeds under certain specified circumstances involving relocation of Pelican’s principal place of business outside Texas.

The CPRIT Grant requires Pelican, as a Texas-based company, to meet certain criteria, including among other things, that Pelican maintain its headquarters in Texas and use certain vendors, consultants and employees that are located in Texas. As Pelican expands its operations, it will need to hire additional qualified personnel with expertise in preclinical testing, clinical research and testing, government regulation, formulation and manufacturing, sales and marketing and accounting and financing located in Texas. Pelican will compete for qualified individuals with numerous biopharmaceutical companies, universities and other research institutions. Competition for such individuals is intense, and there can be no assurance that the search for such personnel will be successful, especially in light of the territorial restrictions imposed by CPRIT. Attracting and retaining qualified personnel will be critical to Pelican’s access to the CPRIT Grant.

If Pelican fails to maintain compliance with any such requirements that may apply to it now or in the future, it may be subject to potential liability and to termination of its contracts, including potentially the CPRIT Grant.

If Pelican is unable to hire additional qualified personnel, its ability to utilize the CPRIT Grant will be forfeited.

In order to access the CPRIT Grant a majority of Pelican's employees must reside in Texas as well as its Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers. Pelican has identified qualified individuals and will have to negotiate agreements with each identified individual and will also need to hire such additional qualified personnel with expertise in preclinical testing, clinical research and testing, government regulation, formulation and manufacturing, sales and marketing and accounting and financing. Pelican will compete for qualified individuals with numerous biopharmaceutical companies, universities and other research institutions. Competition for such individuals is intense, and there can be no assurance that the search for such personnel will be successful. Attracting and retaining qualified personnel will be critical to Pelican's access to the CPRIT Grant.

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 we reported under an "emerging growth company," and any decision on our part to comply with certain reduced disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies could make our common stock less attractive to investors.

As of January 1, 2019, we are no longer an emerging growth company under the JOBS ACT. However, for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, we were an emerging growth company. An "emerging growth company," as defined under the JOBS ACT, we could choose to take advantage of exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to other public companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, not being required to comply with any new audit rules adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (the "PCAOB") after April 5, 2012 unless the SEC determines otherwise, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Under the JOBS ACT, a company should be deemed an emerging growth company until the earliest of: (i) the last day of the fiscal year in which we have total annual gross revenues of \$1.07 billion or more; (ii) the last day of our fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the date of our first sale of common equity securities pursuant to an effective registration statement; (iii) the date on which we have issued more than \$1.0 billion in nonconvertible debt during the previous three years; or (iv) the date on which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer. We elected to use the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards under Section 102(b)(2) of the JOBS Act, that allowed us to delay the adoption of new or revised accounting standards that have different effective dates for public and private companies until those standards apply to private companies. Further, as a result of these scaled regulatory requirements, our disclosure while an emerging growth company may be more limited than that of other public companies and you may not have the same protections afforded to shareholders of such companies.

We ceased to be an "emerging growth company," which means we will no longer be able to take advantage of certain reduced disclosure requirements in our public filings.

We ceased to be an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act, on December 31, 2018. As a result, we anticipate that costs and compliance initiatives will increase as a result of the fact that we ceased to be an "emerging growth company." In particular, we are now, or will be, subject to certain disclosure requirements that are applicable to other public companies that had not been applicable to us as an emerging growth company. These requirements include:

- compliance with the auditor attestation requirements in the assessment of our internal control over financial reporting once we are an accelerated filer or large accelerated filer;
- full disclosure and analysis obligations regarding executive compensation; and
- compliance with regulatory requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

There can be no assurance that we will be able to comply with the applicable regulations in a timely manner, if at all.

Risks Related to our Common Stock

The possible issuance of common stock subject to options, restricted stock units and warrants may dilute the interests of stockholders.

In 2014, we adopted a 2014 Stock Incentive Plan (the “2014 Plan”) and, in 2015 and 2016, we increased the number of shares of common stock that we have authority to grant under the 2014 Plan to a total of 3 million shares. In 2017, we adopted a 2017 Stock Incentive Plan (the “2017 Plan”). In addition, at our 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, our 2018 Plan was approved by our stockholders, which provides for the issuance of up to 4,000,000 shares of common stock as compensation awards, which number of shares was increased to 8,000,000 at our 2019 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. As of January 6, 2020, awards for 7,567,065 shares of common stock are outstanding under the foregoing plans and 410,800 shares of common stock remain available for grants under the plans.

In addition, as of January 6, 2020, we have warrants exercisable for 9,030,730 shares of our common stock to third parties in connection with our public offerings. To the extent that outstanding stock options and warrants are exercised, or additional securities are issued, dilution to the interests of our stockholders may occur. Moreover, the terms upon which we will be able to obtain additional equity capital may be adversely affected since the holders of the outstanding options can be expected to exercise them at a time when we would, in all likelihood, be able to obtain any needed capital on terms more favorable to us than those provided in such outstanding options.

We have additional securities available for issuance, which, if issued, could adversely affect the rights of the holders of our common stock.

Our certificate of incorporation authorizes the issuance of 100,000,000 shares of our common stock and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock. In certain circumstances, the common stock as well as the awards available for issuance under the 2014, 2017, and 2018 Plans, can be issued by our board of directors, without stockholder approval. Any future issuances of such stock would further dilute the percentage ownership of us held by holders of preferred stock and common stock. In addition, the issuance of preferred stock may be used as an “anti-takeover” device without further action on the part of our stockholders, and may adversely affect the holders of the common stock. Our board of directors is authorized to create and issue from time to time, with stockholder approval, up to an aggregate of 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock of which 8,212,500 have been designated, in one or more series and to establish the number of shares of any series of preferred stock and to fix the designations, powers, preferences and rights of the shares of each series and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions of the shares of each series. Pursuant to the investor agreement to be executed by certain purchasers in this offering at our next meeting of stockholders (which we anticipate to hold within a few weeks after the closing of this offering), such stockholders will agree to vote in favor of an increase the number of authorized shares of common stock and effect a reverse stock split of our common stock, which if approved by our shareholders will effectively increase the number of shares of common stock available for issuance. In addition, pursuant to the investor agreement, the investors will agree to vote at our next meeting of stockholders in favor of the creation blank check preferred stock, which if approved by our shareholders, will provide our board of directors the right to create preferred stock with rights preferences and designations as determined by our board of directors without additional stockholder approval. The authority to designate preferred stock may be used to issue series of preferred stock, or rights to acquire preferred stock, that could dilute the interest of, or impair the voting power of, holders of the common stock or could also be used as a method of determining, delaying or preventing a change of control.

We have never paid dividends and have no plans to pay dividends in the future.

Holders of shares of our common stock are entitled to receive such dividends as may be declared by our board of directors. To date, we have paid no cash dividends on our shares of our preferred or common stock and we do not expect to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future. We intend to retain future earnings, if any, to provide funds for operations of our business. Therefore, any return investors in our preferred or common stock may have will be in the form of appreciation, if any, in the market value of their shares of common stock.

Certain provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, our bylaws and stockholder rights plan may have anti-takeover effects that may make an acquisition of our company by another company more difficult.

We are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, which prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any business combination, including mergers and asset sales, with an interested stockholder (generally, a 15% or greater stockholder) for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. The operation of Section 203 may have anti-takeover effects, which could delay, defer or prevent a takeover attempt that a holder of our common stock might consider in its best interest. Certain provisions of our bylaws including the ability of our board of directors to fill vacancies on our board of directors and advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals and nominations may prevent or frustrate attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our management. In addition, the Rights issued pursuant to our stockholder rights plan that we implemented, if not redeemed or suspended, could result in the dilution of the stock ownership of a potential hostile acquirer, likely preventing acquisitions that have not been approved by our board of directors and therefore discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control that stockholders may consider favorable.

Our amended and restated bylaws provide that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the exclusive forum for certain types of state actions that may be initiated by our stockholders, which could limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers, or employees.

Our amended and restated bylaws provide that, unless we consent to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware is the exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of us, (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers, or other employees to us or our stockholders, (iii) any action arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or our certificate of incorporation or bylaws (as either may be amended from time to time), or (iv) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine, except, in each case for claims arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Exchange Act, or other federal securities laws for which there is exclusive federal or concurrent federal and state jurisdiction.

These exclusive-forum provisions may limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with us or our directors, employees, control persons, underwriters, or agents, which may discourage lawsuits against us and our directors, employees, control persons, underwriters, or agents. Additionally, a court could determine that the exclusive forum provision is unenforceable, and our stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. If a court were to find these provisions of our amended and restated bylaws inapplicable to, or unenforceable in respect of, one or more of the specified types of actions or proceedings, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such matters in other jurisdictions, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

Future sales of our common stock by our existing stockholders could cause our stock price to decline.

On January 6, 2020, we had 37,420,652 shares of our common stock outstanding, substantially all of which are currently eligible for sale in the public market, subject, in certain circumstances to the volume, manner of sale and other limitations under Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act. It is conceivable that stockholders may wish to sell some or all of their shares. If our stockholders sell substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market at the same time, the market price of our common stock could decrease significantly due to an imbalance in the supply and demand of our common stock. Even if they do not actually sell the stock, the perception in the public market that our stockholders might sell significant shares of our common stock could also depress the market price of our common stock.

A decline in the price of shares of our common stock might impede our ability to raise capital through the issuance of additional shares of our common stock or other equity securities, and may cause stockholders to lose part or all of their investment in our shares of common stock.

Our shares of common stock are from time to time thinly traded, so stockholders may be unable to sell at or near ask prices or at all if they need to sell shares to raise money or otherwise desire to liquidate their shares.

Our common stock has from time to time been “thinly-traded,” meaning that the number of persons interested in purchasing our common stock at or near ask prices at any given time may be relatively small or non-existent. This situation is attributable to a number of factors, including the fact that we are a small company that is relatively unknown to stock analysts, stock brokers, institutional investors and others in the investment community that generate or influence sales volume, and that even if we came to the attention of such persons, they tend to be risk-averse and would be reluctant to follow an unproven company such as ours or purchase or recommend the purchase of our shares until such time as we became more seasoned and viable. As a consequence, there may be periods of several days or more when trading activity in our shares is minimal or non-existent, as compared to a seasoned issuer that has a large and steady volume of trading activity that will generally support continuous sales without an adverse effect on share price. We cannot give stockholders any assurance that a broader or more active public trading market for our common shares will develop or be sustained, or that current trading levels will be sustained.

The trading in our stock has in the past and may continue to be very volatile.

Our stock price and the trading volume of our stock continue to be very volatile. As such, investors may find it difficult to obtain accurate stock price quotations and holders of our stock may be unable to resell their stock at desirable prices. Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock, or the perception that such sales might occur, could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock and our stock price may decline substantially in a short period of time. As a result, our stockholders could suffer losses or be unable to liquidate holdings.

Our previously issued warrants may not have any value.

Our previously issued warrants to purchase shares of our common stock may not have any value. For example, we previously issued warrants in a public offering that have an exercise price of \$10.00 per share. In the event that our common stock price does not exceed the exercise price of our previously issued warrants during the period when the warrants are exercisable, the warrants may not have any value.

There is no established market for the warrants that we previously issued.

There is no established trading market for the warrants that we previously issued, including those issued in a public offering, and we do not expect a market to develop. In addition, we do not intend to apply for the listing of the warrants on any national securities exchange or other trading market. Without an active trading market, the liquidity of the warrants will be limited.

The shares of common stock offered under any at the market offering that we may engage in, and investors who buy shares at different times will likely pay different prices.

Investors who purchase shares that are sold under at-the-market-offerings at different times will likely pay different prices, and so may experience different outcomes in their investment results. We will have discretion, subject to market demand, to vary the timing, prices, and numbers of shares sold, and there is no minimum or maximum sales price. Investors may experience declines in the value of their shares as a result of share sales made at prices lower than the prices they paid.

Reports published by securities or industry analysts, including projections in those reports that exceed our actual results, could adversely affect our common stock price and trading volume.

Securities research analysts, including those affiliated with our underwriters from prior offerings, establish and publish their own periodic projections for our business. These projections may vary widely from one another and may not accurately predict the results we actually achieve. Our stock price may decline if our actual results do not match securities research analysts’ projections. Similarly, if one or more of the analysts who writes reports on us downgrades our stock or publishes inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business or if one or more of these analysts ceases coverage of our company or fails to publish reports on us regularly, our stock price or trading volume could decline. While we expect securities research analyst coverage to continue going forward, if no securities or industry analysts begin to cover us, the trading price for our stock and the trading volume could be adversely affected.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein contain forward-looking statements, including statements regarding the progress and timing of our product development, the goals of our development activities, estimates of the potential markets for our product candidates, estimates of the capacity of manufacturing and other facilities to support our products, our expected future revenues, operations and expenditures and projected cash needs. The forward-looking statements are contained principally in the sections of this prospectus entitled “Prospectus Summary” “Risk Factors,” “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and “Business” and in the documents incorporated by reference. These statements relate to future events of our financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievement to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Those risks and uncertainties include, among others:

- our ability to implement our business plan;
- our ability to raise additional capital to meet our liquidity needs;
- our ability to generate sufficient proceeds from this offering;
- our ability to generate product revenues;
- our ability to achieve profitability;
- our ability to satisfy U.S. (including the FDA), and international regulatory requirements;
- our ability to obtain market acceptance of our technology and products;
- our ability to compete in the market;
- our ability to advance our clinical trials;
- our ability to fund, design and implement clinical trials;
- our ability to demonstrate that our product candidates are safe for human use and effective for indicated uses;
- our ability to gain acceptance of physicians and patients for use of our products;
- our dependency on third-party researchers and manufacturers and licensors;
- our ability to effectively implement cost-cutting measures;
- our ability to establish and maintain strategic partnerships, including for the distribution of products;
- our ability to attract and retain sufficient, qualified personnel;
- our ability to obtain or maintain patents or other appropriate protection for the intellectual property;
- our dependency on the intellectual property licensed to us or possessed by third parties;
- our ability to adequately support future growth;
- our ability to maintain our Nasdaq listing; and
- potential product liability or intellectual property infringement claims.

Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical facts. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as “may,” “will,” “should,” “could,” “would,” “expects,” “plans,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “projects,” “predicts,” “potential,” or the negative of those terms, and similar expressions and comparable terminology intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and are based on assumptions and subject to risks and uncertainties. Given these uncertainties, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements represent our estimates and assumptions only as of the date of this prospectus and, except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or review publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise after the date of this prospectus. You should read this prospectus, the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus, the documents referenced in this prospectus and the documents filed as exhibits to the registration statement, of which this prospectus is a part, completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds of this offering will be approximately \$6.9 million, assuming the sale of 17,021,276 shares of our common stock and accompanying common warrants or approximately \$8.0 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares of common stock and accompanying common warrants, at a public offering price of \$0.47 per share for the common stock (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) and the accompanying common warrants, after deducting the estimated underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us, and excluding the proceeds, if any, from the exercise of the common warrants. The public offering price per common share will be determined between us, the underwriter and investors based on market conditions at the time of pricing and may be at a discount to the current market price of our common stock. We will only receive additional proceeds from the exercise of the common warrants issuable in connection with this offering if such warrants are exercised at their exercise price of 110% of the public offering price of the common stock and the holders of such warrants pay the exercise price in cash upon such exercise and do not utilize the cashless exercise provision of the common warrants.

Except where indicated, the foregoing discussion assumes no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase up to 2,553,191 additional shares of common stock and/or the accompanying common warrants to purchase up to 1,276,595 shares of common stock.

A \$0.10 increase (decrease) in the assumed public offering price of \$0.47 per share of common stock and accompanying warrant would increase (decrease) the expected net proceeds of the offering to us by approximately \$1.6 million, assuming that the number of shares sold by us remains the same. A \$0.25 increase (decrease) in the assumed public offering price of \$0.47 per share of common stock and accompanying warrant would increase (decrease) the expected net proceeds of the offering to us by approximately \$4.0 million, assuming that the number of shares sold by us remains the same. We may also increase or decrease the number of shares of our common stock we are offering. An increase (decrease) of 500,000 in the number of shares sold in this offering would increase (decrease) the expected net proceeds of the offering to us by approximately \$219,000, assuming that the assumed public offering price per share remains the same. An increase (decrease) of 1,000,000 in the number of shares sold in this offering would increase (decrease) the expected net proceeds of the offering to us by approximately \$437,000.

We intend to use the net proceeds, if any, from the sales of securities offered by this prospectus to fund our and our subsidiaries' preclinical and clinical programs and for working capital and general corporate purposes, including, to acquire, license or invest in complementary businesses, technologies, product candidates or other intellectual property, to fund our milestone payment obligations under our license agreements and stock purchase agreement with the stockholders of Pelican and to repurchase outstanding securities. We have broad discretion in determining how the proceeds of this offering will be used, and our discretion is not limited by the aforementioned possible uses. Our board of directors believes the flexibility in application of the net proceeds is prudent.

The amounts and timing of our actual expenditures will depend on numerous factors, including our development and commercialization efforts, as well as the amount of cash used in our operations. We therefore cannot estimate with certainty the amount of net proceeds to be used for the purposes described above. We may find it necessary or advisable to use the net proceeds for other purposes, and we will have broad discretion in the application of the net proceeds. Pending the uses described above, we plan to invest the net proceeds from this offering in short-term, investment-grade, interest-bearing securities.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of September 30, 2019:

- on an actual basis;
- on a pro forma basis to give effect to the issuance subsequent to September 30, 2019 of 3,280,000 shares of restricted common stock to a director and executive under our equity incentive plan; and
- on a pro forma as adjusted basis to give effect to the foregoing pro forma adjustments and the sale of 17,021,276 shares of common stock in this offering at the public offering price of \$0.47 per share (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) and accompanying common warrants to purchase 8,510,638 shares of common stock and, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and other estimated offering expenses payable by us. The as adjusted basis excludes the proceeds, if any, from the exercise of the common warrants issued in this offering.

This capitalization table should be read in conjunction with “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and our historical financial statements and notes to those financial statements that are incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

	As of September 30, 2019		
	Actual	Pro Forma	Pro Forma As Adjusted
Cash and cash Equivalents	\$ 9,334,421	\$ 9,334,421	\$ 16,224,421
Common stock, \$0.0002 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized, 34,140,652 shares issued and outstanding, actual; 37,420,652 shares issued and outstanding, pro forma; _____ shares issued and outstanding, pro form as adjusted; Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	6,822	7,150	10,554
Additional paid-in capital	117,836,082	118,603,654	125,490,249
Accumulated deficit	(101,261,124)	(102,029,024)	(102,029,024)
Accumulated other Comprehensive Loss	52,230	52,230	52,230
Total Stockholders’ Equity Heat Biologics, Inc.	16,634,010	16,634,010	23,524,010
Non-Controlling Interest	(460,559)	(460,559)	(460,559)
Total stockholders’ equity	16,173,451	16,173,451	23,063,451
Total capitalization	<u>\$ 24,451,646</u>	<u>\$ 24,451,646</u>	<u>\$ 31,341,646</u>

Each increase (decrease) of 500,000 shares of common stock to be purchased at \$0.47 per share and accompanying warrant (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) would increase or (decrease) additional paid-in capital, total stockholders’ equity (deficit) and total capitalization by approximately \$219,000, assuming the offering price remains at \$0.47 and after deducting estimated underwriters’ discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. Each increase (decrease) of 1,000,000 shares of common stock to be purchased at \$0.47 per share and accompanying warrant (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) would increase or (decrease) additional paid-in capital, total stockholders’ equity (deficit) and total capitalization by approximately \$437,000 assuming the offering price remains at \$0.47 and after deducting estimated underwriters’ discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

A \$0.10 increase (decrease) in the assumed public offering price of \$0.47 per share of common stock and accompanying warrant (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in each of our additional paid-in capital, total stockholders' equity (deficit) and total capitalization on a pro forma as adjusted basis by approximately \$1.6 million, assuming that the number of shares of our common stock sold by us as set forth on the cover page of this prospect remains the same and after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. A \$0.25 increase (decrease) in the assumed public offering price of \$0.47 per share of common stock and accompanying warrant (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in each of our additional paid-in capital, total stockholders' equity (deficit) and total capitalization on a pro forma as adjusted basis by approximately \$4.0 million, assuming that the number of shares of our common stock sold by us as set forth on the cover page of this prospect remains the same and after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

Unless we indicate otherwise, all information in this Capitalization section takes into account the pro forma adjustments and:

- assumes no exercise by the underwriters of their over-allotment option;
- excludes 3,148,636 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding options under our equity incentive plans at a weighted-average exercise price of \$2.54 per share;
- excludes 31,901 shares of our common stock issuable upon vesting of outstanding restricted stock units under our equity incentive plans;
- excludes 9,030,730 shares of our common stock reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding warrants with a weighted-average exercise price of \$1.89 per share;
- assumes no exercise of the common warrants; and
- excludes 3,134,346 shares of our common stock that are reserved for equity awards that may be granted under our equity incentive plans.

DILUTION

If you purchase shares of our securities in this offering, you will experience dilution to the extent of the difference between the public offering price per share in this offering and our as adjusted net tangible book value per share immediately after this offering. Net tangible book value per share is equal to the amount of our total tangible assets, less total liabilities, divided by the number of outstanding shares of our common stock. As of September 30, 2019, our net tangible book value was approximately \$ 8.9 million, or approximately \$0.26 per share.

After giving effect to the issuance subsequent to September 30, 2019 of 3,280,000 shares of restricted common stock to a director and executive under our equity incentive plan, our pro forma net tangible book value as of September 30, 2019 would have been approximately \$8.9 million, or approximately \$0.24 per share. After giving effect to the foregoing pro forma adjustments and the assumed sale by us of 17,021,276 shares of our common stock in this offering at a public offering price of \$0.47 per share (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020), and the accompanying common warrant and excluding the proceeds, if any, from the exercise of the common warrants and after deducting the estimated underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us, our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value as of September 30, 2019 would have been approximately \$15.7 million, or approximately \$0.29 per share. This represents an immediate increase in pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value of \$0.05 per share to existing stockholders and an immediate dilution of \$0.18 per share to new investors purchasing securities in this offering. The following table illustrates this per share dilution:

Assumed public offering price per share of common stock and accompanying warrant	\$	0.47
Pro Forma net tangible book value per share as of September 30, 2019	\$	0.24
Increase in pro forma net tangible book value per share after this offering	\$	0.05
 Pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share after giving effect to this offering	 \$	 <u>0.29</u>
 Dilution per share to new investors	 \$	 0.18

The information above assumes that the underwriters do not exercise their over-allotment option. If the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full, the pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value will increase to \$0.30 per share, representing an immediate dilution of \$0.17 per share to new investors.

A \$0.10 increase (decrease) in the assumed public offering price of \$0.47 per share and accompanying warrant (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value of approximately \$1.6 million or approximately \$0.03 per share, and would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in the dilution to new investors of approximately \$0.07 per share, assuming that the number of shares of our common stock sold by us remains the same and after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. A \$0.25 increase (decrease) in the assumed public offering price of \$0.47 per share and accompanying warrant (which was the last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Capital Market on January 6, 2020) would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value of approximately \$4.0 million or increase approximately \$0.07 per share, and would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in the dilution to new investors of approximately \$0.18 per share, assuming that the number of shares of our common stock sold by us remains the same and after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

We may also increase or decrease the number of shares of common stock we are offering from the assumed number of shares of common stock set forth above. An increase (decrease) of 500,000 in the assumed number of shares of common stock sold by us in this offering would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value of approximately \$219,000 or approximately \$0.001 per share, and would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in the dilution to new investors of approximately (\$0.001) per share, assuming that the assumed public offering price of the common stock remains the same and after deducting the estimated underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us. An increase (decrease) of 1,000,000 in the assumed number of shares of common stock sold by us in this offering would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value of approximately \$437,000 or an increase (decrease) of approximately \$0.003 per share, and would result in an incremental increase (decrease) in the dilution to new investors of approximately (\$0.003) per share in the dilution to new investors, assuming that the assumed public offering price of the common stock remains the same and after deducting the estimated underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us. The information discussed above is illustrative only and will adjust based on the actual public offering price, the actual number of securities in this offering and other terms of this offering determined at pricing. The information discussed above is illustrative only and will adjust based on the actual public offering price, the actual number of securities in this offering and other terms of this offering determined at pricing.

The foregoing discussion and table do not take into account further dilution to new investors that could occur upon the exercise of outstanding options or warrants, including the common warrants offered hereby. In addition, we may choose to raise additional capital due to market conditions or strategic considerations even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans. To the extent that additional capital is raised through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of these securities could result in further dilution to our stockholders.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

NARRATIVE DISCLOSURE TO SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

All share numbers in the discussion below and in the following tables have been adjusted for the one-for-ten reverse stock split effective January 19, 2018.

Overview of Our Compensation Program

A. Philosophy and Objectives

Our primary objective with respect to executive compensation is to design compensation programs that will align executives' compensation with our overall business strategies for the creation of stockholder value and attract, motivate and retain highly qualified executives.

Our executive compensation program is based on the following philosophies and objectives:

- *Compensation Should Align with Stockholders' Interests* — Our Compensation Committee and our Board of Directors (the "Board") believe that executives' interests should be aligned with those of the stockholders. Executives are granted restricted stock and stock options so that their total compensation is tied directly to the value realized by our stockholders. Executive bonuses are tied directly company strategy and operational execution which contributes to our success as a whole.
- *Compensation is Competitive* — The Compensation Committee and Board seek to provide a total compensation package that attracts, motivates and retains the executive talent that we need in order to maximize the return to stockholders and execute our operational and scientific strategy. To accomplish this objective, executive compensation is reviewed annually to ensure that compensation levels are competitive and reasonable in relation to comparable companies with which we compete for talent.
- *Compensation Motivates and Rewards the Achievement of Goals* — Our executive compensation program is designed to appropriately reward both individual and collective performance that meets and exceeds our annual and long-term strategic and operational goals. To accomplish this objective, a substantial percentage of total compensation is variable, "at risk", both through annual incentive compensation and the granting of long-term incentive awards.

We seek to achieve these objectives through three key primary compensation elements:

- a base salary;
- a performance-based annual cash incentive (i.e., annual cash incentive compensation); and
- long term equity awards.

In order to enhance the Compensation Committee's ability to carry out its responsibilities effectively, as well as maintain strong links between executive pay and performance, the Compensation Committee reviews compensation information for each named executive officer (as defined below), which includes the following information:

- the annual compensation and benefit values that are being offered to each executive;
- the value of all outstanding equity awards; and
- discussions with our Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and other senior management in connection with compensation matters, as well as compensation consultants and other advisors from time to time.

B. Compensation Administration

Roles and Responsibilities of Compensation Committee

The primary purpose of the Compensation Committee is to conduct reviews of our general executive compensation policies and strategies and oversee and evaluate our overall compensation structure and programs. The Compensation Committee seeks to confirm that total compensation paid to our named executive officers during the year ended December 31, 2019, was reasonable and competitive. Our Named Executive Officers for the year ended December 31, 2019 were as follows: Jeffrey Wolf, our Chief Executive Officer, Jeff T. Hutchins, our Chief Scientific Officer/Chief Operating Officer, William Ostrander, our Vice President of Finance and Ann Rosar and Robert Jakobs, each our Former Vice Presidents of Finance (collectively, our “named executive officers”). Responsibilities of the Compensation Committee include, but are not limited to:

- Establishing on an annual basis performance goals and objectives for purposes of determining the compensation of our Chief Executive Officer and other senior executive officers, evaluating the performance of such officers in light of those goals and objectives, and setting the compensation level for those officers based on this evaluation.
- Recommending to the Board the compensation for independent Board members (including retainer, committee and committee chair’s fees, stock options and components of compensation as appropriate).
- Reviewing the competitive position of, and making recommendations to the Board with respect to, the cash-based and equity-based compensation plans and other programs relating to compensation and benefits.
- Reviewing our financial performance and operations as well as our major benefit plans.
- Overseeing the administration of our stock option and other executive compensation plans, including recommending to the Board of Directors the granting of options and awards under the plans, and the approval or disapproval of the participation of individual employees in those plans.
- Reviewing and approving for our Chief Executive Officer and other senior executive officers: (a) employment agreements; (b) severance agreements; (c) change in control agreements/provisions; and (d) any other material perquisites or other in-kind benefits.

Additional information regarding the Compensation Committee’s responsibilities is set forth in its charter, which is posted on our website at www.heatbio.com.

Use of Compensation Consultant

The Compensation Committee retained Korn Ferry, a nationally-recognized global human resources consulting firm, as its independent compensation advisor for 2018 and 2019. Korn Ferry principally provides analysis, advice and recommendations regarding named executive officer and non-employee director compensation as well as guidance and considerations on our long-term incentive program for all eligible employees including salary, bonus, benefits and equity awards for our executive officers and retainers, meeting fees and equity awards for our directors. Korn Ferry reports to the Chairman of the Compensation Committee and has direct access to the other members of the Compensation Committee. Korn Ferry does not provide any other services to the Company other than in its role as the Compensation Committee’s independent advisor. The Compensation Committee has evaluated Korn Ferry’s reports and, as they considered appropriate to achieve the best interests of the Company and its stockholders, implemented the recommendations.

The Compensation Committee considered whether Korn Ferry had any conflicts of interest in advising the Committee. In doing so, the Compensation Committee considered whether Korn Ferry had been providing services of any other nature to us; the amount of fees received from us by Korn Ferry; the policies and procedures adopted by Korn Ferry that have been designed to prevent conflicts of interest; whether any business or personal relationships existed between the consultants employed by Korn Ferry who worked on our matters and any member of the Compensation Committee; whether any business or personal relationship existed between such consultants and any of the our executive officers; and whether Korn Ferry or such consultants hold any of our common stock. Upon evaluating such considerations, the Committee found no conflicts of interest in Korn Ferry advising the Compensation Committee.

Role of the Chief Executive Officer

Our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Wolf, makes recommendations to the Compensation Committee regarding the compensation of our other named executive officers. Mr. Wolf does not participate in any discussions or processes concerning his own compensation and participates in a non-voting capacity in discussions or processes concerning the compensation of our Principal Financial Officer and other members of management.

Compensation Committee Consideration of Shareholder Advisory Votes

At our annual meeting of stockholders held on July 23, 2019, we submitted the compensation of our named executive officers to our stockholders in a nonbinding vote. Our executive compensation program received the support of holders of approximately 84% of the shares that voted on this proposal at the meeting (including abstentions but excluding broker non-votes). At our annual meeting of stockholders held on July 23, 2019, our stockholders voted on an advisory basis with respect to the frequency of future advisory votes on executive compensation. Holders of a majority of the shares that voted on this proposal at the meeting (including abstentions but excluding broker non-votes) expressed their preference for an advisory vote every three years. Accordingly, we intend to hold an annual advisory vote on executive compensation at our annual meeting of stockholders in 2022.

C. Competitive Considerations

In making compensation decisions with respect to each element of compensation for our named executive officers, the Compensation Committee believes that it is important to be informed as to the competitive market practices at similarly-situated public companies. In setting 2019 and 2020 target total direct compensation levels for our named executive officers, the Compensation Committee relied in part on reports prepared by Korn Ferry in December 2018 and December 2019, respectively. In December 2019, Korn Ferry conducted a comprehensive assessment of our named executive officer pay program relative to a premier compensation survey which is specific to our size and industry and a peer group of 18 similarly-situated public companies focused on oncology at a similar clinical development stage, which included the following compensation elements: (1) base salary, (2) target annual incentives (bonuses), (3) target total cash compensation, (4) long-term incentives and (5) target total direct compensation. In addition, Korn Ferry also provided an analysis of our pay mix and long-term incentive program relative to peer group practices. Korn Ferry's assessment included our Chief Executive Officer, our Vice President of Finance and our Chief Operating Officer/Chief Scientific Officer. The Compensation Committee considered the competitive market pay data from both our publicly-traded peer group that was included in Korn Ferry's analysis and relevant survey data which is specific to our size and industry. In December 2018, Korn Ferry also conducted a comprehensive assessment of our named executive officer pay program relative to a premier compensation survey which is specific to our size and industry and market data from 14 similarly-situated biotechnology, pharmaceuticals and biopharma companies. The Compensation Committee's desired competitive positioning and its pay program decision-making (in terms of both compensation levels and overall mix of pay which is focused on variable or "at risk" compensation) is reflective of our pay for performance philosophy and provides alignment of executive and shareholder interests.

We believe that, given the industry in which we operate and our compensation philosophy and objectives, our approach to executive compensation is sufficient to retain our current executive officers and to hire new executive officers when and as required.

D. Components of Compensation

The allocation between cash and non-cash named executive officer compensation is influenced by subjective and objective factors considered by the Compensation Committee and is intended to reflect the Compensation Committee's determination of the appropriate compensation mix among base pay, annual cash incentives and long-term equity incentives for each named executive officers.

1. Base Salaries

We provide our named executive officers a base salary commensurate with their position, responsibilities and experience. In setting the base salary, the Compensation Committee considers the scope and accountability associated with each named executive officer's position and such factors as performance and experience of each named executive officer. We design base pay to provide the essential reward for an employee's work and are required to be competitive in attracting talent. Once base pay levels are initially determined, increases in base pay may be provided to recognize an employee's specific performance achievements. The base salaries are targeted to be competitive with other similar biotechnology companies. Base salaries for the named executive officers are set by their respective employment contracts and are reviewed annually by the Compensation Committee. Our Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Scientific Officer/Chief Operating Officer and our Vice President of Finance typically make performance assessments of our other employees throughout the year, and provide ongoing feedback to employees, provide resources and maximize individual and team performance levels. Based on the analysis provided to us by Korn Ferry and other comparative research performed by the Compensation Committee, the Compensation Committee was able to compare the base salary for the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Scientific Officer/Chief Operating Officer and our Vice President of Finance to those of the proxies of a peer group of 18 publicly traded companies competing within the same industry as the Company and at similar stages of clinical development and external survey published data. It was determined that our Chief Executive's Officer's, Chief Scientific Officer's/Chief Operating Officer's and Vice President of Finance's 2019 base salary levels were within a competitive range of market relative to competitive market data and therefore only modest merit-related base salary increases were provided for 2019 and cost of living adjustments of 3% of base salary were provided for 2020. The 2019 and 2020 base salaries for our current named executive officers are as follows:

Named Executive Officer	Base Salary 2019	Base Salary 2020
Jeffrey Wolf, Chief Executive Officer	\$427,579	\$440,406
Jeff T. Hutchins, Ph.D. Chief Scientific Officer/ Chief Operating Officer	\$343,375	\$353,676
William Ostrander, Vice President of Finance	\$220,000	\$226,600

2. Bonuses

The Compensation Committee also makes recommendations to the full Board of Directors for determining bonuses. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Compensation Committee awarded a \$213,789 cash bonus for Jeffrey Wolf (50% of gross base salary), a \$103,013 cash bonus for Jeff T. Hutchins, Ph.D. (30% of gross base salary) and a \$11,677 cash bonus for William Ostrander (20% of gross base salary, pro-rated from the date of his employment commencement on September 25, 2019).

On December 31, 2019, Mr. Wolf was also paid a gross up cash payment of \$166,864 to cover the estimated taxes with respect to his restricted stock award that he received in December 2019, which was in addition to his annual cash bonus for 2019. On January 2, 2020, Mr. Wolf was also paid a gross up cash payment of \$367,100 to cover the estimated taxes with respect to the restricted stock award he received in January 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Compensation Committee approved a \$208,575 cash bonus for Jeffrey Wolf (50% of pro-rated gross base salary), a \$100,500 cash bonus for Jeff T. Hutchins, Ph.D. (30% of pro-rated gross base salary) and a \$65,000 cash bonus for Ann Rosar (25% of pro-rated gross base salary). In addition, on January 1, 2019, the Board of Directors granted the following one-time supplemental cash bonuses to the executive officers for significant strategic and operational achievements in 2018: (i) Mr. Wolf a one-time supplemental cash bonus equal to \$208,575; (ii) Dr. Hutchins a one-time supplemental cash bonus equal to \$100,500; and (iii) Ann Rosar a one-time supplemental cash bonus equal to \$65,000.

The employment agreement with Jeffrey Wolf that was in effect during 2019 and 2018 provided that he was eligible for a cash performance bonus of up to fifty percent (50%) of his base as well as an equity bonus in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. Dr. Hutchins employment agreement was amended in January 2019 to increase his bonus such that he is eligible for a cash performance bonus of up to thirty percent (30%) of his base and as well as an equity bonus in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors, with the actual amount of any such bonus increased or decreased in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. Mr. Ostrander's offer letter provides for an annual bonus of up to twenty percent (20%) of his base and as well as an equity bonus in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors, with the actual amount of any such bonus increased or decreased in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. The Compensation Committee believes that the granting of a bonus is appropriate to motivate the named executive officers. The Compensation Committee focuses on individual performance, which enables the Compensation Committee to differentiate among executives and emphasize the link between personal performance and compensation. Although the Compensation Committee does not use any fixed formula in determining bonuses, it does link them to financial objectives of importance to it.

3. Long-Term Incentives

The Compensation Committee believes that a substantial portion of the named executive officer's compensation should be awarded in equity-based compensation since equity-based compensation is directly linked to the interests of stockholders. The rationale for making equity awards was to use the awards to encourage retention and better align the interest of the named executive officers with the stockholders. The Compensation Committee has elected to grant a combination of stock options and restricted stock awards to the named executive officers and other key employees as the primary long-term incentive vehicles. In making this determination, the Compensation Committee considered a number of factors including: the accounting impact, potential value of restricted stock and stock option grants versus other equity instruments and cash incentives, and the alignment of equity participants with stockholders. In determining equity awards, the Compensation Committee focused on the pro-forma percent ownership as compared to executive officers in similar companies. In 2019 and 2020 the Board also considered each named executive officer's prior long-term service and the fact that there was a lack of realizable value from their prior awards since substantially all of the prior awards were of significant low value and/or underwater. In addition, the Compensation Committee also sought to better align the Chief Executive Officer's equity ownership interest in our company with that of other chief executive officers of similarly situated public companies. The Compensation Committee determined in December 2019 and January 2020 to grant restricted stock awards to the Chief Executive Officer.

In December 2019, Jeffrey Wolf was granted 900,000 restricted stock awards as part of his long-term incentive compensation for the year ended December 31, 2019. In addition, Jeffrey Wolf was granted 1,980,000 restricted stock awards in January 2020. The restricted stock awards will vest 50% immediately, 30% on the one-year anniversary of the grant date, 10% on the two-year anniversary grant date, and the remaining 10% on the three-year anniversary grant date. The restricted stock agreements with respect to the foregoing issuances of restricted stock, among other things, prohibit transfers of the restricted stock prior to the two-year anniversary of the grant date other than by will, laws of descent and distribution and in the event of death. In addition, sales or transfers made after the two year anniversary of the grant date are subject to the right of the Company to buy back the stock at any time that the holder desires to sell the restricted stock at a price equal to the lower of the closing price per share and 32 times the closing price per share on the date of grant.

Due to the limited number of awards available for grant under the 2018 Plan, the Compensation Committee intends to grant option awards to employees, including Dr. Hutchins and Mr. Ostrander, upon receipt of stockholder approval of an increase in the number of awards available for grant under the 2018 Plan.

Each of Jeffrey Wolf, Jeff T. Hutchins, Ph.D. and Ann Rosar were granted options to purchase 800,000, 356,860 and 110,570 shares of common stock, respectively, in January 2019 as part of their annual long-term incentive compensation. In addition, Jeffrey Wolf, Jeff T. Hutchins, Ph.D. and Ann Rosar were issued 800,000, 143,140 and 89,430 restricted stock awards, respectively in January 2019, as part of their annual long-term incentive compensation. The stock options and restricted stock awards granted vest 50% immediately, 30% on the one-year anniversary of the grant date, 10% shall vest on the two-year anniversary grant date, and the remaining 10% shall vest on the three-year anniversary grant date. The stock options have a term of ten years. Mr. Ostrander was granted an option to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock on September 25, 2019, upon his commencement of employment, that vests pro rata over four years.

The Compensation Committee reviews the performance, potential burn rates and dilution levels to create an option pool that may be awarded to employee participants. Grants to the named executive officers were determined by the Compensation Committee after reviewing market data, including the reports and analysis discussed above and after considering each executive's performance, role and responsibilities as well as consideration of specific issues related to voting of foreign shares.

The Compensation Committee does not seek to time equity grants to take advantage of information, either positive or negative, about our company that has not been publicly disclosed. Option grants are effective on the date the award determination is made by the Compensation Committee, and the exercise price of options is the closing market price of our common stock on the business day of the grant or, if the grant is made on a weekend or holiday, on the prior business day.

Former Vice President of Finance Compensation.

Ann Rosar served as our Vice President of Finance/ Controller from April 2016 until March 31, 2019. Prior to her resignation, she was compensated in accordance with her employment agreement and other benefits consistent with those provided to members of management. The details of the agreements relating to Ms. Rosar's employment and her separation can be found under "Employment Agreements." Ms. Rosar's base salary for 2019 and 2018 was \$266,500 and \$260,000, respectively, and she was eligible for a discretionary performance bonus. Ms. Rosar did not receive a bonus for services performed for the year ended December 31, 2019 as she resigned in March 2019; however she did receive a \$65,000 cash bonus performance for services performed during the year ended December 31, 2018, a \$5,000 bonus in June 2018 plus a one-time supplemental cash bonus of \$65,000 for services performed during the year ended December 31, 2018.

Robert Jakobs served as our Vice President of Finance/ Controller from April 1, 2019 until September 20, 2019. Prior to his resignation, he was compensated in accordance with his offer letter and other benefits consistent with those provided to members of management. The details of the agreement relating to Mr. Jakobs' employment and his separation can be found under "Employment Agreements." Ms. Jakobs base salary for 2019 was \$220,000 and he was eligible for a discretionary performance bonus. Mr. Jakobs did not receive a bonus for services performed for the year ended December 31, 2019 as he resigned in September 2019.

Set forth below is the compensation paid or accrued to our named executive officers during the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 that exceeded \$100,000.

Summary Compensation Table

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards (12)	Options (12)	Other	Total
Jeffrey Wolf <i>Chairman and Chief Executive Officer</i>	2019	\$ 427,579	\$ 213,789(1)	\$ 848,000	\$ 748,800	\$ 166,864(2)	\$ 2,405,032
	2018	\$ 417,150	\$ 417,150(3)	\$ 160,785	\$ 171,533	\$ —	\$ 1,166,618
Jeff T. Hutchins, Ph.D. <i>Chief Scientific Officer and Chief Operating officer</i>	2019	\$ 343,375	\$ 103,013	\$ 151,728	\$ 334,021	\$ —	\$ 932,137
	2018	\$ 335,000	\$ 201,000(4)	\$ —	\$ 85,386	\$ —	\$ 621,386
Ann A. Rosar <i>Former Vice President of Finance (5)</i>	2019	\$ 88,833(5)	\$ —	\$ 47,398(6)	\$ 103,494	\$ 10,250(5)	\$ 249,975
	2018	\$ 260,000	\$ 135,000(7)	\$ 17,865	\$ 19,060	\$ —	\$ 431,925
Robert Jakobs <i>Former Vice President of Finance (8)</i>	2019	\$ 121,517(8)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 21,151(9)	\$ 142,668
William L. Ostrander <i>Vice President of Finance (10)</i>	2019	\$ 58,385(10)	\$ 11,677(11)	\$ —	\$ 36,225	\$ —	\$ 106,287

- (1) Mr. Wolf's annual 2019 bonus of \$213,789 was accrued in 2019 and paid in 2020.
- (2) A special bonus was paid in 2019 to cover the estimated taxes from the 900,000 restricted stock award granted on 12/30/19.
- (3) Mr. Wolf's annual 2018 bonus of \$208,575 was paid in 2018. The one-time supplemental cash bonus of \$208,575 was accrued in 2018 and paid in 2019.
- (4) Dr. Hutchins' annual 2018 bonus of \$100,500 was paid in 2018. The one-time supplemental cash bonus of \$100,500 was accrued in 2018 and paid in 2019.
- (5) Ms. Rosar resigned as our Vice President of Finance on March 31, 2019 and her last day of employment was April 30, 2019. Regular pay of \$88,833 plus \$10,250 for accrued vacation was paid out during 2019.
- (6) Represents the value of the restricted stock award, net of forfeiture related to the last day of employment, April 30, 2019.
- (7) Ms. Rosar's annual 2018 bonus of \$65,000 was paid in 2018. Ms. Rosar received a performance bonus of \$5,000 in June 2018. The one-time supplemental cash bonus of \$65,000 was accrued in 2018 and paid in 2019.
- (8) Mr. Jakobs last day of employment was September 20, 2019.
- (9) Mr. Jakobs was paid \$18,333 in severance payments related to his separation agreement and \$2,818 for accrued vacation.
- (10) Mr. Ostrander was appointed as our Vice President of Finance on September 25, 2019.
- (11) Mr. Ostrander's annual bonus was prorated to \$11,677 and was paid in 2019.
- (12) For all stock options and stock awards, the values reflect the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with FASB ASC 718. For all stock options and awards granted in 2018, assumptions made in the calculation of these amounts are described in the footnotes of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements, most recently filed for the years ended December 31, 2018. For all stock options and awards granted in 2019, the assumptions are described in Note 9 of the unaudited consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, as filed in Form 10-Q.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End (December 31, 2019)

Name and Principal Position	Option Awards				Stock Awards	
	Number of securities underlying unexercised options/ exercisable	Number of securities underlying unexercised options/ unexercisable	Option exercise price	Option expiration date	Number of shares or units of stock that have not vested	Market value of shares or units of stock that have not vested
Jeffrey Wolf	10,000(1)	—	\$ 86.20	06/11/2024	—	—
<i>Chairman and</i>	1,251(2)	—	\$ 45.30	01/12/2025	—	—
<i>Chief Executive Officer</i>	9,406(3)	—	\$ 24.70	1/11/2025	—	—
	5,495(4)	2,005	\$ 8.60	12/30/2026	—	—
	9,128(5)	3,373	\$ 8.70	01/03/2027	6,250(6)	\$ 3,000(6)
	28,544(7)	31,016	\$ 3.97	01/07/2028	20,250(8)	\$ 9,720(8)
	400,000(9)	400,000	\$ 1.06	01/02/2029	400,000(10)	\$ 192,000(10)
	—	—	\$ 0.46	12/30/2029	450,000(11)	\$ 216,000(11)
Jeff T. Hutchins, Ph.D.	14,583(12)	5,417	\$ 8.70	01/03/2027	—	—
<i>Chief Scientific Officer and</i>	6,458(13)	3,542	\$ 6.60	06/28/2027	—	—
<i>Chief Operating Officer</i>	14,206(14)	15,442	\$ 3.97	01/07/2028	—	—
	178,430(15)	178,430	\$ 1.06	01/02/2029	71,570(16)	\$ 34,354(16)
Ann A. Rosar	1,000(17)	—	\$ 45.30	01/12/2025	—	—
<i>Former Vice President of</i>	489(18)	—	\$ 24.70	01/11/2026	—	—
<i>Finance, Controller</i>	1,500(19)	—	\$ 6.60	04/05/2026	—	—
<i>and Secretary</i>	3,791(20)	—	\$ 8.70	01/03/2027	—	—
	1,093(21)	—	\$ 6.60	06/28/2027	—	—
	1,930(22)	—	\$ 3.97	01/07/2028	—	—
William L. Ostrander	4,687(23)	70,313	\$ 0.52	09/25/2029	—	—
<i>Vice President of Finance and Secretary</i>						

- (1) All shares are fully vested as of January 2016.
- (2) All shares are fully vested as of December 2018.
- (3) All shares are fully vested as of December 2019.
- (4) Issued on December 30, 2016, these options vest over a four-year period and fully vested in January 2020.
- (5) Issued on January 3, 2017, these shares vest over a 46-month period and will be fully vested in January 2021.
- (6) Issued on January 3, 2017, 3,125 restricted stock units vested January 3, 2018; 3,125 restricted stock units vested January 3, 2019; 3,125 restricted stock units vest January 3, 2020, and 3,125 restricted stock units vest January 3, 2021. Market value based on closing price of the common stock of \$0.48 on December 31, 2019.
- (7) Issued on January 7, 2018, these shares vest over a 46-month period and will be fully vested in January 2022.
- (8) Issued on January 7, 2018, 10,125 restricted stock units vested January 8, 2018; 10,125 vested January 8, 2019; 10,125 vest January 7, 2020; and 10,125 vest January 8, 2021. Amount represents the value of shares at December 31, 2019. Market value based on closing price of the common stock of \$0.48 on December 31, 2019.
- (9) Issued on January 2, 2019, 400,000 shares vested on January 2, 2019, 240,000 shares vest January 2, 2020, 80,000 shares vest January 2, 2021, and 80,000 shares vest January 2, 2022.
- (10) Issued on January 2, 2019, 400,000 restricted stock units vested January 2, 2019; 240,000 vest January 2, 2020; 80,000 vest January 2, 2021; and 80,000 vest January 2, 2022. Market value based on closing price of the common stock of \$0.48 on December 31, 2019.
- (11) Issued on December 30, 2019, 450,000 restricted stock units vested December 30, 2019; 270,000 vest December 30, 2020; 90,000 vest December 30, 2021; and 90,000 vest December 30, 2022. Market value based on closing price of the common stock of \$0.48 on December 31, 2019.
- (12) Issued on January 3, 2017, these shares vest over a 46-month period and will be fully vested in January 2021.
- (13) Issued on June 28, 2017, these shares vest over a 46-month period and will be fully vested in May 2021.
- (14) Issued January 7, 2018, these shares vest over a 46-month period and will be fully vested in January 2022.
- (15) Issued on January 2, 2019, 178,430 shares vested on January 2, 2019, 107,058 shares vest January 2, 2020, 35,686 shares vest January 2, 2021, and 35,686 shares vest January 2, 2022.
- (16) Issued on January 2, 2019, 71,570 restricted stock units vested January 2, 2019; 42,942 vest January 2, 2020; 14,314 vest January 2, 2021; and 14,314 vest January 2, 2022. Market value based on closing price of the common stock of \$0.48 on December 31, 2019.

- (17) All shares are fully vested as of January 2019.
(18) All shares are fully vested as of January 2019.
(19) All shares are fully vested as of January 2019.
(20) All shares are fully vested as of January 2019.
(21) All shares are fully vested as of January 2019.
(22) All shares are fully vested as of January 2019.
(23) Issued September 25, 2019, these shares vest over a 48-month period and will be fully vested in September 2023.

The chart above does not include the grant on January 2, 2020 of 1,980,000 restricted stock awards that were issued to Mr. Wolf which vested 50% on grant date, 30% vest on the one year anniversary of the grant date, 10% vest on the two-year anniversary of the grant date, and the remaining 10% vest on the three-year anniversary of the grant date and expire (10) years from the date of the grant, unless terminated earlier.

2019 Director Compensation

Compensation of Directors

The following table sets forth information for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 regarding the compensation of our directors who at December 31, 2019 were not also named executive officers.

Name and Principal Position	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash ⁽¹⁾	Stock Awards ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Option Awards ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Other Compensation	Totals
John Monahan, PhD (3)	\$ 61,500	—	\$ 140,400	—	\$ 201,900
John K. A. Prendergast, PhD (3)	\$ 221,000	\$ 318,000	—	—	\$ 539,000
Edward B. Smith, III (3)	\$ 72,500	—	\$ 140,400	—	\$ 212,900

- (1) Represents director and committee fees paid for or accrued in 2019.
(2) For stock awards, reflects the aggregate grant date fair value of restricted stock granted during the fiscal year calculated in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. For option awards, fair value of the options was calculated in accordance with FASB ASC 718, and the assumptions used are described in Note 9 to the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements included in our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, as filed.
(3) As of December 31, 2019, the following table sets forth the number of aggregate outstanding stock awards held by each of our directors who were not also named executive officers:

Name	Aggregate Number of Stock Awards	Aggregate Number of Stock Options
John Monahan, Ph.D.	—	175,018
John K. A. Prendergast, Ph.D.	300,000	41,059
Edward B. Smith, III	—	174,257

Our Compensation Committee conducted an evaluation of the compensation of the members of our board of directors with assistance from Korn Ferry. As described in additional detail above under "Executive Compensation," Korn Ferry is the Compensation Committee's independent compensation advisor and was engaged to provide analysis, guidance and considerations pursuant to our director pay program. Based on Korn Ferry's review last year, the Compensation Committee determined that the director pay program was consistent with competitive market practices (relative to Heat Biologic's publicly-traded peer group at that time), aligned with our overall philosophy and approach to director pay and reflective of desired competitive positioning. During the year ended December 31, 2019, and anticipated to remain the same for 2020, directors who are not employees receive an annual cash fee of \$35,000 as well as a cash fee of \$8,000 for service on the Audit Committee and \$5,000 for service on each of the Compensation Committee and the Nominating and Governance Committee. In addition, the Chairman of each of the Audit, Compensation and Nominating and Governance Committees will each receive an additional cash fee of \$12,500, \$8,500 and \$7,000, respectively. The lead independent director receives a monthly fee of \$14,000 for his services as lead independent director.

The following stock option and awards are excluded from the above table. Due to the price of our common stock, it was determined that the equity portion of our director pay program was not consistent with competitive market practices (relative to Heat Biologic's publicly-traded peer group at that time). Accordingly, on January 2, 2020, after consultation with Korn Ferry, Dr. Monahan and Mr. Smith received an option grant each to purchase 150,000 shares of our common stock vesting 50% immediately, 30% on the one-year anniversary of the grant date, 10% shall vest on the two-year anniversary grant date, and the remaining 10% shall vest on the three-year anniversary grant date. These stock option grants provided to Dr. Monahan and Mr. Smith will expire (10) years from the date of the grant, unless terminated earlier. For his services as lead independent director Dr. Prendergast received a grant of 400,000 restricted shares of common stock vesting 50% immediately, 30% on the one-year anniversary of the grant date, 10% shall vest on the two-year anniversary of the grant date, and the remaining 10% shall vest on the three-year anniversary of the grant date.

Employment Agreements

On December 18, 2009, we entered into an employment agreement with Jeffrey Wolf to act as our Chief Executive Officer, which agreement was amended on November 22, 2011, and further amended on each of January 20, 2014, January 11, 2016, January 1, 2017 and January 2, 2020. Mr. Wolf receives an annual base salary of \$440,406 per year. He also may receive, at the sole discretion of the board, an additional cash performance-based bonuses equal to up to 50% of his then outstanding base salary at the end of each year and a discretionary equity award, with the actual amount of his bonus to be increased or decreased in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. In addition, he is to receive certain options to purchase 2% of our fully diluted equity at an exercise price equal to the then current market price if our stock is traded on a nationally recognized exchange or Nasdaq and our market capitalization is at least \$250 million for at least 5 days. If Mr. Wolf's employment contract is terminated for death or disability (as defined in the agreement), he (or his estate in the event of death) will receive six month's severance. If Mr. Wolf's employment is terminated by us other than for cause, he will receive 12 month's severance. In addition, if Mr. Wolf's employment is terminated by us other than for cause all restricted shares, common stock and options to purchase common stock that would have vested shall immediately vest. Mr. Wolf will not be entitled to any additional severance in the event he is terminated for cause or voluntarily resigns. Under his employment agreement, Mr. Wolf has also agreed to non-competition provisions.

On January 2, 2017, we approved the entry into of a four-year employment agreement, effective as of January 1, 2017, with Jeff T. Hutchins, Ph.D., which agreement was amended on June 29, 2017, January 1, 2018, January 1, 2019 and January 2, 2020 (collectively, the "Hutchins Employment Agreement"), who was initially appointed to serve as the Chief Scientific Officer and Senior Vice President of Pre-Clinical Development of the Company. Pursuant to the Hutchins Employment Agreement that was amended on June 29, 2017, Dr. Hutchins was appointed to serve as both Chief Scientific Officer and Chief Operating Officer. Pursuant to the Hutchins Employment Agreement, as amended, Dr. Hutchins is entitled to an annual base salary of \$353,676 and will be eligible for a cash performance bonus equal to approximately 30% of his then outstanding base salary at the end of each year in addition to an equity bonus in the sole discretion of Board, with the actual amount of any such bonus increased or decreased in the sole discretion of the Board. If Dr. Hutchins' employment is terminated for any reason, he or his estate as the case may be, is entitled to receive the accrued base salary, vacation pay, expense reimbursement and any other entitlements accrued by him to the extent not previously paid (the "Hutchins Accrued Obligations"); provided, however, that if his employment is terminated by us without Just Cause (as defined in the Hutchins Employment Agreement) then in addition to paying the Hutchins Accrued Obligations, (i) we will continue to pay his then current base salary for a period of six (6) months; and (ii) the vesting on all unvested options shall be accelerated so that all options shall become fully vested. If his employment is terminated within one year of a Change of Control (as defined in our Amended and Restated 2014 Stock Incentive Plan), he will be paid his then current base salary for a period of nine (9) months.

Effective September 24, 2019, Mr. Ostrander became our Vice President of Finance and Secretary. Pursuant to our offer letter, as amended on January 2, 2020, Mr. Ostrander, is entitled to an annual base salary of \$226,600 and is eligible to receive an annual bonus of up to 20% of his annual salary. In addition, Mr. Ostrander was granted 75,000 incentive stock options to purchase shares of common stock that will vests pro rata over four years. Mr. Ostrander will also be eligible for other benefits consistent with those received by our other executives.

On April 5, 2016, we entered into a four-year employment agreement with Ann A. Rosar to serve as our Vice President of Finance, Controller and Corporate Secretary, which agreement was amended on January 1, 2017, June 29, 2017 and January 1, 2018 (collectively, the "Rosar Employment Agreement"). Pursuant to the Rosar Employment Agreement, as amended, Ms. Rosar received an annual base salary of \$266,500 and was eligible for a discretionary performance bonus. In addition, Ms. Rosar's agreement provided that if her employment was terminated for any reason, she or her estate as the case may be, would be entitled to receive the accrued base salary, vacation pay, expense reimbursement and any other entitlements accrued by her to the extent not previously paid ("Rosar Accrued Obligations"); provided, however, that if her employment was terminated by us without Just Cause (as defined in the employment agreement) or by Ms. Rosar for Good Reason (defined as a material breach of the terms of the employment agreement by us, which breach is not cured within thirty (30) days) then in addition to paying the Accrued Obligations, we were obligated to continue to pay her then current base salary for a period of four (4) months.

Ms. Rosar resigned as our Vice President of Finance and on March 7, 2019, we entered into an agreement with Ms. Rosar pursuant to which, among other things, she was retained as our consultant, effective as of April 30, 2019 through December 31, 2019. In consideration of her continued services as a consultant, Ms. Rosar was paid her monthly employee compensation for services performed for the month of April, an hourly rate thereafter for providing consulting services, will receive payment for unused paid time off and all vested options at the expiration of her provision of services will terminate five years from the date of grant (subject to her execution of a general release).

From April 1, 2019 until September 20, 2019, Robert J. Jakobs, served as our Vice President of Finance and Secretary. Mr. Jakobs joined our company on March 4, 2019 as Controller. Pursuant to our offer letter with Mr. Jakobs, Mr. Jakobs was entitled to an annual base salary of \$220,000 and was eligible to receive an annual bonus of up to 20% of his annual salary. In addition, Mr. Jakobs was granted 75,000 incentive stock options to purchase shares of common stock vesting pro rata over four (4) years. Mr. Jakobs was also be eligible for other benefits consistent with those received by our other executives.

On September 20, 2019, we entered into a separation agreement with Robert J. Jakobs providing for, among other things, termination of Mr. Jakobs' employment as the Company's Vice President of Finance and a severance benefit equal to one months' payment.

EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION

The following table contains information about our equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2019.

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders			
2009 Stock Incentive Plan (1)	47,267	\$12.71	—
2014 Stock Incentive Plan	235,063	\$16.85	30,729
2017 Stock Incentive Plan	393,570	\$ 2.28	12,817
2018 Stock Incentive Plan (2)	2,472,736	\$ 1.02	3,090,800
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders			
Total	3,148,636	\$ 2.53	3,134,346

- (1) The 2009 Stock Incentive Plan terminated, such that no further awards are available for issuance under this plan. Outstanding awards under this plan continue in accordance with the respective terms of such grants.
- (2) Represents options to purchase shares of our common stock. On January 1, 2019, we granted an aggregate of 1,579,179 shares of restricted stock to employees and a director, which are not included in column (a) above and are excluded from the number of shares available for future issuance in column (c) above. On December 30, 2019, we granted 900,000 shares of restricted stock which are not included in column (a) above and are excluded from the number of shares available for future issuance in column (c) above. Subsequent to December 31, 2019, we issued: (i) Jeffrey Wolf 1,980,000 restricted stock awards, respectively, that vested 50% on the grant date, with the remaining shares of restricted stock vesting 30% on the first anniversary of the grant date, 10% on the second anniversary of the grant date, and the remaining 10% vesting on the third anniversary of the grant date, (ii) John K.A. Prendergast, our lead independent director 400,000 restricted stock awards, respectively, that vested 50% on the grant date, with the remaining shares of restricted stock vesting 30% on the first anniversary of the grant date, 10% on the second anniversary of the grant date, and the remaining 10% vesting on the third anniversary of the grant date; and (iii) stock option to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock to each of John Monahan and Edward B. Smith, III vesting 50% on the grant date, with the remaining shares vesting 30% on the first anniversary of the grant date, 10% on the second anniversary of the grant date, and the remaining 10% vesting on the third anniversary of the grant date.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth information, as of January 6, 2020, or as otherwise set forth below, with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock (i) all persons know to us to be the beneficial owners of more than 5% of the outstanding shares of our common stock, (ii) each of our directors and our executive officer named in the Summary Compensation Table, and (iii) all of our directors and our executive officer as a group. As of January 6, 2020, we had 37,420,652 shares of common stock outstanding.

Principal Stockholders Table

Unless otherwise indicated the mailing address of each of the stockholders below is c/o Heat Biologics, Inc., 627 Davis Drive, Suite 400, Morrisville, North Carolina 27560. Except as otherwise indicated, and subject to applicable community property laws, except to the extent authority is shared by both spouses under applicable law, the Company believes the persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock held by them.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Common Stock	Shares subject to Options (1)	Total Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Percentage Ownership
Executive Officers & Directors				
Jeff T. Hutchins, Ph.D. (Chief Scientific Officer and Chief Operating Officer)	143,140 (2)	324,254	467,394	1.2 %
John Monahan, Ph.D. (Director)	516	295,018	295,534	*
John K.A. Prendergast, Ph.D. (Director)	700,000 (3)	40,975	740,975	2.0 %
Ann A. Rosar (Former Vice President of Finance, Controller and Secretary)	51,539 (4)	65,088	116,627	*
William L. Ostrander (Vice President of Finance and Secretary)	–	7,812	7,812	*
Edward B. Smith, III (Director) (5)	104,305	219,257	323,562	*
Jeffrey Wolf (Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and President) (6)	3,897,174 (7)	729,400	4,626,574	12.1 %
All Current Executive Officers and Directors, as a group (6 persons)	4,896,674	1,681,804	6,578,478	16.8 %

* less than 1%

- (1) Represents shares subject to options that are currently vested and options that will vest and become exercisable within 60 days of January 6, 2020.
- (2) Dr. Hutchins was granted 143,140 restricted stock awards January 2, 2019 of which 50% vested on grant date and the remaining 71,570 is subject to forfeiture.
- (3) Dr. Prendergast was granted 300,000 restricted stock award January 2, 2019 of which 50% vested on grant date and the remaining 150,000 is subject to forfeiture and 400,000 restricted stock awards on January 2, 2020 of which 50% vested on grant date and the remaining 200,000 is subject to forfeiture.
- (4) Includes 89,430 Restricted Stock Award granted January 2, 2019 of which 50% vested on grant date and the remaining 44,715 has been forfeited.
- (5) Includes 69,730 shares of common stock owned by Aristar Capital Management, LLC, an entity of which Mr. Smith is the managing member and exercises investment discretion. Mr. Smith disclaims beneficial ownership of the 69,730 shares of common stock, except to the extent of any pecuniary interest (as defined in Rule 16a-1(a)(2) promulgated under the Exchange Act) that he may have in such entities.
- (6) Includes 77,172 shares of common stock held by Orion Holdings V, LLC and 71,620 shares of common stock held by Seed-One Holdings VI, LLC, entities for which Mr. Wolf serves as the managing member. Mr. Wolf is deemed to beneficially own the shares held by such entities as in his role as the managing member he has the control over the voting and disposition of any shares held by these entities. Does not include 26,468 shares of common stock beneficially owned by Mr. Wolf's children's trust of which Mr. Wolf is not the trustee. Mr. Wolf disclaims beneficial ownership of these shares except to the extent of any pecuniary interest (as defined in Rule 16a-1(a)(2) promulgated under the Exchange Act) that he may have in such entities. In addition, if our company is traded on a recognized national exchange or Nasdaq while Mr. Wolf is employed by us and the market capitalization of our company is in excess of \$250 million for at least five consecutive trading days, then Mr. Wolf will be entitled to receive an additional stock option equal to 2% of the then outstanding shares of our common stock, at an exercise price equal to the then current market price as determined in good faith by the board.
- (7) Mr. Wolf was granted 800,000 restricted stock award January 2, 2019 of which 50% vested on grant date and the remaining 400,000 is subject to forfeiture, 900,000 restricted stock award on December 30, 2019 of which 50% vested on grant date and the remaining 450,000 is subject to forfeiture and 1,980,000 restricted stock award on January 2, 2020 of which 50% vested on grant date and the remaining 990,000 is subject to forfeiture.

MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Market Information

Our common stock has traded on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “HTBX” since July 29, 2013. Prior to that time, there was no public market for our common stock. As of January 6, 2020, there were approximately 89 stockholders of record of our common stock. This number does not include beneficial owners from whom shares are held by nominees in street name.

DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock and we do not currently intend to pay any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. We expect to retain all available funds and future earnings, if any, to fund the development and growth of our business. Any future determination to pay dividends, if any, on our common stock will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on, among other factors, our results of operations, financial condition, capital requirements and contractual restrictions.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR SECURITIES

General

The following is a summary of the rights of our common stock and outstanding warrants and related provisions of our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended (the “certificate of incorporation”), amended and restated bylaws (“bylaws”) and warrants. For more detailed information, please see our certificate of incorporation and bylaws.

We are currently authorized to issue 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0002 per share, of which 37,420,652 shares are outstanding as of January 6, 2020 and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of which 112,500 shares are designated Series 1 Preferred Stock, 2,000,000 shares are designated Series A Preferred Stock, 4,100,000 are designated as Series B-1 Preferred Stock and 2,000,000 are designated Series B-2 Preferred Stock. There are currently no shares of Preferred Stock outstanding.

See “—Investor Agreement to Increase in the Authorized Number of Shares of Common Stock, Effect a Reverse Stock Split, and Create Blank Check Preferred Stock” for information regarding our plan to: (i) increase our authorized number of shares of common stock, (ii) effect a reverse stock split, and (iii) create blank check preferred stock.

Common Stock

The holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted on by the shareholders. Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any outstanding shares of preferred stock, holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends as may be declared by the board of directors out of funds legally available therefore. If we liquidate, dissolve or wind up, holders of common stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities and the liquidation preferences of any outstanding shares of preferred stock. Holders of common stock have no preemptive, conversion or subscription rights. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. All outstanding shares of common stock are, and all shares of common stock to be outstanding upon completion of this offering will be, fully paid and nonassessable. Except as otherwise required by Delaware law, all stockholder action, other than the election of directors, is taken by the vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock voting as a single class present at a meeting of stockholders at which a quorum consisting of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock is present in person or proxy. The election of directors by our stockholders is determined by a plurality of the votes cast by the stockholders entitled to vote at any meeting held for such purposes at which a quorum consisting of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock is present in person or proxy.

Preferred Stock

We are authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.0001 per share, of which 112,500 shares have been designated Series 1 Preferred Stock, 2,000,000 shares have been designated Series A Preferred Stock, 4,100,000 have been designated as Series B-1 Preferred Stock and 2,000,000 have been designated Series B-2 Preferred Stock. None of such shares of Preferred Stock are outstanding. Any authorized and undesignated shares of preferred stock may be issued from time to time in one or more series pursuant to a resolution or resolutions providing for such issue duly adopted by our board of directors and approved by our stockholders. See “Investor Agreement to Increase in the Authorized Number of Shares of Common Stock, effect a Reverse Stock Split, and Create Blank Check Preferred Stock” for information regarding our plan to create blank check preferred stock, subject to obtaining requisite stockholder approval. If the creation of blank check preferred stock is approved by our shareholders at the next meeting of stockholders, the board of directors will have the right to create preferred stock with rights preferences and designations as determined by our board of directors without additional stockholder approval.

Outstanding Common Stock Warrants

On March 10, 2011, we issued warrants to purchase 3,261 shares of common stock to non-employee placement agents in consideration for a private equity placement transaction. The warrants were issued with an exercise price of \$4.80 per share and expire 10 years from the issuance date. In February 2014, warrants to purchase 1,523 shares of common stock were exercised in cashless transactions that resulted in the issuance of 1,432 shares of our common stock, which resulted in warrants to purchase 1,738 shares of common stock outstanding as of January 6, 2020.

In connection with our March 2016 public offering, we issued warrants to purchase 682,500 shares of our common stock, at an exercise price of \$10.00 per share of which 296,159 are outstanding as of January 6, 2020. The warrants have a five-year life and expire after March 22, 2021.

In connection with our May 2018 public offering, we issued common warrants to purchase 2,437,500 shares of its common stock, and 9,500,000 pre-funded warrants, with each pre-funded warrant exercisable for one share of common stock. The common stock warrants expire five years after date of issuance and have an exercise price of \$1.584 per share. As of January 6, 2020, 4,132,833 common stock warrants remain outstanding and all pre-funded warrants have been exercised.

In connection with our November 2018 public offering, we issued warrants to purchase 4,600,000 shares of our common stock, all of which are outstanding. The warrants have an exercise price of \$1.65, are exercisable upon issuance and expire five years from the date of issuance.

Stock Incentive Plans

In 2009, we adopted the 2009 Plan, in 2014, we adopted the 2014 Plan, in 2017, we adopted the 2017 Plan and in 2018, we adopted the 2018 Plan (collectively, the “Plans”). As of January 6, 2020, we had 7,567,065 shares of common stock outstanding and options to purchase shares of common stock outstanding under the Plans and 410,800 shares of common stock available for grant under the Plans.

Investor Agreement to Increase in the Authorized Number of Shares of Common Stock, Effect a Reverse Stock Split, and Create Blank Check Preferred Stock

Any purchaser that purchases in this offering in excess of \$250,000 of shares of our common stock and accompanying warrants, as a condition to such purchase, will be required to execute an investor agreement with respect to shares of our common stock owned by such purchaser on the record date at our next annual meeting of stockholders agreeing to vote in favor of approval to amend our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended, to (x) effect a reverse stock split of our common stock at a ratio within a range of one share of common stock for every two (2) to fifty (50) shares of common stock in the event it is deemed advisable by the board of directors, (y) increase the authorized number of shares of our common stock from 100,000,000 to 250,000,000 shares of our common stock in the event it is deemed advisable by the board of directors and (z) include a “blank check” provision to allow our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, to authorize the issuance (including setting the terms) of our authorized but undesignated shares of preferred stock.

Stockholder Rights Plan

On March 11, 2018, our board of directors declared a dividend of one Right for each outstanding share of our common stock, which was amended on March 8, 2019 to extend the expiration date of the stockholder’s rights plan to March 11, 2020. The dividend was initially paid on March 23, 2018 (the “Record Date”) to the stockholders of record at the close of business on that date. Each Right initially entitles the registered holder to purchase from us one share of common stock at a price of \$14.00 per share of common stock (the “Purchase Price”), subject to adjustment. The description and terms of the Rights are set forth in a Rights Agreement, dated as of March 11, 2018, as amended March 8, 2019, as the same may be amended from time to time (the “Rights Agreement”), between the Company and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as Rights Agent (the “Rights Agent”).

The Rights are designed to assure that all of our stockholders receive fair and equal treatment in the event of a hostile takeover of the Company, to guard against two-tier or partial tender offers, open market accumulations and other tactics designed to gain control of the Company without paying all stockholders a fair price, and to enhance the board of director's ability to negotiate with any prospective acquiror. Until the earlier to occur of (i) 10 business days following a public announcement that a person or group of affiliated or associated persons has become an Acquiring Person (as defined below) or (ii) 10 business days (or such later date as may be determined by action of the board of directors prior to such time as any person or group of affiliated or associated persons becomes an Acquiring Person) following the commencement of, or public announcement of an intention to make, a tender or exchange offer the consummation of which would result in any person or group of affiliated or associated persons becoming an Acquiring Person (the earlier of such dates being called the "Distribution Date"), the Rights will be evidenced, with respect to certificates representing common stock (or book entry shares of common stock) outstanding as of the Record Date, by such certificates (or such book entry shares) together with a copy of a summary of the Rights (the "Summary of Rights"). Except in certain situations, a person or group of affiliated or associated persons becomes an "Acquiring Person" upon acquiring beneficial ownership of 20% or more of the outstanding shares of common stock. Certain synthetic interests in securities created by derivative positions – whether or not such interests are considered to be ownership of the underlying common stock or are reportable for purposes of Regulation 13D of the Exchange Act – are treated as beneficial ownership of the number of shares of the common stock equivalent to the economic exposure created by the derivative security, to the extent actual shares of common stock are directly or indirectly beneficially owned by a counterparty to such derivative security.

The Rights Agreement provides that, until the Distribution Date (or earlier expiration of the Rights), the Rights will be transferred with and only with the common stock. Until the Distribution Date (or earlier expiration of the Rights), new common stock certificates issued after the Record Date upon transfer or new issuances of common stock will contain a notation incorporating the Rights Agreement by reference. Until the Distribution Date (or earlier expiration of the Rights), the surrender for transfer of any certificates for shares of common stock (or book entry shares of common stock) outstanding as of the Record Date, even without such notation or a copy of the Summary of Rights, will also constitute the transfer of the Rights associated with the shares of common stock represented thereby. As soon as practicable following the Distribution Date, separate certificates evidencing the Rights ("Right Certificates") will be mailed to holders of record of the common stock as of the close of business on the Distribution Date and such separate Right Certificates alone will evidence the Rights.

The Rights are not exercisable until the Distribution Date. The Rights will expire at the close of business on March 11, 2020, unless the Rights are earlier redeemed or exchanged by the Company as described below.

The Purchase Price payable, and the number of shares of common stock (or cash, other assets, debt securities of the Company, or any combination thereof equivalent in value thereto) issuable, upon exercise of the Rights is subject to adjustment from time to time to prevent dilution (i) in the event of a stock dividend on, or a subdivision, combination or reclassification of, the common stock, (ii) upon the grant to holders of the common stock of certain rights or warrants to subscribe for or purchase common stock at a price, or securities convertible into common stock with a conversion price, less than the then-current market price of the common stock or (iii) upon the distribution to holders of the common stock of evidences of indebtedness or assets (excluding regular periodic cash dividends or dividends payable in common stock) or of subscription rights or warrants (other than those referred to above).

The number of outstanding Rights is subject to adjustment in the event of a stock dividend on the common stock payable in shares of common stock or subdivisions, consolidations or combinations of the common stock occurring, in any such case, prior to the Distribution Date.

In the event that any person or group of affiliated or associated persons becomes an Acquiring Person, each holder of a Right, other than Rights beneficially owned by the Acquiring Person (which will thereupon become void), will thereafter have the right to receive upon exercise of a Right that number of shares of common stock (or cash, property debt securities of the Company, or any combination thereof) having a market value of two times the exercise price of the Right.

In the event that, after a person or group has become an Acquiring Person, the Company is acquired in a merger or other business combination transaction or 50% or more of its consolidated assets or earning power are sold, proper provisions will be made so that each holder of a Right (other than Rights beneficially owned by an Acquiring Person which will have become void) will thereafter have the right to receive upon the exercise of a Right that number of shares of common stock of the person with whom the Company has engaged in the foregoing transaction (or its parent) that at the time of such transaction have a market value of two times the exercise price of the Right.

At any time after any person or group becomes an Acquiring Person and prior to the earlier of one of the events described in the previous paragraph or the acquisition by such Acquiring Person of 50% or more of the outstanding shares of common stock, the board of directors may exchange the Rights (other than Rights owned by such Acquiring Person which will have become void), in whole or in part, for shares of common stock (or cash, other assets, debt securities of the Company, or any combination thereof with an aggregate value equal to such shares) at an exchange ratio of one share of common stock (or cash, other assets, debt securities of the Company, or any combination thereof equivalent in value thereto) per Right.

With certain exceptions, no adjustment in the Purchase Price will be required until cumulative adjustments require an adjustment of at least 1% in such Purchase Price. No fractional shares of common stock will be issued, and in lieu thereof a cash payment will be made based on then current market price of the common stock.

At any time prior to the time an Acquiring Person becomes such, the Board may redeem the Rights in whole, but not in part, at a price of \$0.001 per Right (the "Redemption Price") payable, at the option of the Company, in cash, shares of common stock or such other form of consideration as the board of directors shall determine. The redemption of the Rights may be made effective at such time, on such basis and with such conditions as the board of directors in its sole discretion may establish. Immediately upon any redemption of the Rights, the right to exercise the Rights will terminate and the only right of the holders of Rights will be to receive the Redemption Price.

For so long as the Rights are then redeemable, the Company may, except with respect to the Redemption Price, amend the Rights Agreement in any manner. After the Rights are no longer redeemable, the Company may, except with respect to the Redemption Price, amend the Rights Agreement in any manner that does not adversely affect the interests of holders of the Rights.

Until a Right is exercised or exchanged, the holder thereof, as such, will have no rights as a stockholder of the Company, including, without limitation, the right to vote or to receive dividends. For more detailed information, please see the Rights Agreement.

Potential Anti-Takeover Effects

Certain provisions set forth in our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, as amended, in our bylaws, our stockholder rights plan and in Delaware law, which are summarized below, may be deemed to have an anti-takeover effect and may delay, deter or prevent a tender offer or takeover attempt that a stockholder might consider to be in its best interests, including attempts that might result in a premium being paid over the market price for the shares held by stockholders.

Proposals of business and nominations. Our bylaws generally regulate proposals of business and nominations for election of directors by stockholders. In general, Section 2.14 requires stockholders intending to submit proposals or nominations at a stockholders meeting to provide the Company with advance notice thereof, including information regarding the stockholder proposing the business or nomination as well as information regarding the proposed business or nominee. Section 2.13 provides a time period during which business or nominations must be provided to the Company that will create a predictable window for the submission of such notices, eliminating the risk that the Company finds a meeting will be contested after printing its proxy materials for an uncontested election and providing the Company with a reasonable opportunity to respond to nominations and proposals by stockholders.

Board Vacancies. Our bylaws generally provide that only the board of directors (and not the stockholders) may fill vacancies and newly created directorships.

Special Meeting of Stockholders. Our bylaws generally provide that only the board of directors (and no other third party) may call a special meeting of stockholders and that the board of directors may postpone, reschedule or cancel any special meeting of stockholders that was previously scheduled by the board of directors.

Stockholder Rights Plan. The rights issued pursuant to our stockholder rights plan, if not redeemed or suspended, could work to dilute the stock ownership of a potential hostile acquirer, likely preventing acquisitions that have not been approved by our Board of Directors.

While the foregoing provisions of our certificate of incorporation, bylaws and Delaware law may have an anti-takeover effect, these provisions are intended to enhance the likelihood of continuity and stability in the composition of the Board of directors and in the policies formulated by the board of directors and to discourage certain types of transactions that may involve an actual or threatened change of control. In that regard, these provisions are designed to reduce our vulnerability to an unsolicited acquisition proposal. The provisions also are intended to discourage certain tactics that may be used in proxy fights. However, such provisions could have the effect of discouraging others from making tender offers for our shares and, as a consequence, they also may inhibit fluctuations in the market price of our common stock that could result from actual or rumored takeover attempts. Such provisions also may have the effect of preventing changes in our management.

Exclusive forum for adjudication of disputes provision which limits the forum to the Delaware Court of Chancery for certain actions against the Company.

Our amended and restated bylaws provide that, unless we consent to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware is the exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of us, (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers, or other employees to us or our stockholders, (iii) any action arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or our certificate of incorporation or bylaws (as either may be amended from time to time), or (iv) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine, except, in each case for claims arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Exchange Act, or other federal securities laws for which there is exclusive federal or concurrent federal and state jurisdiction.

We believe limiting state law based claims to Delaware will provide the most appropriate outcomes as the risk of another forum misapplying Delaware law is avoided, Delaware courts have a well-developed body of case law and limiting the forum will preclude costly and duplicative litigation and avoids the risk of inconsistent outcomes. Additionally, Delaware Chancery Courts can typically resolve disputes on an accelerated schedule when compared to other forums. While we believe limiting the forum for state law based claims is a benefit, shareholders could be inconvenienced by not being able to bring certain actions in another forum they find favorable.

Delaware Takeover Statute

In general, Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law prohibits a Delaware corporation that is a public company from engaging in any “business combination” (as defined below) with any “interested stockholder” (defined generally as an entity or person beneficially owning 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation and any entity or person affiliated with such entity or person) for a period of three years following the date that such stockholder became an interested stockholder, unless: (1) prior to such date, the board of directors of the corporation approved either the business combination or the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder; (2) on consummation of the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the number of shares outstanding those shares owned (x) by persons who are directors and also officers and (y) by employee stock plans in which employee participants do not have the right to determine confidentially whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer; or (3) on or subsequent to such date, the business combination is approved by the board of directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, and not by written consent, by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding voting stock that is not owned by the interested stockholder.

Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law defines “business combination” to include: (1) any merger or consolidation involving the corporation and the interested stockholder; (2) any sale, transfer, pledge or other disposition of ten percent or more of the assets of the corporation involving the interested stockholder; (3) subject to certain exceptions, any transaction that results in the issuance or transfer by the corporation of any stock of the corporation to the interested stockholder; (4) any transaction involving the corporation that has the effect of increasing the proportionate share of the stock of any class or series of the corporation beneficially owned by the interested stockholder; or (5) the receipt by the interested stockholder of the benefit of any loans, advances, guarantees, pledges or other financial benefits provided by or through the corporation.

Listing of Common Stock

Our common stock is currently listed on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the trading symbol “HTBX.”

Transfer Agent

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company. They are located at 1 State Street, 30th floor, New York, New York 10004. Their telephone number is (212) 509-4000.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES WE ARE OFFERING

We are offering up to 17,021,276 shares of our common stock and common warrants to purchase 8,510,638 shares of common stock.

Common Stock

The material terms and provisions of our common stock and each other class of our securities which qualifies or limits our common stock are described under the caption “Description of Our Securities” in this prospectus.

Common Warrants

The following summary of certain terms and provisions of the common warrants that are being offered hereby is not complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, the provisions of the form of common warrant which is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part. Prospective investors should carefully review the terms and provisions of the form of common warrant for a complete description of the terms and conditions of the common warrants.

Form. The common warrants will be issued as individual warrant agreements to the investors. The form of common warrant is filed as an exhibit to this registration statement.

The common warrants will be issued separately from the common stock and may be transferred separately immediately thereafter. A common warrant to purchase 0.50 of a share of our common stock will be issued for every one share of common stock purchased in this offering.

Exercisability. The common warrants are exercisable at any time after their original issuance and will expire on the fourteen month anniversary of the original issuance date, subject to our call option described below. The common warrants will be exercisable, at the option of each holder, in whole or in part by delivering to us a duly executed exercise notice and by payment in full in immediately available funds for the number of shares of common stock purchased upon such exercise. If at the time of exercise, there is no effective registration statement registering, or no current prospectus available for, the issuance of the shares of common stock to the holder, then the common warrant may only be exercised through a cashless exercise, in which case the holder would receive upon such exercise the net number of shares of common stock determined according to the formula set forth in the common warrant. In addition, warrants will be exercisable beginning five (5) days after the original issuance date, at the option of the holder on a cashless basis, in whole or in part, for a whole number of shares, equal to seventy five percent of the same number of shares that would have been issued to the holder, if such holder had, instead, elected to exercise by paying the aggregate exercise price, in cash, without having to pay such aggregate exercise price. No fractional shares of common stock will be issued in connection with the exercise of a common warrant. In lieu of fractional shares, we will pay the holder an amount in cash equal to the fractional amount multiplied by the fair market value of any such fractional shares.

Exercise Limitations. Under the common warrants, we may not effect the exercise of any common warrant, and a holder will not be entitled to exercise any portion of any common warrant, which, upon giving effect to such exercise, would cause (i) the aggregate number of shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the holder (together with its affiliates) to exceed [4.99%/9.99%] of the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise, or (ii) the combined voting power of our securities beneficially owned by the holder (together with its affiliates) to exceed [4.99%/9.99%] of the combined voting power of all of our securities then outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise, as such percentage ownership is determined in accordance with the terms of the common warrants. However, any holder may increase or decrease such percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99% upon at least 61 days’ prior notice from the holder to us.

Exercise Price. The exercise price per whole share of our common stock purchasable upon the exercise of the common warrants is 110% of the public offering price of the common stock. The exercise price of the common warrants is subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of certain stock dividends and distributions, stock splits, stock combinations, reclassifications or similar events affecting our common stock and also upon any distributions of assets, including cash, stock or other property to our stockholders.

Call Option. If there is a registration statement that covers the resale of the shares underlying the common warrants or all of such shares may be sold pursuant to Rule 144 upon cashless exercise without restrictions, including volume restrictions, we have the option to “call” the exercise of any or all of the common warrants, from time to time by giving a call notice to the holder only after any 10-consecutive trading day period during which the daily VWAP of the common stock is not less than 200% of the exercise price for the common warrants in effect for such 10-consecutive trading day period. During the call period, the holder may exercise the common warrant and purchase the called common stock underlying the common warrant. If the holder fails to timely exercise the common warrant or a number of shares of common stock equal to number of called shares of common stock during the call period, our sole remedy will be to cancel an amount of called shares of common stock underlying the common warrant equal to such shortfall, with the common warrant no longer being exercisable with respect to such shares of common stock. The call period is a period of 30 trading days following the date on which the call notice is deemed given and effective.

Transferability. Subject to applicable laws, the common warrants may be offered for sale, sold, transferred or assigned without our consent.

Exchange Listing. We do not plan on applying to list the common warrants on The Nasdaq Capital Market, any other national securities exchange or any other nationally recognized trading system.

Fundamental Transactions. In the event of a fundamental transaction, as described in the common warrants and generally including any reorganization, recapitalization or reclassification of our common stock, the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of our properties or assets, our consolidation or merger with or into another person, the acquisition of more than 50% of our outstanding common stock, or any person or group becoming the beneficial owner of 50% of the voting power represented by our outstanding common stock, the holders of the common warrants will be entitled to receive upon exercise of the common warrants the kind and amount of securities, cash or other property that the holders would have received had they exercised the common warrants immediately prior to such fundamental transaction without regard to any limitations on exercise contained in the common warrants. In the event of a fundamental transaction, we are required to cause any successor entity to assume all of our obligations under the common warrants.

Right as a Stockholder. Except by virtue of such holder’s ownership of shares of our common stock, the holder of a common warrant does not have the rights or privileges of a holder of our common stock, including any voting rights, until the holder exercises the common warrant.

MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR NON-U.S. HOLDERS OF OUR COMMON STOCK AND COMMON WARRANTS

The following discussion describes the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of our common stock and common warrants acquired in this offering. This discussion is based on the current provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (The “Code”), existing and proposed U.S. Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, and administrative rulings and court decisions in effect as of the date hereof, all of which are subject to change at any time, possibly with retroactive effect. No ruling has been or will be sought from the Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”) with respect to the matters discussed below, and there can be no assurance the IRS will not take a contrary position regarding the tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership or disposition of our common stock or common warrants, or that any such contrary position would not be sustained by a court. This discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxes, does not discuss the potential application of the alternative minimum tax and does not deal with state or local taxes, U.S. federal gift and estate tax laws, or any non-U.S. tax consequences that may be relevant to holders in light of their particular circumstances.

Special rules different from those described below may apply to certain holders that are subject to special treatment under the Code, such as:

- insurance companies, banks and other financial institutions;
- tax-exempt organizations (including private foundations) and tax-qualified retirement plans;
- foreign governments and international organizations;
- broker-dealers and traders in securities;
- U.S. expatriates and certain former citizens or long-term residents of the United States;
- persons that own, or are deemed to own, more than 5% of our capital stock;
- “controlled foreign corporations,” “passive foreign investment companies” and corporations that accumulate earnings to avoid U.S. federal income tax;
- persons that hold our common stock or common warrants as part of a “straddle,” “hedge,” “conversion transaction,” “synthetic security” or integrated investment or other risk reduction strategy;
- persons who do not hold our common stock or common warrants as a capital asset within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally, for investment purposes); and
- partnerships and other pass-through entities, and investors in such pass-through entities (regardless of their places of organization or formation).

Such holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors to determine the U.S. federal, state, local and other tax consequences that may be relevant to them.

PERSONS CONSIDERING THE PURCHASE OF OUR COMMON STOCK OR COMMON WARRANTS PURSUANT TO THIS OFFERING SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS CONCERNING THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF ACQUIRING, OWNING AND DISPOSING OF OUR COMMON STOCK OR COMMON WARRANTS IN LIGHT OF THEIR PARTICULAR SITUATIONS AS WELL AS ANY CONSEQUENCES ARISING UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY OTHER TAXING JURISDICTION, INCLUDING ANY STATE, LOCAL OR NON-U.S. TAX CONSEQUENCES OR ANY U.S. FEDERAL NON-INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES, AND THE POSSIBLE APPLICATION OF TAX TREATIES.

For the purposes of this discussion, a “U.S. Holder” means a beneficial owner of our common stock or common warrants that is for U.S. federal income tax purposes (a) an individual citizen or resident of the United States, (b) a corporation (or other entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes), created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia, (c) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or (d) a trust if it (1) is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the United States and one or more U.S. persons (within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code) have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (2) has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person. A “Non-U.S. Holder” is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a beneficial owner of common stock or common warrants that is not a U.S. Holder or a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Allocation of Purchase Price and Characterization of a Common Warrant

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, each holder must allocate the purchase price of the warrant based on its fair market value at the time of issuance. The price allocated to each common warrant generally will be the holder’s tax basis in such common warrant.

Tax Considerations Applicable to U.S. Holders

Exercise and Expiration of Common Warrants

In general, a U.S. Holder will not recognize gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes upon exercise of a common warrant, except to the extent the U.S. Holder receives a cash payment for a such fractional share that would otherwise have been issuable upon exercise of the common warrant, which will be treated as a sale subject to the rules described under “—Gain on Disposition of Our Common Stock or Common Warrants” below. The U.S. Holder will take a tax basis in the shares acquired on the exercise of a common warrant equal to the exercise price of the common warrant. The U.S. Holder’s holding period in the shares of our common stock acquired on exercise of the common warrant will begin on the date of exercise of the common warrant, and will not include any period for which the U.S. Holder held the common warrant. The lapse or expiration of a common warrant will be treated as if the U.S. Holder sold or exchanged the common warrant and recognized a capital loss equal to the U.S. Holder’s tax basis in the common warrant. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Certain Adjustments to the Common Warrants

Under Section 305 of the Code, an adjustment to the number of shares of common stock issued on the exercise of the common warrants, or an adjustment to the exercise price of the common warrants, may be treated as a constructive distribution to a U.S. Holder of the common warrants if, and to the extent that, such adjustment has the effect of increasing such U.S. Holder’s proportionate interest in our “earnings and profits” or assets, depending on the circumstances of such adjustment (for example, if such adjustment is to compensate for a distribution of cash or other property to our shareholders). Adjustments to the exercise price of common warrants made pursuant to a *bona fide* reasonable adjustment formula that has the effect of preventing dilution of the interest of the holders of the common warrants generally should not be considered to result in a constructive distribution. Such constructive distribution would be treated as a dividend, return of capital or capital gain as described under the heading “—Distributions” below. Any such constructive distribution would be taxable whether or not there is an actual distribution of cash or other property.

On April 12, 2016, the IRS issued proposed regulations addressing the amount and timing of deemed distributions, obligations of withholding agents and filing and notice obligations of issuers. If adopted as proposed, the regulations would generally provide that (i) the amount of a deemed distribution is the excess of the fair market value of a common warrant immediately after the number-of-shares or exercise-price adjustment over the fair market value of the common warrant without the adjustment, (ii) the deemed distribution occurs at the earlier of the date the adjustment occurs under the terms of the common warrant and the date of the actual distribution of cash or property that results in the deemed distribution, and (iii) we are required to report the amount of any deemed distributions on our website or to the IRS and all holders of common warrants (including holders of common warrants that would otherwise be exempt from reporting). The final regulations will be effective for deemed distributions occurring on or after the date of adoption, but holders of common warrants agents may rely on them prior to that date under certain circumstances.

Distributions

Distributions on our common stock or common warrants made to a U.S. Holder will constitute dividends for U.S. tax purposes to the extent paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles). Such dividends paid by us to an individual U.S. Holder generally will be qualified dividends taxed at a maximum 20% tax rate. Such dividends paid by us will be taxable to a corporate U.S. Holder at regular rates (of 21%), but should be eligible for the dividends-received deduction generally allowed to domestic corporations in respect of dividends received from other domestic corporations. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits will constitute a return of capital that is applied against and reduces, but not below zero, a U.S. Holder’s adjusted tax basis in our common stock. Any remaining excess will be treated as gain realized on the sale or exchange of our common stock as described below under the section titled “—Gain on Disposition of Our Common Stock or Common Warrants.”

Gain on Disposition of Our Common Stock or Common Warrants

Upon a sale or other taxable disposition of our common shares or common warrants, a U.S. Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized and the U.S. Holder’s adjusted tax basis in the ordinary shares or common warrants. U.S. Holders are taxed on short-term capital gain in the same manner as ordinary income, but non-corporate U.S. holders are taxed on long-term capital gain at a maximum tax rate of 20%. Capital gain or loss will constitute long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder’s holding period for the common stock or common warrants exceeds one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations. U.S. Holders who recognize losses with respect to a disposition of our common stock or common warrants should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax treatment of such losses.

Unearned Income Medicare Tax

A 3.8% Medicare contribution tax will generally apply to all or some portion of the net investment income of a U.S. Holder that is an individual with adjusted gross income that exceeds a threshold amount (\$250,000 if married filing jointly or if considered a “surviving spouse” for federal income tax purposes, \$125,000 if married filing separately, and \$200,000 in other cases). This 3.8% tax will also apply to all or some portion of the undistributed net investment income of certain U.S. Holders that are estates and trusts. For these purposes, dividends and gains from the taxable dispositions of the ordinary shares and warrants will generally be taken into account in computing such a U.S. Holder’s net investment income.

Tax Reporting

Information reporting requirements generally will apply to payments of dividends (including constructive dividends) on the common stock and to the proceeds of a sale or other disposition of common stock paid by us to a U.S. holder unless such U.S. holder is an exempt recipient, such as a corporation. Backup withholding will apply to those payments if the U.S. holder fails to provide the holder’s taxpayer identification number, or certification of exempt status, or if the holder otherwise fails to comply with applicable requirements to establish an exemption.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or a credit against the U.S. holder’s U.S. federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

Tax Considerations Applicable To Non-U.S. Holders

Exercise and Expiration of Common Warrants

In general, a Non-U.S. Holder will not recognize gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes upon exercise of a common warrant, except to the extent the Non-U.S. Holder receives a cash payment for a fractional share that would otherwise have been issuable upon exercise of the common warrant, which will be treated as a sale subject to the rules described under “Gain on Disposition of Our Common Stock or Common Warrants” below. The Non-U.S. Holder will take a tax basis in the shares acquired on the exercise of a common warrant equal to the exercise price of the common warrant. The Non-U.S. Holder’s holding period in the shares of our common stock acquired on exercise of the common warrant will begin on the date of exercise of the common warrant, and will not include any period for which the Non-U.S. Holder held the common warrant.

The expiration of a common warrant will be treated as if the Non-U.S. Holder sold or exchanged the common warrant and recognized a capital loss equal to the Non-U.S. Holder’s tax basis in the common warrant. However, a Non-U.S. Holder will not be able to utilize a loss recognized upon expiration of a common warrant against the Non-U.S. Holder’s U.S. federal income tax liability unless the loss is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder’s conduct of a trade or business within the United States (and, if an income tax treaty applies, is attributable to a permanent establishment in the United States) or is treated as a U.S.-source loss and the Non-U.S. Holder is present 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition and certain other conditions are met.

Certain Adjustments to the Common Warrants

Under Section 305 of the Code, an adjustment to the number of shares of common stock issued on the exercise of the common warrants, or an adjustment to the exercise price of the warrants, may be treated as a constructive distribution to a Non-U.S. Holder of the common warrants if, and to the extent that, such adjustment has the effect of increasing such Non-U.S. Holder’s proportionate interest in our “earnings and profits” or assets, depending on the circumstances of such adjustment (for example, if such adjustment is to compensate for a distribution of cash or other property to our shareholders). Adjustments to the exercise price of common warrants made pursuant to a *bona fide* reasonable adjustment formula that has the effect of preventing dilution of the interest of the holders of the common warrants generally should not be considered to result in a constructive distribution. Such constructive distribution would be treated as a dividend, return of capital or capital gain as described under the heading “Distributions” below. Any such constructive distribution would be taxable whether or not there is an actual distribution of cash or other property.

On April 12, 2016, the IRS issued proposed regulations addressing the amount and timing of deemed distributions, obligations of withholding agents and filing and notice obligations of issuers. If adopted as proposed, the regulations would generally provide that (i) the amount of a deemed distribution is the excess of the fair market value of a common warrant immediately after the number-of-shares or exercise-price adjustment over the fair market value of the common warrant without the adjustment, (ii) the deemed distribution occurs at the earlier of the date the adjustment occurs under the terms of the common warrant and the date of the actual distribution of cash or property that results in the deemed distribution, (iii) subject to certain limited exceptions, a withholding agent is required to impose any applicable withholding on deemed distributions to a Non-U.S. Holder and, if there is no associated cash payment, may set off its withholding obligations against other payments to or funds of such holder and (iv) we are required to report the amount of any deemed distributions on our website or to the IRS and all holders of common warrants (including holders of common warrants that would otherwise be exempt from reporting). The final regulations will be effective for deemed distributions occurring on or after the date of adoption, but holders of common warrants and withholding agents may rely on them prior to that date under certain circumstances.

Distributions

Distributions on our common stock made to a Non-U.S. Holder will constitute dividends for U.S. tax purposes to the extent paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles). Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits will constitute a return of capital that is applied against and reduces, but not below zero, a Non-U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in our common stock. Any remaining excess will be treated as gain realized on the sale or exchange of our common stock as described below under the section titled “–Gain on Disposition of Our Common Stock or Common Warrants.”

Any distribution on our common stock that is treated as a dividend paid to a Non-U.S. Holder (including constructive distributions or dividend equivalents deemed paid) that is not effectively connected with the holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States will generally be subject to withholding tax at a 30% rate or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty between the United States and the Non-U.S. Holder's country of residence. To obtain a reduced rate of withholding under a treaty, a Non-U.S. Holder generally will be required to provide the applicable withholding agent with a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN, IRS Form W-8BEN-E or other appropriate form, certifying the Non-U.S. Holder's entitlement to benefits under that treaty. Such form must be provided prior to the payment of dividends and must be updated periodically. If a Non-U.S. Holder holds stock through a financial institution or other agent acting on the holder's behalf, the holder will be required to provide appropriate documentation to such agent. The holder's agent may then be required to provide certification to the applicable withholding agent, either directly or through other intermediaries. If you are eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. withholding tax under an income tax treaty, you should consult with your own tax advisor to determine if you are able to obtain a refund or credit of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for a refund with the IRS.

We generally are not required to withhold tax on dividends paid (or constructive dividends or dividend equivalents deemed paid) to a Non-U.S. Holder that are effectively connected with the holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, are attributable to a permanent establishment that the holder maintains in the United States) if a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI, stating that the dividends are so connected, is furnished to us (or, if stock is held through a financial institution or other agent, to the applicable withholding agent). In general, such effectively connected dividends will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at the regular graduated rates applicable to U.S. persons. A corporate Non-U.S. Holder receiving effectively connected dividends may also be subject to an additional “branch profits tax,” which is imposed, under certain circumstances, at a rate of 30% (or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable treaty) on the corporate Non-U.S. Holder's effectively connected earnings and profits, subject to certain adjustments.

See also the section below titled “– Foreign Accounts” for additional withholding rules that may apply to dividends paid to certain foreign financial institutions or non-financial foreign entities.

Gain on Disposition of Our Common Stock or Common Warrants

Subject to the discussions below under the sections titled “–Backup Withholding and Information Reporting” and “– Foreign Accounts,” a Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax with respect to gain realized on a sale or other disposition of our common stock or common warrants unless (a) the gain is effectively connected with a trade or business of the holder in the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a permanent establishment that the holder maintains in the United States), (b) the Non-U.S. Holder is a nonresident alien individual and is present in the United States for 183 or more days in the taxable year of the disposition and certain other conditions are met, or (c) we are or have been a “United States real property holding corporation” within the meaning of Code Section 897(c)(2) at any time within the shorter of the five-year period preceding such disposition or the holder's holding period in the common stock or common warrants.

If you are a Non-U.S. Holder described in (a) above, you will be required to pay tax on the net gain derived from the sale at the regular graduated U.S. federal income tax rates applicable to U.S. persons. Corporate Non-U.S. Holders described in (a) above may also be subject to the additional branch profits tax at a 30% rate or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty. If you are an individual Non-U.S. Holder described in (b) above, you will be required to pay a flat 30% tax on the gain derived from the sale, which gain may be offset by certain U.S. source capital losses, provided you have timely filed U.S. federal income tax returns with respect to such losses. With respect to (c) above, in general, we would be a United States real property holding corporation if U.S. real property interests as defined in the Code and the Treasury Regulations comprised (by fair market value) at least half of our assets. We believe that we are not, and do not anticipate becoming, a United States real property holding corporation. However, there can be no assurance that we will not become a United States real property holding corporation in the future. Even if we are treated as a U.S. real property holding corporation, gain realized by a Non-U.S. Holder on a disposition of our common stock or common warrants will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax so long as (1) the Non-U.S. Holder owned, directly, indirectly or constructively, no more than five percent of our common stock at all times within the shorter of (i) the five-year period preceding the disposition or (ii) the holder's holding period and (2) our common stock is regularly traded on an established securities market. There can be no assurance that our common stock will qualify as regularly traded on an established securities market.

See the section titled “—Foreign Accounts” for additional information regarding withholding rules that may apply to proceeds of a disposition of our common stock or common warrants paid to foreign financial institutions or non-financial foreign entities.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

Generally, we or certain financial middlemen must report information to the IRS with respect to any dividends we pay on our common stock including the amount of any such dividends (including constructive distributions or dividend equivalents deemed paid), the name and address of the recipient, and the amount, if any, of tax withheld. A similar report is sent to the holder to whom any such dividends are paid. Pursuant to tax treaties or certain other agreements, the IRS may make its reports available to tax authorities in the recipient's country of residence.

Dividends paid by us (or our paying agents) to a Non-U.S. Holder (including constructive distributions or dividend equivalents deemed paid) may also be subject to U.S. backup withholding. U.S. backup withholding generally will not apply to a Non-U.S. Holder who provides a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable, or otherwise establishes an exemption, provided that the applicable withholding agent does not have actual knowledge or reason to know the holder is a U.S. person.

Under current U.S. federal income tax law, U.S. information reporting and backup withholding requirements generally will apply to the proceeds of a disposition of our common stock or common warrants effected by or through a U.S. office of any broker, U.S. or non-U.S., unless the Non-U.S. Holder provides a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable, or otherwise meets documentary evidence requirements for establishing non-U.S. person status or otherwise establishes an exemption. Generally, U.S. information reporting and backup withholding requirements will not apply to a payment of disposition proceeds to a Non-U.S. Holder where the transaction is effected outside the United States through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker. Information reporting and backup withholding requirements may, however, apply to a payment of disposition proceeds if the broker has actual knowledge, or reason to know, that the holder is, in fact, a U.S. person. For information reporting purposes, certain brokers with substantial U.S. ownership or operations will generally be treated in a manner similar to U.S. brokers.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. If backup withholding is applied to you, you should consult with your own tax advisor to determine whether you have overpaid your U.S. federal income tax, and whether you are able to obtain a tax refund or credit of the overpaid amount.

Foreign Accounts

In addition, U.S. federal withholding taxes may apply under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act, or FATCA, on certain types of payments, including dividends, constructive dividends or dividend equivalents deemed paid and, on or after January 1, 2019, the gross proceeds of a disposition of our common stock or common warrants, paid to non-U.S. financial institutions and certain other non-U.S. entities. Specifically, a 30% withholding tax may be imposed on dividends (including constructive dividends and dividend equivalents) on, or, on or after January 1, 2019, gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of, our common stock or common warrants paid to a “foreign financial institution” or a “non-financial foreign entity” (each as defined in the Code), unless (1) the foreign financial institution agrees to undertake certain diligence and reporting obligations, (2) the non-financial foreign entity either certifies it does not have any “substantial United States owners” (as defined in the Code) or furnishes identifying information regarding each substantial United States owner, or (3) the foreign financial institution or non-financial foreign entity otherwise qualifies for an exemption from these rules. The 30% federal withholding tax described in this paragraph cannot be reduced under an income tax treaty with the United States. If the payee is a foreign financial institution and is subject to the diligence and reporting requirements in (1) above, it must enter into an agreement with the U.S. Department of the Treasury requiring, among other things, that it undertake to identify accounts held by certain “specified United States persons” or “United States-owned foreign entities” (each as defined in the Code), annually report certain information about such accounts, and withhold 30% on certain payments to non-compliant foreign financial institutions and certain other account holders. Foreign financial institutions located in jurisdictions that have an intergovernmental agreement with the United States governing FATCA may be subject to different rules.

Prospective investors should consult their tax advisors regarding the potential application of withholding under FATCA to their investment in our common stock or common warrants.

EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF PURCHASING, HOLDING AND DISPOSING OF OUR COMMON STOCK, INCLUDING THE CONSEQUENCES OF ANY PROPOSED CHANGE IN APPLICABLE LAW, AS WELL AS TAX CONSEQUENCES ARISING UNDER ANY STATE, LOCAL, NON-U.S. OR U.S. FEDERAL NON-INCOME TAX LAWS SUCH AS ESTATE AND GIFT TAX.

UNDERWRITING

We have entered into an underwriting agreement, dated _____, 2020, with A.G.P./Alliance Global Partners, acting as the representative of the several underwriters named below, with respect to the shares of common stock and the accompanying common warrants and the accompanying common warrants subject to this offering. Subject to certain conditions, we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and the underwriters have severally agreed to purchase, the number of shares of common stock and the accompanying common warrants and the accompanying common warrants provided below opposite their respective names.

Underwriters	Number of Shares	Number of Common Warrants	Total
A.G.P./Alliance Global Partners			
Arcadia Securities, LLC			
Maxim Group LLC			
Total			

The underwriters are offering the shares of common stock and the accompanying common warrants subject to their acceptance of the shares of common stock and common warrants from us and subject to prior sale. The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the several underwriters to pay for and accept delivery of the shares of common stock and the accompanying common warrants offered by this prospectus are subject to the approval of certain legal matters by their counsel and to certain other conditions. The underwriters are obligated to take and pay for all of the shares of common stock and the accompanying common warrants if any such shares and the accompanying common warrants are taken.

Discount, Commissions and Expenses

The underwriters have advised us that they propose to offer the shares of common stock and the accompanying common warrants to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and to certain dealers at that price less a concession not in excess of \$ _____ per share of common stock and the accompanying common warrants. The underwriters may allow, and certain dealers may realow, a discount from the concession not in excess of \$ _____ per share and the accompanying common warrants to certain brokers and dealers. After this offering, the public offering price, concession and realowance to dealers may be changed by the representative. No such change shall change the amount of proceeds to be received by us as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus. The shares of common stock and the accompanying common warrants are offered by the underwriters as stated herein, subject to receipt and acceptance by them and subject to their right to reject any order in whole or in part. The underwriters have informed us that they do not intend to confirm sales to any accounts over which they exercise discretionary authority.

The following table shows the underwriting discount payable to the underwriters by us in connection with this offering.

	Per Share	Per Common Warrant	Total	
			Without Over- Allotment	With Over- Allotment
Public offering price	\$	\$	\$	\$
Underwriting discount	\$	\$	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$	\$	\$	\$

We have agreed to reimburse the underwriters for certain out-of-pocket expenses not to exceed \$150,000 in the aggregate without our consent which shall not be unreasonably withheld. We estimate that expenses payable by us in connection with this offering, including reimbursement of the underwriters' out-of-pocket expenses, but excluding the underwriting discount referred to above, will be approximately \$550,000.

Over-allotment Option

We have granted to the underwriters an option exercisable not later than 45 days after the date of this prospectus to purchase up to 2,553,191 shares of common stock at the public offering price per share of common stock and/or common warrants to purchase up to 1,276,595 shares of common stock as set forth on the cover page hereto less the underwriting discounts and commissions. The underwriters may exercise the option solely to cover over-allotments, if any, made in connection with this offering. If any additional shares of common stock and/or common warrants are purchased pursuant to the over-allotment option, the underwriters will offer these shares of common stock and/or common warrants on the same terms as those on which the other securities are being offered.

Indemnification

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act and liabilities arising from breaches of representations and warranties contained in the underwriting agreement, or to contribute to payments that the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

Lock-up Agreements

We, our officers and directors have agreed, subject to limited exceptions, for a period of 90 days after the date of the underwriting agreement, not to offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, grant any option to purchase, make any short sale or otherwise dispose of, directly or indirectly any shares of common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock either owned as of the date of the underwriting agreement or thereafter acquired without the prior written consent of the representative. The representative may, in its sole discretion and at any time or from time to time before the termination of the lock-up period, without notice, release all or any portion of the securities subject to lock-up agreements.

In addition, pursuant to the investor agreement, which shall be executed by any purchaser that purchases in this offering in excess of \$ _____ of shares of our common stock and accompanying warrants, such purchasers will agree to certain limitations on sales of our common stock that they own or control during the period from the effective date of this registration statement until thirty days thereafter.

Price Stabilization, Short Positions and Penalty Bids

The underwriters have advised us that they do not intend to conduct any stabilization or over-allotment activities in connection with this offering.

Passive Market Making

In connection with this offering, the underwriters and any selling group members may engage in passive market making transactions in our common stock on the Nasdaq Stock Market in accordance with Rule 103 of Regulation M under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, during a period before the commencement of offers or sales of common stock and extending through the completion of the distribution. A passive market maker must display its bid at a price not in excess of the highest independent bid of that security. However, if all independent bids are lowered below the passive market maker's bid that bid must then be lowered when specified purchase limits are exceeded.

Electronic Distribution

This prospectus in electronic format may be made available on websites or through other online services maintained by one or more of the underwriters, or by their affiliates. Other than this prospectus in electronic format, the information on any underwriter's website and any information contained in any other website maintained by an underwriter is not part of this prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, has not been approved and/or endorsed by us or any underwriter in its capacity as underwriter, and should not be relied upon by investors.

Other

From time to time, certain of the underwriters and/or their affiliates have provided, and may in the future provide, various investment banking and other financial services for us for which services they have received and, may in the future receive, customary fees. In the course of their businesses, the underwriters and their affiliates may actively trade our securities or loans for their own account or for the accounts of customers, and, accordingly, the underwriters and their affiliates may at any time hold long or short positions in such securities or loans. Except for services provided in connection with this offering, no underwriter has provided any investment banking or other financial services to us during the 180-day period preceding the date of this prospectus and we do not expect to retain any underwriter to perform any investment banking or other financial services for at least 90 days after the date of this prospectus.

NOTICE TO INVESTORS

Notice to Investors in the United Kingdom

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “Relevant Member State”) an offer to the public of any securities which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this prospectus may not be made in that Relevant Member State except that an offer to the public in that Relevant Member State of any such securities may be made at any time under the following exemptions under the Prospectus Directive, if they have been implemented in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) to legal entities which are authorized or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorized or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities;
- (b) to any legal entity which has two or more of: (1) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (2) a total balance sheet of more than € 43,000,000; and (3) an annual net turnover of more than € 50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts;
- (c) by the underwriter to fewer than 100 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive); or
- (d) in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive, provided that no such offer of these securities shall result in a requirement for the publication by the issuer or the underwriter of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an “offer to the public” in relation to any of the securities in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and any such securities to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase any such securities, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State and the expression “Prospectus Directive” means Directive 2003/71/EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

Each underwriter has represented, warranted and agreed that:

- (a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the FSMA)) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any of the securities in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the issuer; and
- (b) it has complied with and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the securities in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

European Economic Area

In particular, this document does not constitute an approved prospectus in accordance with European Commission’s Regulation on Prospectuses no. 809/2004 and no such prospectus is to be prepared and approved in connection with this offering. Accordingly, in relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (being the Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council 2003/71/EC and including any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State) (each, a Relevant Member State), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the Relevant Implementation Date) an offer of securities to the public may not be made in that Relevant Member State prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to such securities which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of securities to the public in that Relevant Member State at any time:

- to legal entities which are authorized or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorized or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities;
- to any legal entity which has two or more of: (1) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (2) a total balance sheet of more than € 43,000,000; and (3) an annual net turnover of more than € 50,000,000, as shown in the last annual or consolidated accounts; or

- in any other circumstances which do not require the publication by the Issuer of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an “offer of securities to the public” in relation to any of the securities in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the securities to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the securities, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State. For these purposes the securities offered hereby are “securities.”

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Gracin & Marlow, LLP, New York, New York. Zysman, Aharoni, Gayer and Sullivan & Worcester LLP, New York, New York, is acting as counsel to the underwriters in this offering.

EXPERTS

The financial statements as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 and for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2018 incorporated by reference in this prospectus have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of BDO USA, LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, incorporated herein by reference, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the securities offered by this prospectus. This prospectus, which is part of the registration statement, omits certain information, exhibits, schedules and undertakings set forth in the registration statement. For further information pertaining to us and the securities offered hereby, reference is made to the registration statement and the exhibits and schedules to the registration statement. Statements contained in this prospectus as to the contents or provisions of any documents referred to in this prospectus are not necessarily complete, and in each instance where a copy of the document has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, reference is made to the exhibit for a more complete description of the matters involved.

Registration statements and certain other filings made with the SEC electronically are publicly available through the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. The registration statement, including all exhibits and amendments to the registration statement, has been filed electronically with the SEC. You may also read all or any portion of the registration statement and certain other filings made with the SEC on our website at www.heatbio.com. The information contained in, and that can be accessed through, our website is not incorporated into and is not part of this prospectus.

We are subject to the information and periodic reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and, accordingly, are required to file annual reports containing financial statements audited by an independent public accounting firm, quarterly reports containing unaudited financial data, current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may obtain electronic copies of such periodic reports, proxy statements and other information at the website of the SEC referred to above, and our website at www.heatbio.com. Except for the specific incorporated reports and documents listed above, no information available on or through our website shall be deemed to be incorporated in this prospectus or the registration statement of which it forms a part.

INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to “incorporate by reference” certain information that we will file with it which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents instead of having to repeat the information in this prospectus. The later information that we file with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any future filings made with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (Commission File No. 001-35994) after (i) the date of this initial registration statement and prior to effectiveness of this registration statement and (ii) the date of this prospectus and before the completion of the offering of the securities included in this prospectus, however, we will not incorporate by reference any documents or portions thereof that are not deemed “filed” with the SEC, or any information furnished pursuant to Items 2.02 or 7.01 of Form 8-K or related exhibits furnished pursuant to Item 9.01 of Form 8-K:

- Our Annual Report on [Form 10-K](#) and [Form 10-K/A](#) for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Commission File No. 001-35994) filed with the SEC on March 28, 2019, and April 24, 2019, respectively;
- Our Quarterly Report on [Form 10-Q](#) for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 (File No. 001-35994) filed with the SEC on May 15, 2019;
- Our Quarterly Report on [Form 10-Q](#) for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 (File No. 001-35994) filed with the SEC on August 14, 2019;
- Our Quarterly Report on [Form 10-Q](#) for the quarter ended September 30, 2019 (File No. 001-35994) filed with the SEC on November 14, 2019;
- Our Current Reports on Form 8-K (Commission File No. 001-35994) filed with the SEC on [January 3, 2019](#), [January 8, 2019](#), [January 8, 2019](#), [January 10, 2019](#), [January 14, 2019](#), [February 25, 2019](#), [February 28, 2019](#), [February 28, 2019](#), [March 12, 2019](#), [April 2, 2019](#), [April 4, 2019](#), [April 18, 2019](#), [April 18, 2019](#), [May 7, 2019](#), [June 3, 2019](#), [June 21, 2019](#), [June 24, 2019](#), [July 9, 2019](#), [July 24, 2019](#) (as amended on [Form 8-K/A on August 22, 2019](#)), [September 24, 2019](#), [October 18, 2019](#), [November 5, 2019](#), [November 19, 2019](#), [November 22, 2019](#), [November 29, 2019](#), [December 20, 2019](#) and [January 3, 2020](#);
- Our Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, as amended filed with the SEC on [June 4, 2019](#), [July 8, 2019](#), [August 7, 2019](#) and [August 14, 2019](#);
- Our [Preliminary Proxy Statement](#) on Schedule 14A filed with the SEC on October 18, 2019, as amended by [Amendment No. 1](#) thereto filed with the SEC on January 13, 2020;
- The description of our common stock set forth in our registration statement on [Form 8-A](#), filed with the SEC on July 8, 2013 (Commission File No. 001-35994); and
- The description of our common stock purchase rights set forth in our registration statement on [Form 8-A](#), filed with the SEC on March 13, 2019 (Commission File No. 001-35994).

We will provide to each person, including any beneficial owner, to whom a prospectus is delivered, a copy of any or all of the reports or documents that we incorporate by reference in this prospectus contained in the registration statement (except exhibits to the documents that are not specifically incorporated by reference) at no cost to you, by writing or calling us at the following address and telephone number:

Heat Biologics, Inc.
627 Davis Drive, Suite 400
Morrisville, North Carolina 27560
(919) 240-7133

Information about us is available at our website at www.heatbio.com. Except for the specific incorporated reports and documents listed above, no information available on or through our website shall be deemed to be incorporated in this prospectus or the registration statement of which it forms a part. Any statement contained in this registration statement or in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference in this registration statement shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this registration statement to the extent that a statement contained in this registration statement or in any other subsequently filed document which also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference in this registration statement modifies or supersedes that statement. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this registration statement.



**17,021,276 Shares of Common Stock
Common Warrants to Purchase 8,510,638 Shares of Common Stock**

PROSPECTUS

A.G.P.

Arcadia Securities

Maxim Group LLC

, 2020

Through and including _____, 2020 (25 days after commencement of this offering), all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealer's obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as an underwriter and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

PART II - INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

ITEM 13. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

We estimate that expenses in connection with the distribution described in this registration statement (other than fees and commissions charged by the underwriters) will be as set forth below. We will pay all of the expenses with respect to the distribution, and such amounts, with the exception of the SEC registration fee and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (“FINRA”) filing fee, are estimates.

SEC registration fee	\$	1,194
FINRA filing fee		657
Accounting fees and expenses		50,000
Printing fees		10,000
Legal fees and expenses		250,000
Underwriters’ out-of-pocket expenses		150,000
Marketing fees		25,000
Other (including transfer agent fees)		63,149
Total	\$	550,000

ITEM 14. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Subsection (a) of Section 145 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the “DGCL”) empowers a corporation to indemnify any person who was or is a party or who is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation) by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys’ fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe the person’s conduct was unlawful.

Subsection (b) of Section 145 empowers a corporation to indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that the person acted in any of the capacities set forth above, against expenses (including attorneys’ fees) actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if the person acted in good faith and in a manner the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the corporation unless and only to the extent that the Court of Chancery or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper.

Section 145 further provides that to the extent a director or officer of a corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in subsections (a) and (b) of Section 145, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, such person shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys’ fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection therewith; that indemnification provided for by Section 145 shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which the indemnified party may be entitled; and the indemnification provided for by Section 145 shall, unless otherwise provided when authorized or ratified, continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of such person’s heirs, executors and administrators. Section 145 also empowers the corporation to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against such person and incurred by such person in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such liabilities under Section 145.

Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL provides that a corporation's certificate of incorporation may contain a provision eliminating or limiting the personal liability of a director to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, provided that such provision shall not eliminate or limit the liability of a director (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) under Section 174 of the DGCL, or (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

Our certificate of incorporation and our bylaws provide that we will indemnify our directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, which prohibits our certificate of incorporation from limiting the liability of our directors for the following:

- any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to us or our stockholders;
- acts or omissions not in good faith or that involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- unlawful payment of dividends or unlawful stock repurchases or redemptions; or
- any transaction from which the director derived an improper benefit.

Our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides for indemnification of our directors and executive officers to the maximum extent permitted by the DGCL, and our amended and restated bylaws provide for indemnification of our directors and executive officers to the maximum extent permitted by the DGCL.

We have entered into indemnification agreements with each of our current directors. These agreements will require us to indemnify these individuals to the fullest extent permitted under Delaware law against liabilities that may arise by reason of their service to us and to advance expenses incurred as a result of any proceeding against them as to which they could be indemnified. We also intend to enter into indemnification agreements with our future directors and executive officers.

In any underwriting agreement we enter into in connection with the sale of common stock being registered hereby, the underwriters will agree to indemnify, under certain conditions, us, our directors, our officers and persons who control us, within the meaning of the Securities Act, against certain liabilities.

ITEM 15. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

The following information sets forth certain information with respect to all securities which we have sold during the last three years.

On December 30, 2016, we issued 12,281 shares of our common stock (1,228 shares of common stock post-reverse stock split) to an investor relations firm, as partial consideration for services rendered pursuant to the terms of an agreement that we entered into with such firm. These shares were issued upon the exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act provided for by Section 4(a)(2) thereof for transactions not involving a public offering.

On March 31, 2017, we issued 11,798 shares of our common stock (1,179 shares of common stock post-reverse stock split) to an investor relations firm, as partial consideration for services rendered pursuant to the terms of an agreement that we entered into with such firm. These shares were issued upon the exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act provided for by Section 4(a)(2) thereof for transactions not involving a public offering.

On April 28, 2017, we consummated the acquisition of 80% of the outstanding equity of Pelican, a related party, and Pelican became a majority owned subsidiary of ours. In exchange for 80% of the outstanding capital stock of Pelican on a fully diluted basis, we paid to the Pelican Stockholders 1,331,056 shares of our restricted common stock (133,106 shares of common stock post-reverse stock split) representing 4.99% of the outstanding shares of our common stock on the date of the initial execution of the purchase agreement. These shares were issued upon the exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act provided for by Section 4(a)(2) thereof and Regulation D promulgated thereunder for transactions not involving a public offering.

On June 30, 2017, we issued 17,213 shares of our common stock (1,721 shares of common stock post-reverse stock split) to an investor relations firm, as partial consideration for services rendered pursuant to the terms of an agreement that we entered into with such firm. These shares were issued upon the exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act provided for by Section 4(a)(2) thereof for transactions not involving a public offering.

On September 30, 2017, we issued 7,692 shares of our common stock (769 shares of common stock post-reverse stock split) to an investor relations firm, as partial consideration for services rendered pursuant to the terms of an agreement that we entered into with such firm. These shares were issued upon the exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act provided for by Section 4(a)(2) thereof for transactions not involving a public offering.

On December 31, 2017, we issued 13,158 shares of our common stock (1,316 shares of common stock post-reverse stock split) to an investor relations firm, as partial consideration for services rendered pursuant to the terms of an agreement that we entered into with such firm. These shares were issued upon the exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act provided for by Section 4(a)(2) thereof for transactions not involving a public offering.

On October 30, 2018, we issued 35,000 shares of our common stock to University of Miami (“UM”) exchange for the return to us by UM of certain shares of capital stock it held in our subsidiaries, Heat Biologics I, Inc. and Pelican. These shares were issued upon the exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act provided for by Section 4(a)(2) thereof for transactions not involving a public offering.

On August 30, 2019, we issued 54,000 and 20,000 shares of our common stock to two consultants providing investor relations services. These shares were issued upon the exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act provided for by Section 4(a)(2) thereof for transactions not involving a public offering.

ITEM 16. EXHIBITS

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
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1.1	At Market Issuance Sales Agreement by and between Heat Biologics, Inc. and FBR Capital Markets & Co. dated April 3, 2019 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 4, 2016 (File No. 001-35994))
1.2	Common Stock Sales Agreement, dated January 18, 2018, by and between Heat Biologics, Inc. and H.C. Wainwright & Co., LLC (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 19, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
1.3	Form of Underwriting Agreement**
3.1	Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation filed on May 29, 2013 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 30, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws, dated January 11, 2016 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 15, 2016 (File No. 001-35994))
3.4	Certificate of Amendment to the Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 17, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
3.5	Certificate of Amendment to the Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 19, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
3.6	Certificate of Amendment to the Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 19, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
3.7	Amended and Restated Bylaws, dated October 17, 2019 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 18, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
4.1	2009 Stock Incentive Plan ### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
4.2	First Amendment of the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan ### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
4.3	Second Amendment of the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan ### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
4.4	Third Amendment of the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan ### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.’s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))

4.5	Fourth Amendment of the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan ## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
4.6	Specimen Common Stock Certificate of Heat Biologics, Inc. (previously filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
4.7	2014 Stock Incentive Plan ## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 13, 2014 (File No. 333-196763))
4.8	Amended and Restated Heat Biologics, Inc. 2014 Stock Incentive Plan ## (previously filed as Appendix A to the Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 22, 2015))
4.9	Form of Warrant (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2016 (File No. 001-35994))
4.10	2017 Stock Incentive Plan ## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 11, 2017 (File No. 333-219238))
4.11	Rights Agreement between Heat Biologics, Inc. and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, dated March 11, 2018 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
4.12	2018 Stock Incentive Plan (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 4, 2018 (File No. 333-219238))
4.13	Warrant Agency Agreement between Heat Biologics, Inc. and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, dated May 2, 2018 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 7, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
4.14	Common Stock Purchase Warrant (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 7, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
4.15	Form of Warrant (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
4.16	Amendment No. 1 to Rights Plan (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
4.17	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant*
5.1	Legal Opinion of Gracin & Marlow, LLP**
10.1	License Agreement (UMJ110) between the University of Miami and Heat Biologics, Inc. effective February 18, 2011*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
10.2	License Agreement (97-14) between the University of Miami and its School of Medicine and Heat Biologics, Inc. effective July 11, 2008*** (previously filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
10.3	License Agreement (143) between the University of Miami and its School of Medicine and Heat Biologics I, Inc. effective February 11, 2011*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
10.4	License Agreement (D-107) between the University of Miami and its School of Medicine and Heat Biologics I, Inc. effective February 18, 2011*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
10.5	License Agreement (SS114A) between the University of Miami and its School of Medicine and Heat Biologics I, Inc. effective February 18, 2011*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
10.6	Common Stock Subscription Agreement between the University of Miami and Heat Biologics I, Inc. dated July 7, 2009 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
10.7	Employment Agreement with Jeffrey Wolf dated December 18, 2009## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
10.8	Amendment to Employment Agreement with Jeffrey Wolf dated as of January 1, 2011## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
10.9	Non-Exclusive Evaluation and Biological Material License Agreement with American Type Culture Collection effective April 12, 2011*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
10.10	Manufacturing Services Agreement with Lonza Walkersville, Inc. dated as of October 20, 2011 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))

- [10.11](#) Assignment and Assumption Agreement dated June 26, 2009 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
- [10.12](#) Termination Agreement UM97-114 dated June 26, 2009 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
- [10.13](#) Amendment to License Agreement (UM97-14) dated April 29, 2009 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
- [10.14](#) Exclusive License between Heat Biologics, Inc. and the University of Michigan dated July 22, 2011 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
- [10.15](#) Option Contract for Exclusive License between Heat Biologics, Inc. and the University of Miami dated April 1, 2013 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2013 (File No. 333-188365))
- [10.16](#) Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated as of January 20, 2014 between the Company and Jeffrey Wolf### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 21, 2014 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.17](#) Lease Agreement dated January 24, 2014 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2014 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.18](#) License Agreement (UMK-161) between the University of Miami and its School of Medicine and Heat Biologics I, Inc. effective March 4, 2014*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2014 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.19](#) First Amendment to Lease (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 27, 2015 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.20](#) Second Amendment to Lease (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 27, 2015 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.21](#) Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the 2014 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 27, 2015 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.22](#) Form of Non-Statutory Stock Option Agreement under the 2014 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 27, 2015 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.23](#) Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Company and Jeffrey Wolf, dated January 11, 2016### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 15, 2016 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.24](#) Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Company and Jeffrey Wolf, dated April 1, 2016### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 7, 2016 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.25](#) Employment Agreement between the Company and Ann Rosar, dated April 1, 2016 ## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 7, 2016 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.26](#) Amendment to License Agreement (UM97-14) between the University of Miami and Heat Biologics, Inc. effective July 26, 2016 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 15, 2016 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.27](#) Form of Indemnification Agreement by and between Heat Biologics, Inc. and its directors and officers (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 15, 2016 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.28](#) Exclusive License Agreement (UMIP-114/Strbo) between the University of Miami and Zolovax, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Heat Biologics effective October 24, 2016 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 10, 2016 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.29](#) Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Company and Jeffrey Wolf, dated January 1, 2017### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 4, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.30](#) Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Company and Ann Rosar, dated January 1, 2017### (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 4, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))

- [10.31](#) Employment Agreement between the Company and Jeff T. Hutchins, dated January 1, 2017## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 4, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.32](#) Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement ## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 4, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.33](#) Stock Purchase Agreement by and among Heat Biologics, Inc., with Pelican Therapeutics, Inc. ("Pelican"), and certain stockholders in Pelican (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 8, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.34](#) First Amendment to Exclusive License Agreement between The Regents of The University of Michigan and Heat Biologics, Inc. (UM File Number 3680) dated December 1, 2016 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.35](#) First Amendment to Stock Purchase Agreement dated March 29, 2017 by and among Heat Biologics, Inc., Pelican Therapeutics, Inc. and Josiah Hornblower as representative of the Stockholders (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.36](#) Funding Commitment issued by Heat Biologics, Inc. dated April 6, 2017 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 7, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.37](#) License Agreement by and between University of Miami and Pelican Therapeutics, Inc. (f/k/a Heat Biologics II, Inc.) dated July 11, 2008 (UM03-31, UM05-39)*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.38](#) License Agreement by and between University of Miami and Pelican Therapeutics, Inc. (f/k/a Heat Biologics II, Inc.) dated December 12, 2010 (UMI176)*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.39](#) License Agreement by and between University of Miami and Pelican Therapeutics, Inc. (f/k/a Heat Biologics II, Inc.) dated November 19, 2013 (UM-143 and UMN-106)*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2017) (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.40](#) Amendment to License Agreement between Heat Biologics, Inc. and University of Miami dated April 20, 2009*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.41](#) Assignment and Assumption Agreement between Heat Biologics, Inc. and Pelican Therapeutics, Inc. (f/k/a Heat Biologics II, Inc.) dated June 26, 2009 (UM03-31, UM05-39)*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.42](#) Second Amendment to License Agreement between Pelican Therapeutics, Inc. (f/k/a Heat Biologics II, Inc.) and University of Miami dated August 11, 2009 (UM03-31, UM05-39)*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.43](#) Payment Agreement between Pelican Therapeutics, Inc. (f/k/a Heat Biologics II, Inc.) dated December 19, 2012 (UMI176)*** (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.44](#) CPRIT Grant (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 3, 2017*** (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.45](#) Amendment to Employment Agreement with Jeff T. Hutchins dated as of June 29, 2017## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 30, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.46](#) Amendment to Employment Agreement with Ann Rosar dated as of June 29, 2017## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 30, 2017 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.47](#) Amendment to Employment Agreement with Jeff T. Hutchins dated as of January 1, 2018## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 10, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.48](#) Amendment to Employment Agreement with Ann Rosar dated as of January 1, 2018## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 10, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
- [10.49](#) Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the 2017 Stock Incentive Plan ## (previously filed as an exhibit 1 to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))

10.50	Form of Non-Statutory Stock Option Agreement under the 2017 Stock Incentive Plan ## (previously filed as an exhibit 1 to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
10.51	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2017 Stock Incentive Plan ## (previously filed as an exhibit 1 to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2018 (File No. 001-35994))
10.52	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the 2018 Stock Incentive Plan (previously filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 4, 2018 (File No. 333-219238))
10.53	Form of Non-Statutory Stock Option Agreement under the 2018 Stock Incentive Plan (previously filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 4, 2018 (File No. 333-219238))
10.54	Form of Notice of Award under the 2018 Stock Incentive Plan (previously filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 4, 2018 (File No. 333-219238))
10.55	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2018 Stock Incentive Plan (previously filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 4, 2018 (File No. 333-219238))
10.56	Amendment to Employment Agreement between Heat Biologics, Inc. and Jeffrey T. Hutchins, effective as of January 1, 2019 ## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 3, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.57	Heat Biologics, Inc. Form of Restricted Stock Agreement (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 3, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.58	Agreement with Ann Rosar dated March 7, 2019 ## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.59	Offer Letter with Bob Jakobs dated March 7, 2019 ## (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.60	Amendment No. 1 to Rights Agreement (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.61	Lease Agreement with Durham KTP Tech 7, LLC (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 18, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.62	CPRIT Extension (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 18, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.63	Separation Agreement by and between Heat Biologics, Inc. and Robert J. Jakobs, dated September 20, 2019 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 24, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.64	Offer Letter by and between Heat Biologics, Inc. and William L. Ostrander dated September 23, 2019 (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 24, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.65	Investor Agreement (previously filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement on Amendment No. 2 to Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 5, 2019 (File No. 333-234105))
10.66	Attachment F to CPRIT Contract (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 22, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
10.67	Amendment dated January 1, 2020 to Employment Agreement between Heat Biologics, Inc. and Jeffrey Wolf (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 3, 2020 (File No. 001-35994))
10.68	Amendment dated January 1, 2020 to Employment Agreement between Heat Biologics, Inc. and Jeffrey Hutchins (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 3, 2020 (File No. 001-35994))
10.69	Amendment dated January 1, 2020 to Offer Letter between Heat Biologics, Inc. and William Ostrander (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 3, 2020 (File No. 001-35994))
10.70	Form of Heat Biologics, Inc. Restricted Stock Agreement (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc. current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 3, 2020 (File No. 001-35994))
21.1	List of Subsidiaries (previously filed as an exhibit to Heat Biologics, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 28, 2019 (File No. 001-35994))
23.1	Consent of BDO USA, LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm*
23.2	Consent of Gracin & Marlow, LLP (contained in Exhibit 5.1)**
24.1	Power of Attorney (included on the signature page of the initial Registration Statement)**

* Filed herewith.

- ** Previously filed.
*** Confidential treatment has been requested as to certain portions of this exhibit pursuant to Rule 24b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be identified pursuant to Item 15(a)(3) of this report.

ITEM 17. UNDERTAKINGS

(a) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

(1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:

(i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act");

(ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement.

(iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;

Provided, however, that Paragraphs (a)(1)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this section do not apply if the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in reports filed with or furnished to the Commission by the registrant pursuant to section 13 or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), that are incorporated by reference in the registration statement.

(2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

(3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

(4) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser: If the registrant is subject to Rule 430C (§230.430C of this chapter), each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A (§230.430A of this chapter), shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

(5) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities, the undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

(i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424 (§230.424 of this chapter);

(ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;

(iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and

(iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.

(b) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each filing of the registrant's annual report pursuant to section 13(a) or section 15(d) of the Exchange Act (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to section 15(d) of the Exchange Act) that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

(c) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to supplement the prospectus, after the expiration of the subscription period, to set forth the results of the subscription offer, the transactions by the underwriters during the subscription period, the amount of unsubscribed securities to be purchased by the underwriters, and the terms of any subsequent reoffering thereof. If any public offering by the underwriters is to be made on terms differing from those set forth on the cover page of the prospectus, a post-effective amendment will be filed to set forth the terms of such offering.

(d) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Company pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

(e) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the registrant will treat the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant under Rule 424(b)(1), or (4), or 497(h) under the Securities Act as part of this registration statement as of the time the Commission declared it effective.

(f) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant has duly caused this Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Morrisville, State of North Carolina, January 13, 2020.

HEAT BIOLOGICS, INC.

By: /s/ Jeffrey Wolf
Name: Jeffrey Wolf
Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act 1933, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Jeffrey Wolf</u> Jeffrey Wolf	Chief Executive Officer, President and Chairman (Principal Executive Officer)	January 13, 2020
<u>/s/ William Ostrander</u> William Ostrander	Vice President of Finance (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	January 13, 2020
<u>*</u> John Monahan, Ph.D.	Director	January 13, 2020
<u>*</u> John Prendergast, Ph.D.	Director	January 13, 2020
<u>*</u> Edward B. Smith, III	Director	January 13, 2020
*By: <u> /s/ Jeffrey Wolf </u> Jeffrey Wolf		

COMMON STOCK PURCHASE WARRANT

HEAT BIOLOGICS, INC.

Warrant Shares: [_____]

Issue Date: [_____], 2020

THIS COMMON STOCK PURCHASE WARRANT (the “Warrant”) certifies that, for value received, _____ or its assigns (the “Holder”) is entitled, upon the terms and subject to the limitations on exercise and the conditions hereinafter set forth, at any time on or after the date hereof (the “Initial Exercise Date”) and on or prior to 5:00 p.m. New York time on _____¹ (the “Termination Date”) but not thereafter, to subscribe for and purchase from Heat Biologics, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), up to _____ shares of common stock, par value \$0.0002 per share (the “Common Stock”) (as subject to adjustment hereunder, the “Warrant Shares”). The purchase price of one share of Common Stock under this Warrant shall be equal to the Exercise Price, as defined in Section 2(b).

Section 1. Definitions. In addition to the terms defined elsewhere in this Warrant, the following terms have the meanings indicated in this Section 1:

“Affiliate” means any Person that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by or is under common control with a Person, as such terms are used in and construed under Rule 405 under the Securities Act.

“Business Day” means any day except any Saturday, any Sunday, any day which is a federal legal holiday in the United States or any day on which banking institutions in the State of New York are authorized or required by law or other governmental action to close.

“Commission” means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

“Common Stock Equivalents” means any securities of the Company or the Subsidiaries which would entitle the holder thereof to acquire at any time shares of Common Stock, including, without limitation, any debt, preferred stock, right, option, warrant or other instrument that is at any time convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for, or otherwise entitles the holder thereof to receive, Common Stock.

“Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

“Person” means an individual or corporation, partnership, trust, incorporated or unincorporated association, joint venture, limited liability company, joint stock company, government (or an agency or subdivision thereof) or other entity of any kind.

“Securities Act” means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

“Trading Day” means a day on which the principal Trading Market is open for trading.

¹ The date that is the fourteen month anniversary of the Initial Exercise Date, provided that, if such date is not a Trading Day, insert the immediately following Trading Day.

“Trading Market” means any of the following markets or exchanges on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted for trading on the date in question: the NYSE American, the Nasdaq Capital Market, the Nasdaq Global Market, the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the New York Stock Exchange, OTCQB or OTCQX (or any successors to any of the foregoing).

“Transfer Agent” means Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, the current transfer agent of the Company, with a mailing address of 1 State Street, 30th Floor, New York, New York 10004-1561 and a facsimile number of (212) 616-7615, and any successor transfer agent of the Company.

Section 2. Exercise.

a) Exercise of Warrant. Exercise of the purchase rights represented by this Warrant may be made, in whole or in part, at any time or times on or after the Initial Exercise Date and on or before the Termination Date by delivery to the Company of a duly executed facsimile copy (or.pdf copy via e-mail attachment) of the Notice of Exercise in the form annexed hereto (the “Notice of Exercise”). Within the earlier of (i) two (2) Trading Days and (ii) the number of Trading Days comprising the Standard Settlement Period (as defined in Section 2(d)(i) herein) following the date of exercise as aforesaid, the Holder shall deliver the unpaid portion of the aggregate Exercise Price for the Warrant Shares specified in the applicable Notice of Exercise by wire transfer or cashier's check drawn on a United States bank unless the cashless exercise procedure specified in Section 2(c) below is specified in the applicable Notice of Exercise. No ink-original Notice of Exercise shall be required, nor shall any medallion guarantee (or other type of guarantee or notarization) of any Notice of Exercise be required. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Holder shall not be required to physically surrender this Warrant to the Company until the Holder has purchased all of the Warrant Shares available hereunder and the Warrant has been exercised in full, in which case, the Holder shall surrender this Warrant to the Company for cancellation within three (3) Trading Days of the date on which the final Notice of Exercise is delivered to the Company. Partial exercises of this Warrant resulting in purchases of a portion of the total number of Warrant Shares available hereunder shall have the effect of lowering the outstanding number of Warrant Shares purchasable hereunder in an amount equal to the applicable number of Warrant Shares purchased. The Holder and the Company shall maintain records showing the number of Warrant Shares purchased and the date of such purchases. The Company shall deliver any objection to any Notice of Exercise within one (1) Business Day of receipt of such notice. The Holder and any assignee, by acceptance of this Warrant, acknowledge and agree that, by reason of the provisions of this paragraph, following the purchase of a portion of the Warrant Shares hereunder, the number of Warrant Shares available for purchase hereunder at any given time may be less than the amount stated on the face hereof.

b) Exercise Price. The exercise price per share of the Common Stock under this Warrant shall be \$____, subject to adjustment hereunder (the “Exercise Price”).

c) Cashless Exercise. If at any time after the Initial Exercise Date, there is no effective registration statement registering, or no current prospectus available for, the issuance of the Warrant Shares to the Holder, then this Warrant may only be exercised, in whole or in part, at such time by means of a “cashless exercise” in which the Holder shall be entitled to receive a number of Warrant Shares equal to the quotient obtained by dividing [(A-B) (X)] by (A), where:

(A) = as applicable: (i) the VWAP on the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of the applicable Notice of Exercise if such Notice of Exercise is (1) both executed and delivered pursuant to Section 2(a) hereof on a day that is not a Trading Day or (2) both executed and delivered pursuant to Section 2(a) hereof on a Trading Day prior to the opening of “regular trading hours” (as defined in Rule 600(b)(64) of Regulation NMS promulgated under the federal securities laws) on such Trading Day, (ii) at the option of

the Holder, either (y) the VWAP on the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of the applicable Notice of Exercise or (z) the Bid Price of the Common Stock on the principal Trading Market as reported by Bloomberg L.P. as of the time of the Holder's execution of the applicable Notice of Exercise if such Notice of Exercise is executed during "regular trading hours" on a Trading Day and is delivered within two (2) hours thereafter (including until two (2) hours after the close of "regular trading hours" on a Trading Day) pursuant to Section 2(a) hereof or (iii) the VWAP on the date of the applicable Notice of Exercise if the date of such Notice of Exercise is a Trading Day and such Notice of Exercise is both executed and delivered pursuant to Section 2(a) hereof after the close of "regular trading hours" on such Trading Day;

(B) = the Exercise Price, as adjusted hereunder; and

(X) = the number of Warrant Shares that would be issuable upon exercise of this Warrant in accordance with the terms of this Warrant if such exercise were by means of a cash exercise rather than a cashless exercise.

In addition, a cashless exercise may occur during the period beginning five (5) days from the effective date of the registration statement (the "Effective Date") filed with the Commission in connection with this Warrant, until the Termination Date (the "Cashless Period"), at the option of the Holder and in such event, in lieu of the formula, the aggregate number of Warrant Shares issuable in such cashless exercise pursuant to any given Notice of Exercise electing to effect a cashless exercise shall equal the product of (x) the aggregate number of Warrant Shares that would be issuable upon exercise of this Warrant in accordance with the terms of this Warrant if such exercise were by means of a cash exercise rather than a cashless exercise and (y) 0.75. In addition, each Holder that engages in a cashless exercise pursuant this paragraph shall be entitled to exercise all prior warrants held by such holder on a cashless basis based upon the same formula.

If Warrant Shares are issued in such a cashless exercise, the parties acknowledge and agree that in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act, the Warrant Shares shall take on the registered characteristics of the Warrants being exercised. The Company agrees not to take any position contrary to this Section 2(c).

"Bid Price" means, for any date, the price determined by the first of the following clauses that applies: (a) if the Common Stock is then listed or quoted on a Trading Market, the bid price of the Common Stock for the time in question (or the nearest preceding date) on the Trading Market on which the Common Stock is then listed or quoted as reported by Bloomberg L.P. (based on a Trading Day from 9:30 a.m. (New York City time) to 4:02 p.m. (New York City time)), (b) if OTCQB or OTCQX is not a Trading Market, the volume weighted average price of the Common Stock for such date (or the nearest preceding date) on OTCQB or OTCQX as applicable, (c) if the Common Stock is not then listed or quoted for trading on OTCQB or OTCQX and if prices for the Common Stock are then reported in the "Pink Sheets" published by OTC Markets Group, Inc. (or a similar organization or agency succeeding to its functions of reporting prices), the most recent bid price per share of Common Stock so reported, or (d) in all other cases, the fair market value of a share of Common Stock as determined by an independent appraiser selected in good faith by the Holders of a majority in interest of the Securities then outstanding and reasonably acceptable to the Company, the fees and expenses of which shall be paid by the Company.

"VWAP" means, for any date, the price determined by the first of the following clauses that applies: (a) if the Common Stock is then listed or quoted on a Trading Market, the daily volume weighted average price of the Common Stock for such date (or the nearest preceding date) on the Trading Market on which the Common Stock is then listed or quoted as reported by Bloomberg L.P. (based on a Trading Day from 9:30 a.m. (New York City time) to 4:02 p.m. (New York City time)), (b) if OTCQB or

OTCQX is not a Trading Market, the volume weighted average price of the Common Stock for such date (or the nearest preceding date) on OTCQB or OTCQX as applicable, (c) if the Common Stock is not then listed or quoted for trading on OTCQB or OTCQX and if prices for the Common Stock are then reported in the “Pink Sheets” published by OTC Markets Group, Inc. (or a similar organization or agency succeeding to its functions of reporting prices), the most recent bid price per share of the Common Stock so reported, or (d) in all other cases, the fair market value of a share of Common Stock as determined by an independent appraiser selected in good faith by the Holders of a majority in interest of the Securities then outstanding and reasonably acceptable to the Company, the fees and expenses of which shall be paid by the Company.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, on the Termination Date, this Warrant shall be automatically exercised via cashless exercise pursuant to this Section 2(c).

d) Mechanics of Exercise.

i. Delivery of Warrant Shares Upon Exercise. The Company shall cause the Warrant Shares purchased hereunder to be transmitted by the Transfer Agent to the Holder by crediting the account of the Holder's or its designee's balance account with The Depository Trust Company through its Deposit or Withdrawal at Custodian system (“DWAC”) if the Company is then a participant in such system and either (A) there is an effective registration statement permitting the issuance of the Warrant Shares to or resale of the Warrant Shares by Holder or (B) this Warrant is being exercised via cashless exercise, and otherwise by physical delivery of a certificate, registered in the Company's share register in the name of the Holder or its designee, for the number of Warrant Shares to which the Holder is entitled pursuant to such exercise to the address specified by the Holder in the Notice of Exercise by the date that is the earlier of (i) two (2) Trading Days and (ii) the number of Trading Days comprising the Standard Settlement Period after the delivery to the Company of the Notice of Exercise (such date, the “Warrant Share Delivery Date”). Upon delivery of the Notice of Exercise, the Holder shall be deemed for all corporate purposes to have become the holder of record of the Warrant Shares with respect to which this Warrant has been exercised, irrespective of the date of delivery of the Warrant Shares, provided that payment of the aggregate Exercise Price (other than in the case of a cashless exercise) is received within the earlier of (i) two (2) Trading Days and (ii) the number of Trading Days comprising the Standard Settlement Period following delivery of the Notice of Exercise. If the Company fails for any reason to deliver to the Holder the Warrant Shares subject to a Notice of Exercise by the Warrant Share Delivery Date and the Exercise Price has been paid in full (other than in the case of a cashless exercise), the Company shall pay to the Holder, in cash, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, for each \$1,000 of Warrant Shares subject to such exercise (based on the VWAP of the Common Stock on the date of the applicable Notice of Exercise), \$10 per Trading Day (increasing to \$20 per Trading Day on the fifth Trading Day after such liquidated damages begin to accrue) for each Trading Day after such Warrant Share Delivery Date until such Warrant Shares are delivered or Holder rescinds such exercise. The Company agrees to maintain a transfer agent that is a participant in the FAST program so long as this Warrant remains outstanding and exercisable. As used herein, “Standard Settlement Period” means the standard settlement period, expressed in a number of Trading Days, on the Company's primary Trading Market with respect to the Common Stock as in effect on the date of delivery of the Notice of Exercise. Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to any Notice(s) of Exercise delivered by 12:00 p.m. (New York City time) on the Initial Exercise Date, the Company agrees to deliver the Warrant Shares subject to such notice(s) by 4:00 p.m. (New York City time) on the Initial Exercise Date.

ii. Delivery of New Warrants Upon Exercise. If this Warrant shall have been exercised in part, the Company shall, at the request of a Holder and upon surrender of this Warrant certificate, at the time of delivery of the Warrant Shares, deliver to the Holder a new Warrant evidencing the rights of the Holder to purchase the unpurchased Warrant Shares called for by this Warrant, which new Warrant shall in all other respects be identical with this Warrant.

iii. Rescission Rights. If the Company fails to cause the Transfer Agent to transmit to the Holder the Warrant Shares pursuant to Section 2(d)(i) by the Warrant Share Delivery Date, then the Holder will have the right to rescind such exercise.

iv. Compensation for Buy-In on Failure to Timely Deliver Warrant Shares Upon Exercise. In addition to any other rights available to the Holder, if the Company fails to cause the Transfer Agent to transmit to the Holder the Warrant Shares in accordance with the provisions of Section 2(d)(i) above pursuant to an exercise on or before the Warrant Share Delivery Date, and if after such date the Holder is required by its broker to purchase (in an open market transaction or otherwise) or the Holder's brokerage firm otherwise purchases, shares of Common Stock to deliver in satisfaction of a sale by the Holder of the Warrant Shares which the Holder anticipated receiving upon such exercise (a "Buy-In"), then the Company shall (A) pay in cash to the Holder the amount, if any, by which (x) the Holder's total purchase price (including brokerage commissions, if any) for the shares of Common Stock so purchased exceeds (y) the amount obtained by multiplying (1) the number of Warrant Shares that the Company was required to deliver to the Holder in connection with the exercise at issue times (2) the price at which the sell order giving rise to such purchase obligation was executed, and (B) at the option of the Holder, either reinstate the portion of the Warrant and equivalent number of Warrant Shares for which such exercise was not honored (in which case such exercise shall be deemed rescinded) or deliver to the Holder the number of shares of Common Stock that would have been issued had the Company timely complied with its exercise and delivery obligations hereunder. For example, if the Holder purchases Common Stock having a total purchase price of \$11,000 to cover a Buy-In with respect to an attempted exercise of shares of Common Stock with an aggregate sale price giving rise to such purchase obligation of \$10,000, under clause (A) of the immediately preceding sentence the Company shall be required to pay the Holder \$1,000. The Holder shall provide the Company written notice indicating the amounts payable to the Holder in respect of the Buy-In and, upon request of the Company, evidence of the amount of such loss. Nothing herein shall limit a Holder's right to pursue any other remedies available to it hereunder, at law or in equity including, without limitation, a decree of specific performance and/or injunctive relief with respect to the Company's failure to timely deliver shares of Common Stock upon exercise of the Warrant as required pursuant to the terms hereof.

v. No Fractional Shares or Scrip. No fractional shares or scrip representing fractional shares shall be issued upon the exercise of this Warrant. As to any fraction of a share which the Holder would otherwise be entitled to purchase upon such exercise, the Company shall, at its election, either pay a cash adjustment in respect of such final fraction in an amount equal to such fraction multiplied by the Exercise Price or round up to the next whole share.

vi. Charges, Taxes and Expenses. Issuance of Warrant Shares shall be made without charge to the Holder for any issue or transfer tax or other incidental expense in respect of the issuance of such Warrant Shares, all of which taxes and expenses shall be paid by the Company, and such Warrant Shares shall be issued in the name of the Holder or in such name or names as may be directed by the Holder; provided, however, that in the event that Warrant Shares are to be issued in a name other than the name of the Holder, this Warrant when surrendered for exercise shall be accompanied by the Assignment Form attached hereto duly executed by the Holder and

the Company may require, as a condition thereto, the payment of a sum sufficient to reimburse it for any transfer tax incidental thereto. The Company shall pay all Transfer Agent fees required for same-day processing of any Notice of Exercise and all fees to the Depository Trust Company (or another established clearing corporation performing similar functions) required for same-day electronic delivery of the Warrant Shares.

vii. Closing of Books. The Company will not close its stockholder books or records in any manner which prevents the timely exercise of this Warrant, pursuant to the terms hereof.

e) Holder's Exercise Limitations. The Company shall not effect any exercise of this Warrant, and a Holder shall not have the right to exercise any portion of this Warrant, pursuant to Section 2 or otherwise, to the extent that after giving effect to such issuance after exercise as set forth on the applicable Notice of Exercise, the Holder (together with the Holder's Affiliates, and any other Persons acting as a group together with the Holder or any of the Holder's Affiliates (such Persons, "Attribution Parties")), would beneficially own in excess of the Beneficial Ownership Limitation (as defined below). For purposes of the foregoing sentence, the number of shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by the Holder and its Affiliates and Attribution Parties shall include the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of this Warrant with respect to which such determination is being made, but shall exclude the number of shares of Common Stock which would be issuable upon (i) exercise of the remaining, nonexercised portion of this Warrant beneficially owned by the Holder or any of its Affiliates or Attribution Parties and (ii) exercise or conversion of the unexercised or nonconverted portion of any other securities of the Company (including, without limitation, any other Common Stock Equivalents) subject to a limitation on conversion or exercise analogous to the limitation contained herein beneficially owned by the Holder or any of its Affiliates or Attribution Parties. Except as set forth in the preceding sentence, for purposes of this Section 2(e), beneficial ownership shall be calculated in accordance with Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, it being acknowledged by the Holder that the Company is not representing to the Holder that such calculation is in compliance with Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act and the Holder is solely responsible for any schedules required to be filed in accordance therewith. To the extent that the limitation contained in this Section 2(e) applies, the determination of whether this Warrant is exercisable (in relation to other securities owned by the Holder together with any Affiliates and Attribution Parties) and of which portion of this Warrant is exercisable shall be in the sole discretion of the Holder, and the submission of a Notice of Exercise shall be deemed to be the Holder's determination of whether this Warrant is exercisable (in relation to other securities owned by the Holder together with any Affiliates and Attribution Parties) and of which portion of this Warrant is exercisable, in each case subject to the Beneficial Ownership Limitation, and the Company shall have no obligation to verify or confirm the accuracy of such determination. In addition, a determination as to any group status as contemplated above shall be determined in accordance with Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. For purposes of this Section 2(e), in determining the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock, a Holder may rely on the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock as reflected in (A) the Company's most recent periodic or annual report filed with the Commission, as the case may be, (B) a more recent public announcement by the Company or (C) a more recent written notice by the Company or the Transfer Agent setting forth the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding. Upon the written or oral request of a Holder, the Company shall within one (1) Trading Days confirm orally and in writing to the Holder the number of shares of Common Stock then outstanding. In any case, the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock shall be determined after giving effect to the conversion or exercise of securities of the Company, including this Warrant, by the Holder or its Affiliates or Attribution Parties since the date as of which such number of outstanding shares of Common Stock was reported. The "Beneficial Ownership Limitation" shall be [9.99%/4.99%] of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of this Warrant. The Holder, upon notice to the Company, may increase or decrease the Beneficial Ownership Limitation

provisions of this Section 2(e), provided that the Beneficial Ownership Limitation in no event exceeds 9.99% of the number of the shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the issuance of shares of Common Stock upon exercise of this Warrant held by the Holder and the provisions of this Section 2(e) shall continue to apply. Any increase in the Beneficial Ownership Limitation will not be effective until the 61st day after such notice is delivered to the Company. The provisions of this paragraph shall be construed and implemented in a manner otherwise than in strict conformity with the terms of this Section 2(e) to correct this paragraph (or any portion hereof) which may be defective or inconsistent with the intended Beneficial Ownership Limitation herein contained or to make changes or supplements necessary or desirable to properly give effect to such limitation. The limitations contained in this paragraph shall apply to a successor holder of this Warrant.

f) Call Provision. Subject to the provisions of Section 2(e) and this Section 2(f), if, after the Initial Exercise Date, (i) the VWAP for each of 10 consecutive Trading Days (the "Measurement Period," which 10 consecutive Trading Day period shall not have commenced until after the Initial Exercise Date) exceeds \$____² (subject to adjustment for forward and reverse stock splits, recapitalizations, stock dividends and the like after the Initial Exercise Date), and (ii) the Holder is not in possession of any information that constitutes, or might constitute, material non-public information which was provided by the Company, any of its Subsidiaries, or any of their officers, directors, employees, agents or Affiliates, then the Company may, within 1 Trading Day of the end of such Measurement Period, call for cancellation of all or any portion of this Warrant for which a Notice of Exercise has not yet been delivered (such right, a "Call") for consideration equal to \$0.001 per Warrant Share. To exercise this right, the Company must deliver to the Holder an irrevocable written notice (a "Call Notice"), indicating therein the portion of unexercised portion of this Warrant to which such notice applies. If the conditions set forth below for such Call are satisfied from the period from the date of the Call Notice through and including the Call Date (as defined below), then any portion of this Warrant subject to such Call Notice for which a Notice of Exercise shall not have been received by the Call Date will be cancelled at 6:30 p.m. (New York City time) on the thirtieth Trading Day after the date the Call Notice is received by the Holder (such date and time, the "Call Date"). Any unexercised portion of this Warrant to which the Call Notice does not pertain will be unaffected by such Call Notice. In furtherance thereof, the Company covenants and agrees that it will honor all Notices of Exercise with respect to Warrant Shares subject to a Call Notice that are tendered through 6:30 p.m. (New York City time) on the Call Date. The parties agree that any Notice of Exercise delivered following a Call Notice which calls less than all of the Warrants shall first reduce to zero the number of Warrant Shares subject to such Call Notice prior to reducing the remaining Warrant Shares available for purchase under this Warrant. For example, if (A) this Warrant then permits the Holder to acquire 100 Warrant Shares, (B) a Call Notice pertains to 75 Warrant Shares, and (C) prior to 6:30 p.m. (New York City time) on the Call Date the Holder tenders a Notice of Exercise in respect of 50 Warrant Shares, then (x) on the Call Date the right under this Warrant to acquire 25 Warrant Shares will be automatically cancelled, (y) the Company, in the time and manner required under this Warrant, will have issued and delivered to the Holder 50 Warrant Shares in respect of the exercises following receipt of the Call Notice, and (z) the Holder may, until the Termination Date, exercise this Warrant for 25 Warrant Shares (subject to adjustment as herein provided and subject to subsequent Call Notices). Subject again to the provisions of this Section 2(f), the Company may deliver subsequent Call Notices for any portion of this Warrant for which the Holder shall not have delivered a Notice of Exercise. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Warrant, the Company may not deliver a Call Notice or require the cancellation of this Warrant (and any such Call Notice shall be void), unless, from the beginning of the Measurement Period through the Call Date, (1) the Company shall have honored in accordance with the terms of this Warrant all Notices of Exercise delivered by 6:30 p.m. (New York City time) on the Call Date, and (2) a registration statement shall be effective as to all Warrant

² 200% of the then Exercise Price.

Shares and the prospectus thereunder available for use by the Company for the sale of all such Warrant Shares to the Holder, and (3) the Common Stock shall be listed or quoted for trading on the Trading Market, and (4) there is a sufficient number of authorized shares of Common Stock for issuance of all Securities under the Transaction Documents, and (5) the issuance of all Warrant Shares subject to a Call Notice shall not cause a breach of any provision of Section 2(e) herein. The Company's right to call the Warrants under this Section 2(f) shall be exercised ratably among the Holders based on each Holder's initial purchase of Warrants.

Section 3. Certain Adjustments.

a) Stock Dividends and Splits. If the Company, at any time while this Warrant is outstanding: (i) pays a stock dividend or otherwise makes a distribution or distributions on shares of its Common Stock or any other equity or equity equivalent securities payable in shares of Common Stock (which, for avoidance of doubt, shall not include any shares of Common Stock issued by the Company upon exercise of this Warrant), (ii) subdivides outstanding shares of Common Stock into a larger number of shares, (iii) combines (including by way of reverse stock split) outstanding shares of Common Stock into a smaller number of shares or (iv) issues by reclassification of shares of Common Stock any shares of capital stock of the Company, then in each case the Exercise Price shall be multiplied by a fraction of which the numerator shall be the number of shares of Common Stock (excluding treasury shares, if any) outstanding immediately before such event and of which the denominator shall be the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after such event, and the number of shares issuable upon exercise of this Warrant shall be proportionately adjusted such that the aggregate Exercise Price of this Warrant shall remain unchanged. Any adjustment made pursuant to this Section 3(a) shall become effective immediately after the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive such dividend or distribution and shall become effective immediately after the effective date in the case of a subdivision, combination or re-classification.

b) [RESERVED]

c) Subsequent Rights Offerings. In addition to any adjustments pursuant to Section 3(a) above, if at any time the Company grants, issues or sells any Common Stock Equivalents or rights to purchase stock, warrants, securities or other property pro rata to the record holders of any class of shares of Common Stock (the "Purchase Rights"), then the Holder will be entitled to acquire, upon the terms applicable to such Purchase Rights, the aggregate Purchase Rights which the Holder could have acquired if the Holder had held the number of shares of Common Stock acquirable upon complete exercise of this Warrant (without regard to any limitations on exercise hereof, including without limitation, the Beneficial Ownership Limitation) immediately before the date on which a record is taken for the grant, issuance or sale of such Purchase Rights, or, if no such record is taken, the date as of which the record holders of shares of Common Stock are to be determined for the grant, issue or sale of such Purchase Rights (provided, however, to the extent that the Holder's right to participate in any such Purchase Right would result in the Holder exceeding the Beneficial Ownership Limitation, then the Holder shall not be entitled to participate in such Purchase Right to such extent (or beneficial ownership of such shares of Common Stock as a result of such Purchase Right to such extent) and such Purchase Right to such extent shall be held in abeyance for the Holder until such time, if ever, as its right thereto would not result in the Holder exceeding the Beneficial Ownership Limitation).

d) Pro Rata Distributions. During such time as this Warrant is outstanding, if the Company shall declare or make any dividend or other distribution of its assets (or rights to acquire its assets) to holders of shares of Common Stock, by way of return of capital or otherwise (including, without limitation, any distribution of cash, stock or other securities, property or options by way of a dividend, spin off, reclassification, corporate rearrangement, scheme of arrangement or other similar transaction) (a

“Distribution”), at any time after the issuance of this Warrant, then, in each such case, the Holder shall be entitled to participate in such Distribution to the same extent that the Holder would have participated therein if the Holder had held the number of shares of Common Stock acquirable upon complete exercise of this Warrant (without regard to any limitations on exercise hereof, including without limitation, the Beneficial Ownership Limitation) immediately before the date of which a record is taken for such Distribution, or, if no such record is taken, the date as of which the record holders of shares of Common Stock are to be determined for the participation in such Distribution (provided, however, to the extent that the Holder's right to participate in any such Distribution would result in the Holder exceeding the Beneficial Ownership Limitation, then the Holder shall not be entitled to participate in such Distribution to such extent (or in the beneficial ownership of any shares of Common Stock as a result of such Distribution to such extent) and the portion of such Distribution shall be held in abeyance for the benefit of the Holder until such time, if ever, as its right thereto would not result in the Holder exceeding the Beneficial Ownership Limitation).

e) Fundamental Transaction. If, at any time while this Warrant is outstanding, (i) the Company, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions effects any merger or consolidation of the Company with or into another Person, (ii) the Company, directly or indirectly, effects any sale, lease, license, assignment, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of its assets in one or a series of related transactions, (iii) any, direct or indirect, purchase offer, tender offer or exchange offer (whether by the Company or another Person) is completed pursuant to which holders of shares of Common Stock are permitted to sell, tender or exchange their shares for other securities, cash or property and has been accepted by the holders of 50% or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, (iv) the Company, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions effects any reclassification, reorganization or recapitalization of the shares of Common Stock or any compulsory share exchange pursuant to which the shares of Common Stock are effectively converted into or exchanged for other securities, cash or property, or (v) the Company, directly or indirectly, in one or more related transactions consummates a stock or share purchase agreement or other business combination (including, without limitation, a reorganization, recapitalization, spin-off or scheme of arrangement) with another Person or group of Persons whereby such other Person or group acquires more than 50% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock (not including any shares of Common Stock held by the other Person or other Persons making or party to, or associated or affiliated with the other Persons making or party to, such stock or share purchase agreement or other business combination) (each a “Fundamental Transaction”), then, upon any subsequent exercise of this Warrant, the Holder shall have the right to receive, for each Warrant Share that would have been issuable upon such exercise immediately prior to the occurrence of such Fundamental Transaction, at the option of the Holder (without regard to any limitation in Section 2(e) on the exercise of this Warrant), the number of shares of Common Stock of the successor or acquiring corporation or of the Company, if it is the surviving corporation, and any additional consideration (the “Alternate Consideration”) receivable as a result of such Fundamental Transaction by a holder of the number of shares of Common Stock for which this Warrant is exercisable immediately prior to such Fundamental Transaction (without regard to any limitation in Section 2(e) on the exercise of this Warrant). For purposes of any such exercise, the determination of the Exercise Price shall be appropriately adjusted to apply to such Alternate Consideration based on the amount of Alternate Consideration issuable in respect of one share of Common Stock in such Fundamental Transaction, and the Company shall apportion the Exercise Price among the Alternate Consideration in a reasonable manner reflecting the relative value of any different components of the Alternate Consideration. If holders of shares of Common Stock are given any choice as to the securities, cash or property to be received in a Fundamental Transaction, then the Holder shall be given the same choice as to the Alternate Consideration it receives upon any exercise of this Warrant following such Fundamental Transaction. The Company shall cause any successor entity in a Fundamental Transaction in which the Company is not the survivor (the “Successor Entity”) to assume in writing all of the obligations of the Company under this Warrant and the other Transaction Documents in accordance with the provisions of this Section 3(e)

pursuant to written agreements in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Holder prior to such Fundamental Transaction and shall, at the option of the Holder, deliver to the Holder in exchange for this Warrant a security of the Successor Entity evidenced by a written instrument substantially similar in form and substance to this Warrant which is exercisable for a corresponding number of shares of capital stock of such Successor Entity (or its parent entity) equivalent to the shares of Common Stock acquirable and receivable upon exercise of this Warrant (without regard to any limitations on the exercise of this Warrant) prior to such Fundamental Transaction, and with an exercise price which applies the exercise price hereunder to such shares of capital stock (but taking into account the relative value of the shares of Common Stock pursuant to such Fundamental Transaction and the value of such shares of capital stock, such number of shares of capital stock and such exercise price being for the purpose of protecting the economic value of this Warrant immediately prior to the consummation of such Fundamental Transaction), and which is reasonably satisfactory in form and substance to the Holder. Upon the occurrence of any such Fundamental Transaction, the Successor Entity shall succeed to, and be substituted for (so that from and after the date of such Fundamental Transaction, the provisions of this Warrant and the other Transaction Documents referring to the "Company" shall refer instead to the Successor Entity), and may exercise every right and power of the Company and shall assume all of the obligations of the Company under this Warrant and the other Transaction Documents with the same effect as if such Successor Entity had been named as the Company herein.

f) Calculations. All calculations under this Section 3 shall be made to the nearest cent or the nearest 1/100th of a share, as the case may be. For purposes of this Section 3, the number of shares of Common Stock deemed to be issued and outstanding as of a given date shall be the sum of the number of shares of Common Stock (excluding treasury shares, if any) issued and outstanding.

g) Notice to Holder.

i. Adjustment to Exercise Price. Whenever the Exercise Price is adjusted pursuant to any provision of this Section 3, the Company shall promptly deliver to the Holder by facsimile or email a notice setting forth the Exercise Price after such adjustment and any resulting adjustment to the number of Warrant Shares and setting forth a brief statement of the facts requiring such adjustment.

ii. Notice to Allow Exercise by Holder. If (A) the Company shall declare a dividend (or any other distribution in whatever form) on the shares of Common Stock, (B) the Company shall declare a special nonrecurring cash dividend on or a redemption of the shares of Common Stock, (C) the Company shall authorize the granting to all holders of the shares of Common Stock rights or warrants to subscribe for or purchase any capital stock of any class or of any rights, (D) the approval of any stockholders of the Company shall be required in connection with any reclassification of the shares of Common Stock (other than a stock split), any consolidation or merger to which the Company is a party, any sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company, or any compulsory share exchange whereby the shares of Common Stock are converted into other securities, cash or property, or (E) the Company shall authorize the voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the affairs of the Company, then, in each case, the Company shall cause to be delivered by facsimile or email to the Holder at its last facsimile number or email address as it shall appear upon the Warrant Register of the Company, at least 5 calendar days prior to the applicable record or effective date hereinafter specified, a notice stating (x) the date on which a record is to be taken for the purpose of such dividend, distribution, redemption, rights or warrants, or if a record is not to be taken, the date as of which the holders of the shares of Common Stock of record to be entitled to such dividend, distributions, redemption, rights or warrants are to be determined or (y) the date on which such reclassification, consolidation, merger, sale, transfer or stock exchange is expected to become effective or close, and the date as of which it is expected that holders of the shares of Common

Stock of record shall be entitled to exchange their shares of Common Stock for securities, cash or other property deliverable upon such reclassification, consolidation, merger, sale, transfer or stock exchange; provided that the failure to deliver such notice or any defect therein or in the delivery thereof shall not affect the validity of the corporate action required to be specified in such notice and provided, further that no notice shall be required if the information is disseminated in a press release or document filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. To the extent that any notice provided in this Warrant constitutes, or contains, material, non-public information regarding the Company or any of the Subsidiaries, the Company shall simultaneously file such notice with the Commission pursuant to a Current Report on Form 8-K. The issuance of a press release or the filing of a Form 8-K or other suitable filing with the Commission shall satisfy this notice requirement. The Holder shall remain entitled to exercise this Warrant during the period commencing on the date of such notice to the effective date of the event triggering such notice except as may otherwise be expressly set forth herein.

Section 4. Transfer of Warrant.

a) Transferability. This Warrant and all rights hereunder (including, without limitation, any registration rights) are transferable, in whole or in part, upon surrender of this Warrant at the principal office of the Company or its designated agent, together with a written assignment of this Warrant substantially in the form attached hereto duly executed by the Holder or its agent or attorney and funds sufficient to pay any transfer taxes payable upon the making of such transfer. Upon such surrender and, if required, such payment, the Company shall execute and deliver a new Warrant or Warrants in the name of the assignee or assignees, as applicable, and in the denomination or denominations specified in such instrument of assignment, and shall issue to the assignor a new Warrant evidencing the portion of this Warrant not so assigned, and this Warrant shall promptly be cancelled. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Holder shall not be required to physically surrender this Warrant to the Company unless the Holder has assigned this Warrant in full, in which case, the Holder shall surrender this Warrant to the Company within three (3) Trading Days of the date on which the Holder delivers an assignment form to the Company assigning this Warrant in full. The Warrant, if properly assigned in accordance herewith, may be exercised by a new holder for the purchase of Warrant Shares without having a new Warrant issued.

b) New Warrants. This Warrant may be divided or combined with other Warrants upon presentation hereof at the aforesaid office of the Company, together with a written notice specifying the names and denominations in which new Warrants are to be issued, signed by the Holder or its agent or attorney. Subject to compliance with Section 4(a), as to any transfer which may be involved in such division or combination, the Company shall execute and deliver a new Warrant or Warrants in exchange for the Warrant or Warrants to be divided or combined in accordance with such notice. All Warrants issued on transfers or exchanges shall be dated the Issue Date of this Warrant and shall be identical with this Warrant except as to the number of Warrant Shares issuable pursuant thereto.

c) Warrant Register. The Company shall register this Warrant, upon records to be maintained by the Company for that purpose (the "Warrant Register"), in the name of the record Holder hereof from time to time. The Company may deem and treat the registered Holder of this Warrant as the absolute owner hereof for the purpose of any exercise hereof or any distribution to the Holder, and for all other purposes, absent actual notice to the contrary.

Section 5. Miscellaneous.

a) No Rights as Stockholder Until Exercise. This Warrant does not entitle the Holder to any voting rights, dividends or other rights as a stockholder of the Company prior to the exercise hereof as set forth in Section 2(d)(i), except as expressly set forth in Section 3.

b) Loss, Theft, Destruction or Mutilation of Warrant. The Company covenants that upon receipt by the Company of evidence reasonably satisfactory to it of the loss, theft, destruction or mutilation of this Warrant or any stock certificate relating to the Warrant Shares, and in case of loss, theft or destruction, of indemnity or security reasonably satisfactory to it (which, in the case of the Warrant, shall not include the posting of any bond), and upon surrender and cancellation of such Warrant or stock certificate, if mutilated, the Company will make and deliver a new Warrant or stock certificate of like tenor and dated as of such cancellation, in lieu of such Warrant or stock certificate.

c) Saturdays, Sundays, Holidays, etc. If the last or appointed day for the taking of any action or the expiration of any right required or granted herein shall not be a Business Day, then, such action may be taken, or such right may be exercised on the next succeeding Business Day.

d) Authorized Shares. The Company covenants that, during the period the Warrant is outstanding, it will reserve from its authorized and unissued shares of Common Stock a sufficient number of shares to provide for the issuance of the Warrant Shares upon the exercise of any purchase rights under this Warrant. The Company further covenants that its issuance of this Warrant shall constitute full authority to its officers who are charged with the duty of issuing the necessary Warrant Shares upon the exercise of the purchase rights under this Warrant. The Company will take all such reasonable action as may be necessary to assure that such Warrant Shares may be issued as provided herein without violation of any applicable law or regulation, or of any requirements of the Trading Market upon which the shares of Common Stock may be listed. The Company covenants that all Warrant Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of the purchase rights represented by this Warrant will, upon exercise of the purchase rights represented by this Warrant and payment for such Warrant Shares in accordance herewith, be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free from all taxes, liens and charges created by the Company in respect of the issue thereof (other than taxes in respect of any transfer occurring contemporaneously with such issue).

Except and to the extent as waived or consented to by the Holder, the Company shall not by any action, including, without limitation, amending its certificate of incorporation or through any reorganization, transfer of assets, consolidation, merger, dissolution, issue or sale of securities or any other voluntary action, avoid or seek to avoid the observance or performance of any of the terms of this Warrant, but will at all times in good faith assist in the carrying out of all such terms and in the taking of all such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to protect the rights of Holder as set forth in this Warrant against impairment. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company will (i) not increase the par value of any Warrant Shares above the amount payable therefor upon such exercise immediately prior to such increase in par value, (ii) take all such action as may be necessary or appropriate in order that the Company may validly and legally issue fully paid and nonassessable Warrant Shares upon the exercise of this Warrant and (iii) use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain all such authorizations, exemptions or consents from any public regulatory body having jurisdiction thereof, as may be, necessary to enable the Company to perform its obligations under this Warrant.

Before taking any action which would result in an adjustment in the number of Warrant Shares for which this Warrant is exercisable or in the Exercise Price, the Company shall obtain all such authorizations or exemptions thereof, or consents thereto, as may be necessary from any public regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction thereof.

e) Jurisdiction. All questions concerning the construction, validity, enforcement and interpretation of this Warrant shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with the internal laws of the State of New York, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law thereof. Each party agrees that all legal proceedings concerning the interpretations, enforcement and defense of the transactions contemplated by this Warrant (whether brought against a party hereto or their respective

affiliates, directors, officers, stockholders, partners, members, employees or agents) shall be commenced exclusively in the state and federal courts sitting in the City of New York. Each party hereby irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the state and federal courts sitting in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan for the adjudication of any dispute hereunder or in connection herewith or with any transaction contemplated hereby or discussed herein, and hereby irrevocably waives, and agrees not to assert in any suit, action or proceeding, any claim that it is not personally subject to the jurisdiction of any such court, that such suit, action or proceeding is improper or is an inconvenient venue for such proceeding. Each party hereby irrevocably waives personal service of process and consents to process being served in any such suit, action or proceeding by mailing a copy thereof via registered or certified mail or overnight delivery (with evidence of delivery) to such party at the address in effect for notices to it under this Agreement and agrees that such service shall constitute good and sufficient service of process and notice thereof. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to limit in any way any right to serve process in any other manner permitted by law. If either party shall commence an action, suit or proceeding to enforce any provisions of this Warrant, the prevailing party in such action, suit or proceeding shall be reimbursed by the other party for their reasonable attorneys' fees and other costs and expenses incurred with the investigation, preparation and prosecution of such action or proceeding.

f) Restrictions. The Holder acknowledges that the Warrant Shares acquired upon the exercise of this Warrant, if not registered and the Holder does not utilize cashless exercise, will have restrictions upon resale imposed by state and federal securities laws.

g) Nonwaiver and Expenses. No course of dealing or any delay or failure to exercise any right hereunder on the part of Holder shall operate as a waiver of such right or otherwise prejudice the Holder's rights, powers or remedies, notwithstanding the fact that the Holder's right to exercise this Warrant terminates on the Termination Date. If the Company willfully and knowingly fails to comply with any provision of this Warrant, which results in any material damages to the Holder, the Company shall pay to the Holder such amounts as shall be sufficient to cover any costs and expenses including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, including those of appellate proceedings, incurred by the Holder in collecting any amounts due pursuant hereto or in otherwise enforcing any of its rights, powers or remedies hereunder.

h) Notices. Any notices, consents, waivers or other document or communications required or permitted to be given or delivered under the terms of this Warrant must be in writing and will be deemed to have been delivered: (i) upon receipt, if delivered personally; (ii) when sent, if sent by facsimile (provided confirmation of transmission is mechanically or electronically generated and kept on file by the sending party); (iii) when sent, if sent by e-mail (provided that such sent e-mail is kept on file (whether electronically or otherwise) by the sending party and the sending party does not receive an automatically generated message from the recipient's e-mail server that such e-mail could not be delivered to such recipient) and (iv) if sent by overnight courier service, one (1) Trading Day after deposit with an overnight courier service with next day delivery specified, in each case, properly addressed to the party to receive the same. The addresses, facsimile numbers and e-mail addresses for such communications shall be:

If to the Company:

Heat Biologics, Inc.
627 Davis Drive, Suite 400
Morrisville, North Carolina 27560
Attention: Jeffrey Wolf, Chief Executive Officer
Fax No: (305) 503-8566
Email: [_____]

With a copy (for informational purposes only) to:

Gracin & Marlow, LLP
The Chrysler Building
405 Lexington Avenue, 26th Floor
New York, New York 10174
Attention: Leslie Marlow, Esq.
Fax No: (212) 208-4657
Email: [_____]

If to a Holder, to its address, facsimile number or e-mail address set forth herein or on the books and records of the Company.

i) Limitation of Liability. No provision hereof, in the absence of any affirmative action by the Holder to exercise this Warrant to purchase Warrant Shares, and no enumeration herein of the rights or privileges of the Holder, shall give rise to any liability of the Holder for the purchase price of any shares of Common Stock or as a stockholder of the Company, whether such liability is asserted by the Company or by creditors of the Company.

j) Remedies. The Holder, in addition to being entitled to exercise all rights granted by law, including recovery of damages, will be entitled to specific performance of its rights under this Warrant. The Company agrees that monetary damages would not be adequate compensation for any loss incurred by reason of a breach by it of the provisions of this Warrant and hereby agrees to waive and not to assert the defense in any action for specific performance that a remedy at law would be adequate.

k) Successors and Assigns. Subject to applicable securities laws, this Warrant and the rights and obligations evidenced hereby shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the successors and permitted assigns of the Company and the successors and permitted assigns of Holder. The provisions of this Warrant are intended to be for the benefit of any Holder from time to time of this Warrant and shall be enforceable by the Holder or holder of Warrant Shares.

l) Amendment. This Warrant may be modified or amended, or the provisions hereof waived with the written consent of the Company and the Holder.

m) Severability. Wherever possible, each provision of this Warrant shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision of this Warrant shall be prohibited by or invalid under applicable law, such provision shall be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating the remainder of such provisions or the remaining provisions of this Warrant.

n) Headings. The headings used in this Warrant are for the convenience of reference only and shall not, for any purpose, be deemed a part of this Warrant.

(Signature Page Follows)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Warrant to be executed by its officer thereunto duly authorized as of the date first above indicated.

HEAT BIOLOGICS, INC.

By: _____
Name: Jeffrey Wolf
Title: Chief Executive Officer



NOTICE OF EXERCISE

TO: HEAT BIOLOGICS, INC.

(1) The undersigned hereby elects to purchase _____ Warrant Shares of the Company pursuant to the terms of the attached Warrant (only if exercised in full), and tenders herewith payment of the exercise price in full, together with all applicable transfer taxes, if any.

(2) Payment shall take the form of (check applicable box):

in lawful money of the United States; or

if permitted, the cancellation of such number of Warrant Shares as is necessary, in accordance with the formula set forth in subsection 2(c), to exercise this Warrant with respect to the maximum number of Warrant Shares purchasable pursuant to the cashless exercise procedure set forth in subsection 2(c).

(3) Please issue said Warrant Shares in the name of the undersigned or in such other name as is specified below:

The Warrant Shares shall be delivered to the following DWAC Account Number:

[SIGNATURE OF HOLDER]

Name of Investing Entity:

Signature of Authorized Signatory of Investing Entity:

Name of Authorized Signatory:

Title of Authorized Signatory:

Date:



ASSIGNMENT FORM

(To assign the foregoing Warrant, execute this form and supply required information. Do not use this form to purchase shares.)

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the foregoing Warrant and all rights evidenced thereby are hereby assigned to

Name:

(Please Print)

Address:

(Please Print)

Phone Number:

Email Address:

Dated: _____, _____, _____

Holder's
Signature:

Holder's
Address:

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Heat Biologics
Morrisville, NC

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Prospectus constituting a part of this Registration Statement of our report dated March 28, 2019, relating to the consolidated financial statements of Heat Biologics, Inc., appearing in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10K/A for the year ended December 31, 2018.

We also consent to the reference to us under the caption "Experts" in the Prospectus.

/s/ BDO USA, LLP

Raleigh, North Carolina
January 13, 2020